Enabling large scale Genotype-Tissue Expression studies using Galaxy

GENNA GLINER, OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND FINANCIAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, PRINCETON UNIVERSITY IAN MCDOWELL, COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY AND BIOINFORMATICS, DUKE UNIVERSITY

BARBARA E ENGELHARDT, COMPUTER SCIENCE DEPARTMENT AND CENTER FOR STATISTICS AND MACHINE LEARNING, PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Lab Introduction

- ♦ The Biological and Evolutionary Explorations using Hierarchical IntegratiVE statistical models (BEEHIVE) lab is located at Princeton University Department of Computer Science
- ♦ The lab is headed by Professor Barbara Engelhardt
- The Princeton BEEHIVE Group develops statistical models and methods for high-dimensional genomic data
- ♦ This includes statistical and functional genomics studies for cis and trans expression quantitative trait loci (eQTL), non-coding RNA regulation studies, and allele specific expression studies

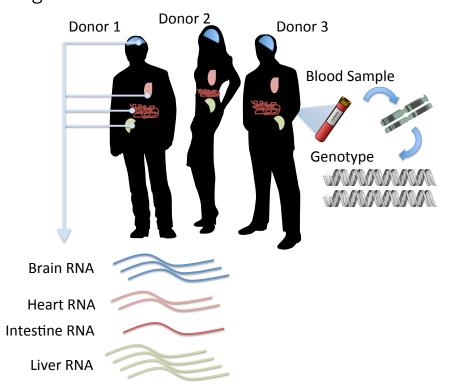




Barbara Engelhardt

The GTEx Consortium

As part of the Genotype-Tissue Expression (GTEx) consortium, the BEEHIVE Lab is involved in processing vast quantities of RNA-sequencing and whole genome sequence data for different statistical and functional genomics studies



Goals

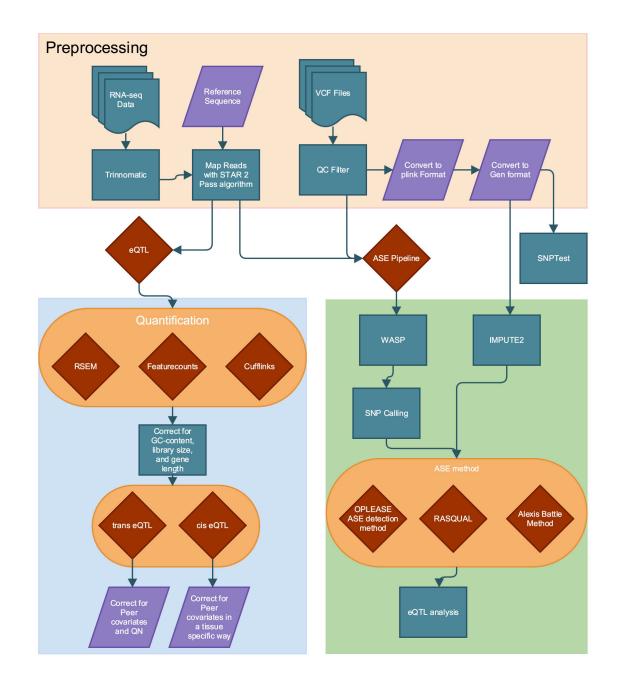
- Provide a databank of samples from multiple human tissues from densely genotyped individuals
- A resource to study human genetic variation and regulation and how it relates to gene expression
- Unique opportunity to analyze this relationship across both tissues and individuals
- The Pilot data release consists of approximately 175 genotyped individuals and over 3000 RNA samples from up to 50 tissues per individual

Motivation

- ♦ Complex diseases are often caused by the dysfunction of multiple tissues or cell types (pancreatic islets, adipose, and skeletal muscle for type 2 diabetes)
- → Hypothesis: Genetic variation affects complex traits and human disease in a tissue specific manner and understanding the role of regulatory variants, and the tissues in which they act, is essential for the functional interpretation of GWAS loci and insights into disease etiology
- ♦ The role of the BEEHIVE lab is to develop methods to identify tissue specific eQTL variants and allelic specific expression variants

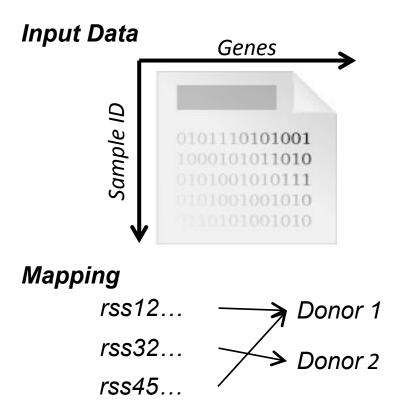
Galaxy and GTEx

With the ability to create custom tools and share and modify workflows, Galaxy provides a robust framework to develop our GTEx analysis pipeline for use across our lab.



Data Preprocessing:

- In GTEx Pilot data each donor has a unique ID and each sample from a donor has a unique sample ID
- We to mapped the sample ID to the individual for each tissue using the Join two Datasets tool
- We choose 8 tissues that contained approximately 10 samples



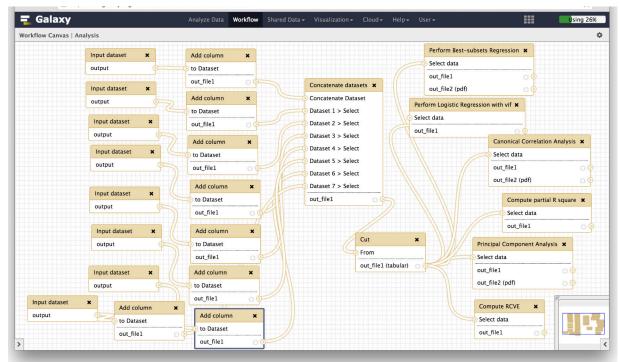
Data Preprocessing:

- In GTEx Pilot data each donor has a unique ID and each sample from a donor has a unique sample ID
- We choose 8 tissues that contained approximately 100 samples
- We to mapped the sample ID to the individual for each tissue using the **Join two Datasets** tool

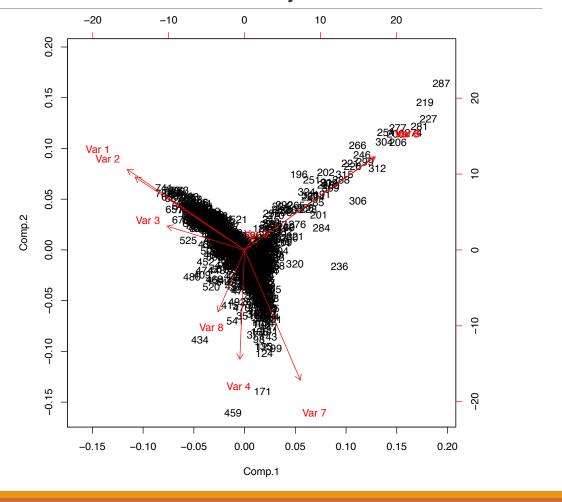
Tissue	Samples
Whole Blood	177
Muscle - Skeletal	146
Lung	133
Artery - Tibial	118
Thyroid	113
Skin - Sun Exposed (Lower Leg)	109
Nerve - Tibial	98
Heart – Left Ventricle	97

Tissue Specific Analysis:

- ♦ Applied tools to analysis the relationship between tissues and gene expression at several known eQTLs documented on the GTEx portal.
- Applied the following Galaxy tools: Correlation,
 Perform Logistic Regression with vif, Compute
 partial R square, Compute RCVE, Principle
 Component Analysis, Perform Best-subsets
 Regression, and Correlation.

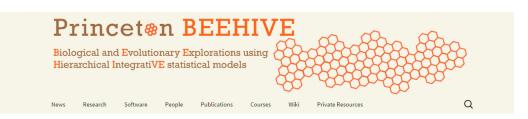


Sample output from the **Principle Component** tool



Future of Galaxy in the BEEHIVE Lab

- ❖ Incorporate our complete data **processing** and **analysis** pipeline into a private Galaxy instance
- The public Galaxy instance has limited analysis tools available and custom tools can only be used on a private Galaxy instance
- Although there are many resources available, developing
 Galaxy tools and creating specialized analysis is nontrivial
- ❖ I have developed a blog accessible to the BEEHIVE group members to assist them in performing tissue specific analysis in Galaxy



Private: Use Galaxy Blog

③ June 16, 2015 ► Galaxy La Genna Gliner Ø Edit

Posts

- What is Galaxy?
- 2. How to get my files onto the Galaxy server from our cluster?
- 3. How to use the Built in Galaxy tools?
- What is a Galaxy workflow?
- 5. How do I share my analysis with other lab members?
- How to build your own custom tools with examples.
- Useful links and tutorials

What is Galaxy?

"Galaxy is an open source, web-based platform for data intensive biomedical research." For the BEEHIVE Lab, this means that Galaxy is a tool we can use to centralize, streamline, and share our analysis. Galaxy has a large variety of built in tools that apply software packages we already use like Cufflinks for file quantification. We can also build our own tools that incorporate the statistical methods and algorithms that we design in our lab.

To get started you will want to go here and create a login to use the public Galaxy instance. Once you have a login shoot me an email at genna@princeton.edu and I will get you access to our data libraries and custom analysis workflows.

Acknowledgements

Thank you to:

- Thee Broad Institute and GTEx consortium
- The Galaxy community for my scholarship to attend GSS2015
- an McDowell for creating our data processing pipeline
- ♦ My lab mates in The Princeton BEEHIVE Group





