

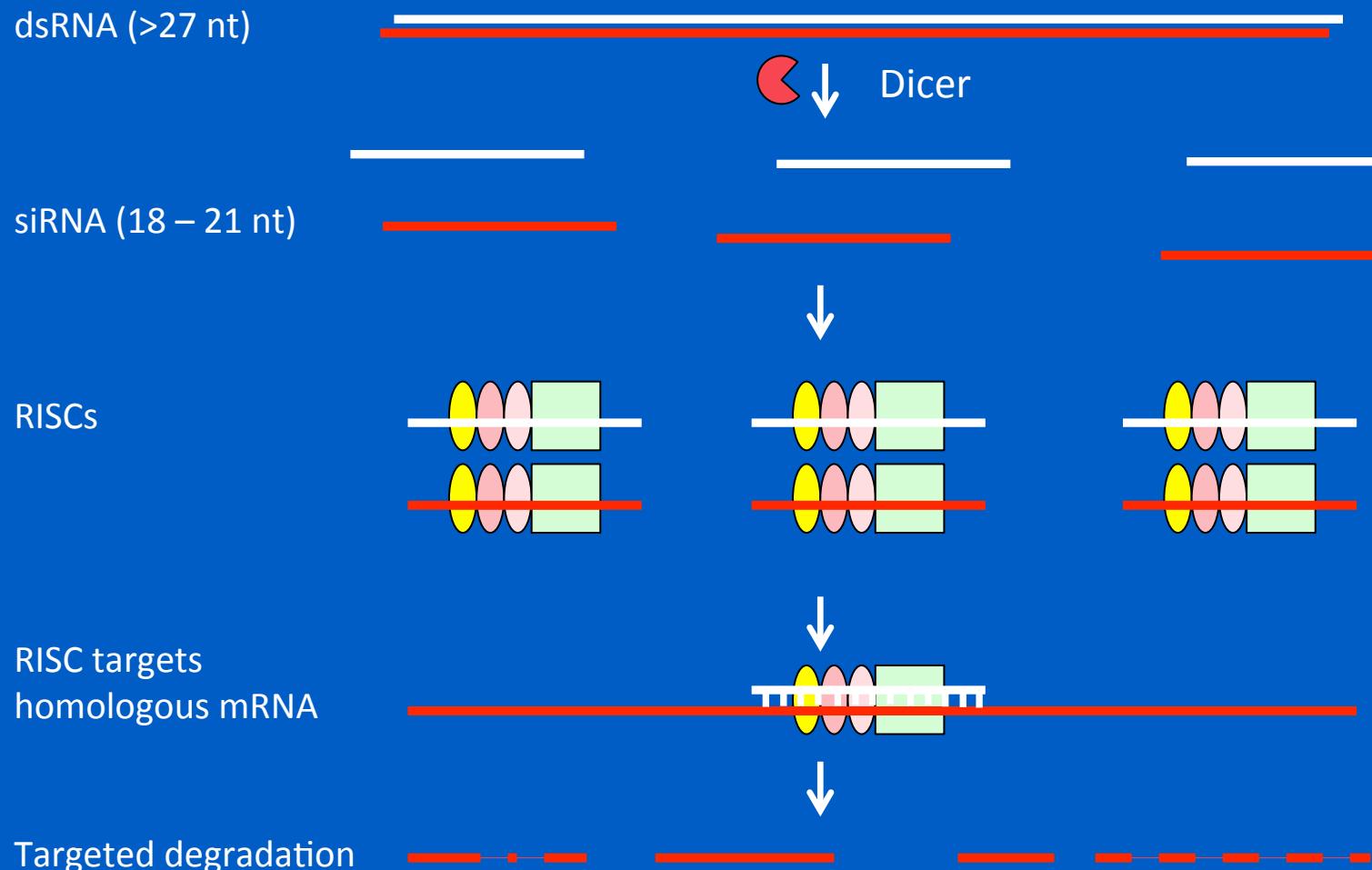
Deploying Galaxy for use with High Throughput Screening

Grainne Kerr
Signaling and Functional Genomics



GERMAN
CANCER RESEARCH CENTER
IN THE HELMHOLTZ ASSOCIATION

RNA interference (RNAi)

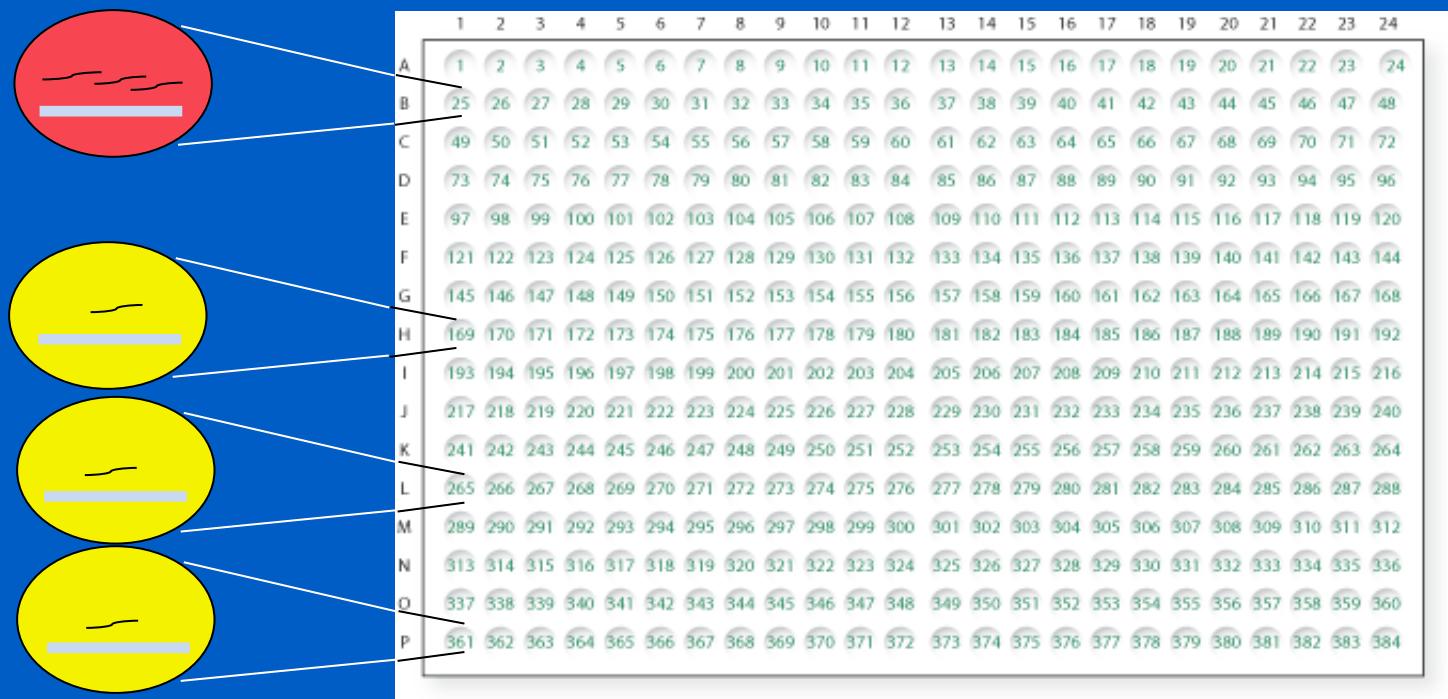


RNAi and Screening

- Target genes with
 - Long double stranded DNA (dsDNA)
 - Small interfering DNA (siDNA)
- Success depends on:
 - Specificity (homology to target and non-targets, interferon response, concentration dependant cytotoxic responses)
 - Efficiency (GC content, repeats, target site accessibility etc)
- Gene silencing – a reverse engineering approach

High Throughput Screening

- Systematic silencing of whole genome
 - Every gene is targeted.
 - Phenotypic luminescence readout



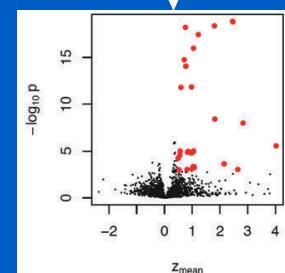
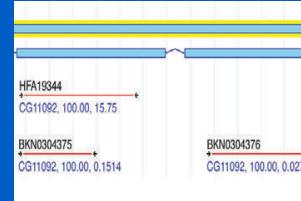
Experimental Steps

RNAi Library
Design

Cell based assay
format

Large scale
experiment

Computational
analysis



Library Annotation
Genome Annotation

Plate List
Plate Config

Screen Data Files

Screen Log Files

Analysis Reports

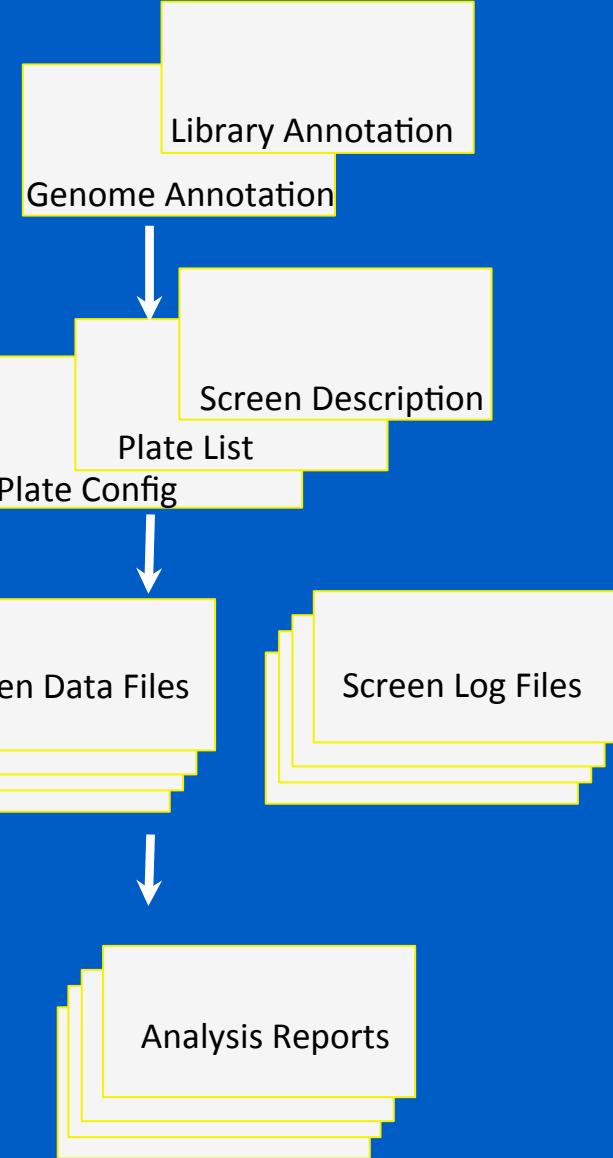
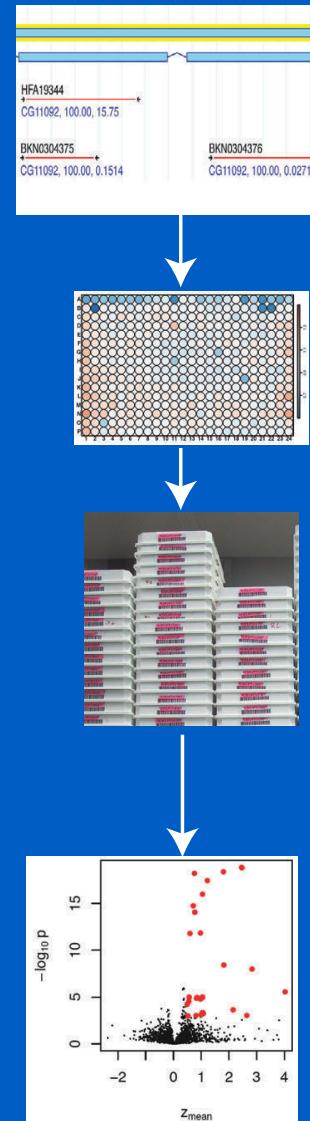
Experimental Steps

RNAi Library
Design

Cell based assay
format

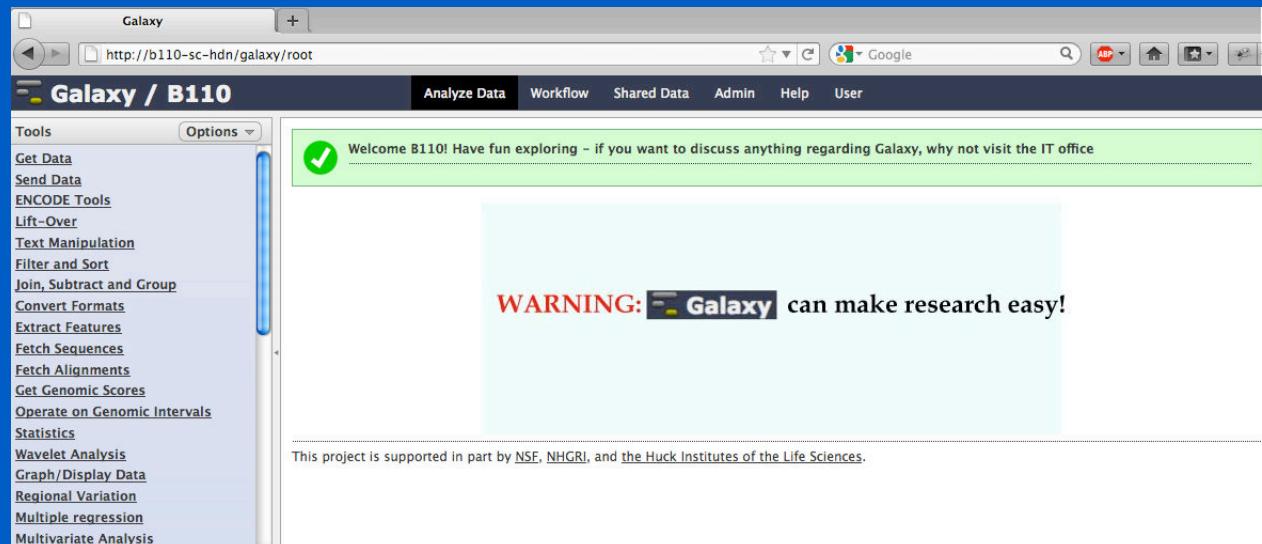
Large scale
experiment

Computational
analysis



Galaxy's role in HTS

- Glues different stages together



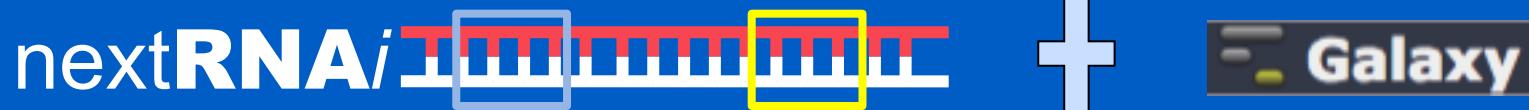
Computational Analysis

- Design of siRNA or dsRNA reagents
- Normalization of plates
- Determination of significant changes in phenotype
- Grouping and finding patterns in the significant hits
- Retrieval and presentation of results

Overview



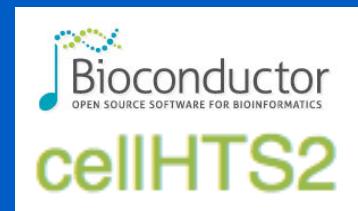
- Design of reagents

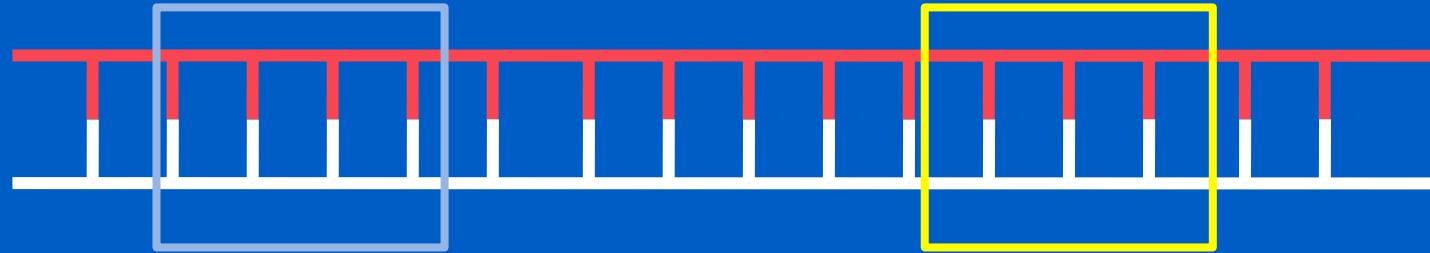


- Analysis of the read-out data



- Selecting and analysis of “hit” genes



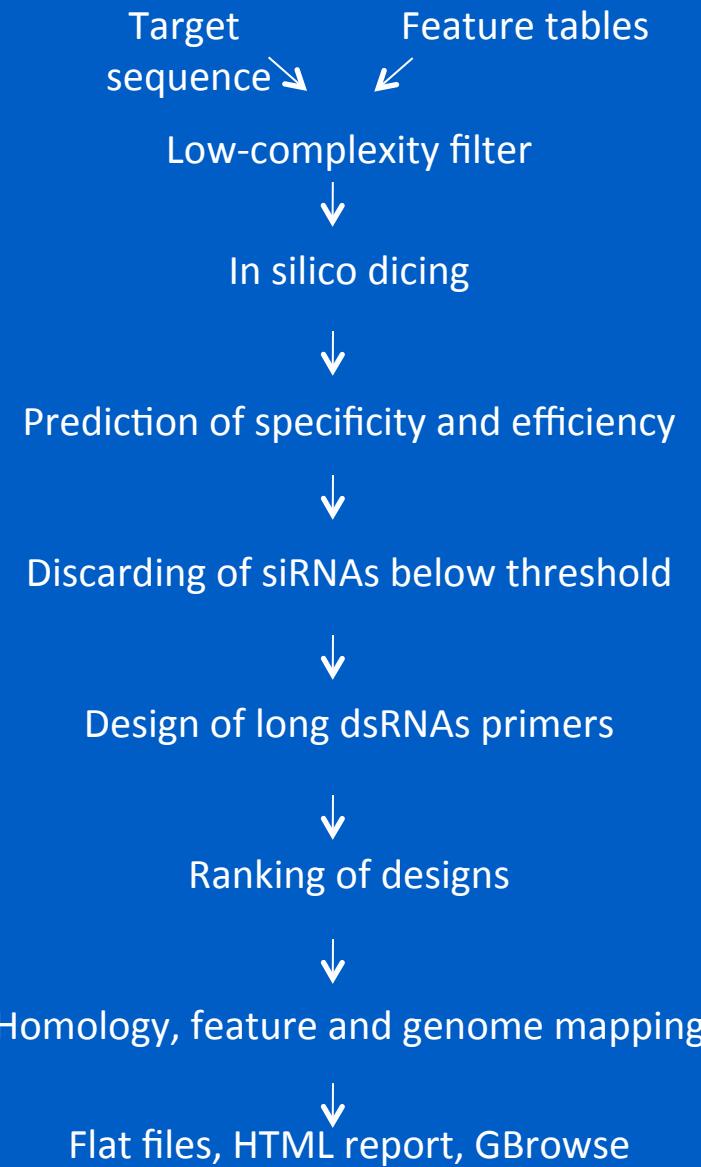


Automated design and evaluation of RNAi sequences
on a genome wide scale

Thomas Horn, Thomas Sandmann and Michael Boutros.

Design and evaluation of genome-wide libraries for RNAi screens. Genome Biol. 2010 Jun 15;11(6):R61.

NEXT-RNAi Workflow



NEXT RNAi Input and dependencies

- Fasta file of target sequences
- Target-group file (e.g. SNP's, transcript variants)

- Requirements:
 - Bowtie – sequence specificity
 - Primer3 – evaluate the primers
- Optional
 - BLAST
 - BLAT – align longer sequences
 - RNAfold – evaluate the 3d structure
 - Mdust – evaluate primer sequences

NEXT RNAi in Galaxy

```
nextrnai_wrapper.pl~  
-s xxx~  
-r xxx~  
-d xxx~  
-e xxx~  
-n xxx~  
--output xxx~  
--inputFile xxx~  
--targetgroups xxx~  
--excluded xxx~  
--intended xxx~  
--feature xxx~  
--seedmatch xxx~  
--mirseed xxx~  
--pool xxx~  
--independent xxx~  
--seedmatch xxx~  
--sirnaLength xxx~  
--designwindow xxx~  
--designnum xxx~  
--outputnum xxx~  
--primer3opt xxx~  
--primertag xxx~  
--efficiency xxx~  
--targetseq xxx~  
--lowcompeval xxx~  
--caneval xxx~  
--intron xxx~  
--rankd xxx~  
--redesign xxx~  
--source xxx~  
--genomebowtie xxx~  
--blatprogram xxx~  
--genomefasta xxx~  
--blatsplit xxx~  
--blathost xxx~  
--blatport xxx~  
--blatalign xxx~  
--txnfasta xxx~  
--gff xxx~  
--gbrowsertrack xxx~  
--aff xxx~  
--gbrowsebase xxx~
```

- Why Galaxy?
 - Number of input parameters
 - Number of dependent choices
 - Guidance of choices – conditional inputs in Galaxy
 - GUI - Not command line
 - Incorporation into workflows

NEXT RNAi in Galaxy

NEXT RNAi

Please select type of run:
de novo design of RNAi reagents

Input Fasta File:
FASTA file containing target sites for the de novo design of RNAi reagent

Reagent type:
long dsRNA

Run the off-target evaluation:
D. melanogaster r5.25 all transcripts

Target groups file:
Selection is Optional

Name tag:
Probe

Number of features (FASTA sequences) from input file that are processed:
4000

Do you want to provide more files to the program:
No

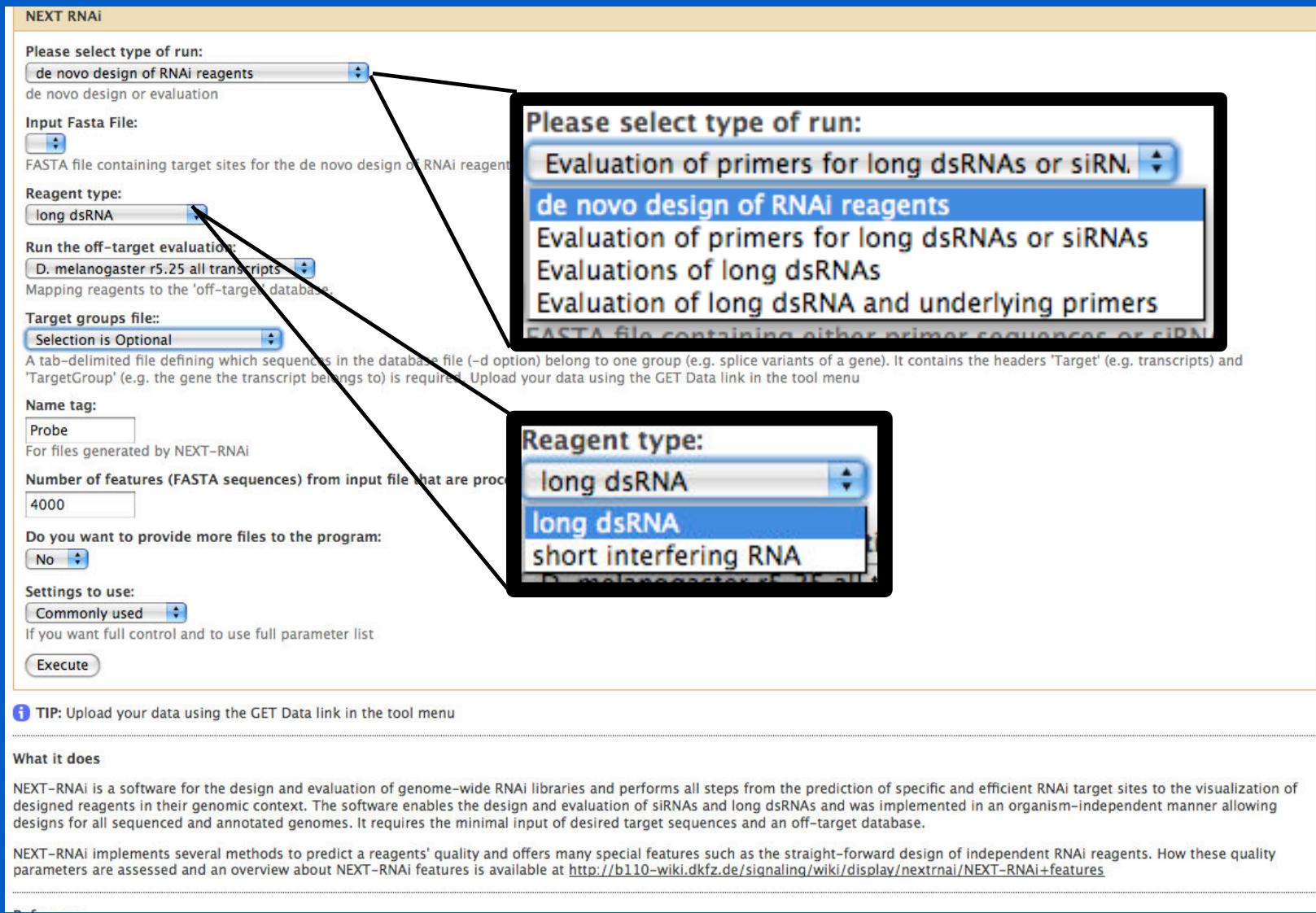
Settings to use:
Commonly used

TIP: Upload your data using the GET Data link in the tool menu

What it does

NEXT-RNAi is a software for the design and evaluation of genome-wide RNAi libraries and performs all steps from the prediction of specific and efficient RNAi target sites to the visualization of designed reagents in their genomic context. The software enables the design and evaluation of siRNAs and long dsRNAs and was implemented in an organism-independent manner allowing designs for all sequenced and annotated genomes. It requires the minimal input of desired target sequences and an off-target database.

NEXT-RNAi implements several methods to predict a reagents' quality and offers many special features such as the straight-forward design of independent RNAi reagents. How these quality parameters are assessed and an overview about NEXT-RNAi features is available at <http://b110-wiki.dkfz.de/signaling/wiki/display/nextrnai/NEXT-RNAi+features>



NEXT-RNAi Output

Links to result files
Tab-delimited result file
Statistics result file
FASTA result file
GFF result file
Annotations result file
Location(s) of mapped reagents
Oligo(s) that could not be mapped
dsRNAs that could not be mapped
Homology of RNAi reagents
miRNA seeds in RNAi reagents
Links to input text files
Database file used for off-target evaluation
Database file used for mapping of reagents
Reagent sequence input file (FASTA)
Validated reagent sequence input file (FASTA)
Options input file
Targetgroups input file
Database file for homology evaluation
Links to output report files
Error log file
NEXT-RNAi report file
Failed design(s)

Statistics on overall 459 design(s)
Reagent statistics
Length forward primer [nt]: 20.25 +/- 1.31
Length reverse primer [nt]: 20.36 +/- 1.43
GC content forward primer [%]: 49.58 +/- 6.85
GC content reverse primer [%]: 49.18 +/- 7.30
Melting temperature forward primer [°C]: 60.00 +/- 0.80
Melting temperature reverse primer [°C]: 59.97 +/- 0.81
Primer penalty: 2.42 +/- 2.49
Number of efficient siRNAs: 138.05 +/- 53.95
Reagent specificity
23 design(s) with 19 nt off-target effect(s)
0 design(s) have no target at all
1 design(s) with at least one region of low complexity
0 design(s) with at least one 6x CA[ATGC] repeat
436 design(s) with hits to single intended target
12 design(s) with hits to multiple intended targets
9 design(s) with hits to single intended target and other targets
2 design(s) with hits to multiple intended targets and other targets
0 design(s) with no hits to intended target but to other target(s)
0 design(s) with no target at all
Mapping status
457 design(s) located in mapping database

[Download](#) complete HTML report as *.tar.gz archive

NEXT-RNAi results for nextrnaiTest design(s)

Number of queries: 500
 Queries covered by design(s): 459 (91.80 %)
 Queries not covered by design(s): 41 (8.20 %)

More statistics on designs are [here](#)

Links to HTML results

FBgn0038397_cr11 FBgn0038397_cr8
 FBgn0034138_cr2 FBgn003388_cr6
 FBgn0032906_cr4 FBgn005632_cr5

Query ID: FBgn0038397_cr11

dsRNA information

Primer forward	Amplicon sequence
Sequence GATGGGACCGAACCTTATCGTGTTCCTGGGTCAAGAAGTACGGCTATCCGC	CTATCCCCACTACATAGTGTCCCCTGAATGGGCCAAATCTGGAAAGAA
Length [nt] 20	CTCACATCGATGGAGTGGACCGTGCATCTCGATCTGTGGTACAAAAAA
Tm[°C] 59.387	GGACAGCACCGAGTGCCACCCATCTGGTGTGCAAGCCATCTCATCGA
Gc[%] 50.000	TTTT

Primer reverse	Amplicon length [nt]
Sequence AAAATCGATGAGATGGGTG	204
Length [nt] 20	Ampllicon location
Tm[°C] 60.036	3R:11892654..11892857(+)
Gc[%] 45.000	

Primer pair penalty 0.6494

Target information

Intended target gene	FBgn0038397
Intended target transcripts (hits)	FBtr0083235 (186)
Other targeted gene(s)	NA
Other targeted transcripts (hits)	NA

Reagent quality

siRNAs [19 nt]	On-target	Off-target	No-target	mirSeed	Efficient siRNAs	Avg efficiency score	LowComplexRegions	CAN
186	186	0	0	0	186	50.77	0	0

Additional quality evaluation

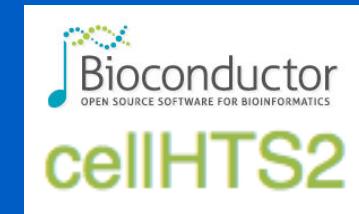
Sequence homology (e-value) FBgn0038397(1e-112)

Genome Browser

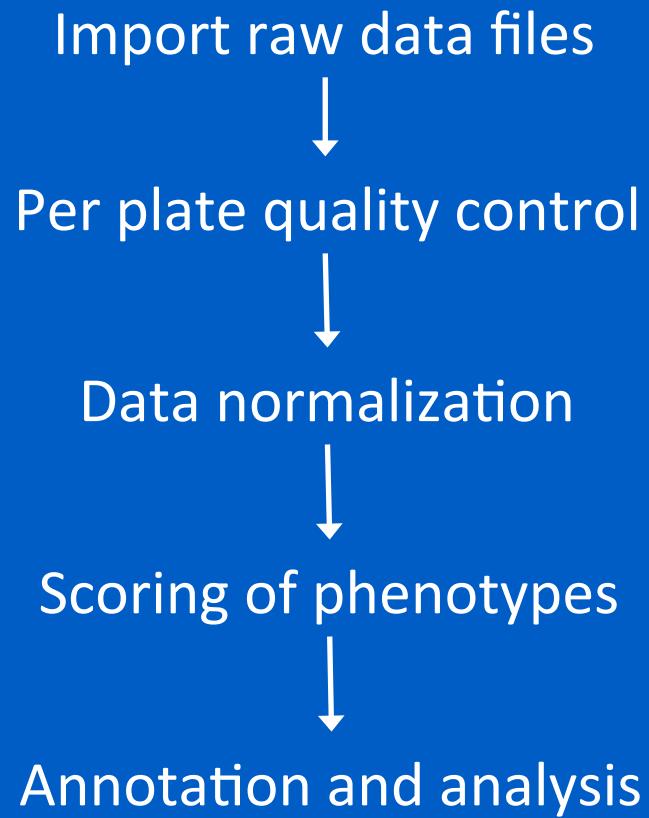
NEXT RNAi in Galaxy Summary

- Allows for the rapid batch design of RNAi libraries for:
 - Genome wide set
 - Defined batch of genes
- Evaluation of commercial libraries
- Re-evaluation of libraries with release of updated genome annotation

- Systematic analysis of screens
 - Phenotypic results range from single numerical value to multiple dimensional images
- Standardization of experimental information
- Standardization of analysis



Boutros, M., L. Bras, and W. Huber. (2006). Analysis of cell-based RNAi screens. *Genome Biology* 7:R66.



cellHTS in Galaxy

cellHTS2

Please enter the name of your experiment:

Apply variance Adjustment?:

Scale the data?:

Is the data log transformed?:

Apply Normalization?:

Which method to score values?:

Which method to summarise replicates?:

Please enter the (exact) file name containing the GeneIDs:

TIP: Upload the data files of your experiment using ftp.

Vs.

```
# R code from vignette source 'vignettes/cellHTS2/inst/doc/cellhts2Complete.Rnw'  
#  
experimentName <- "KcViob"  
dataPath <- system.file(experimentName, package="cellHTS2")  
rev(dir(dataPath))[1:12]  
x <- readPlateList("Platelist.txt", name=experimentName, path=dataPath)  
out <- writeReport(raw=x)  
out <- writeReport(raw=x, force=TRUE, outdir=tempdir())  
browseURL(out)  
x <- configure(x, descripFile="Description.txt", confFile="Plateconf.txt",  
△ △ △ △ logFile="Screenlog.txt",  
path=dataPath)  
xn <- normalizePlates(x,  
scale="multiplicative",  
log=FALSE,  
method="median",  
varianceAdjust="none")  
xsc <- scoreReplicates(xn, sign="", method="zscore")  
xsc <- summarizeReplicates(xsc, summary="mean")  
scores <- Data(xsc)  
ylim <- quantile(scores, c(0.001, 0.999), na.rm=TRUE)  
boxplot(scores ~ wellAnno(x), col="lightblue", outline=FALSE, ylim=ylim)  
y <- scores2calls(xsc, z0=1.5, lambda=2)  
png("cellhts2Complete-callsvalues.png")  
plot(Data(xsc), Data(y), col="blue", pch=".")  
xlab="z-scores", ylab="calls",  
main=expression(1/(1+e^{-(lambda * (z-z[0]))}))  
dev.off()  
xsc <- annotate(xsc, geneIDFile="GeneIDs_Dm_HFA_1.1.txt", path=dataPath)  
setSettings(list(plateList=list(reproducibility=list(include=TRUE, map=TRUE),  
intensities=list(include=TRUE, map=TRUE)),  
screenSummary=list(scores=list(range=c(-4, 8), map=TRUE))))  
out <- writeReport(raw=x, normalized=xn, scored=xsc, force=TRUE)  
writeTab(xsc, file="Scores.txt")
```

cellHTS in Galaxy

Wells: 384
Plates: 26
Plate Well Content
* * sample
* A01 neg
* A02 neg
* B01 pos
* B02 pos

RA01D2 A01 2390
RA01D1 A01 2300
RA02D1 A01 3040
R RA02D2 A01 2430
R R RA03D1 A01 1020
R R RA03D1 A02 1030
R R RA03D1 A03 1450
R R RA03D1 A04 210
R R RA03D1 A05 1150
R R RA03D1 A06 850
R R RA03D1 A07 360
R R RA03D1 A08 430
R R RA03D1 A09 480
R R RA03D1 A10 350
R RA03D1 A11 830
R RA03D1 A12 310
R RA03D1 A13 410
RA03D1 A14 380
RA03D1 A15 550

Filename	Plate	Replicate	Channel
RB01D1.TXT	1	1	2
RA02D1.TXT	2	1	1
RB02D1.TXT	2	1	2
RA03D2.TXT	3	2	1
RB01D2.TXT	1	2	2
RA01D2.TXT	1	2	1
RB03D1.TXT	3	1	2
RA03D1.TXT	3	1	1
RA02D2.TXT	2	2	1
RC03D2.TXT	3	2	2
RA01D1.TXT	1	1	1
RB02D2.TXT	2	2	2

cellHTS2

Please enter the name of your experiment:

Apply variance Adjustment?:

Scale the data?:

Is the data log transformed?:

Apply Normalization?:

Which method to score values?:

Which method to summarise replicates?:

Please enter the (exact) file name containing the GenelIDs:

 TIP: Upload the data files of your experiment using ftp.

- Web based interactive guide to create input files.

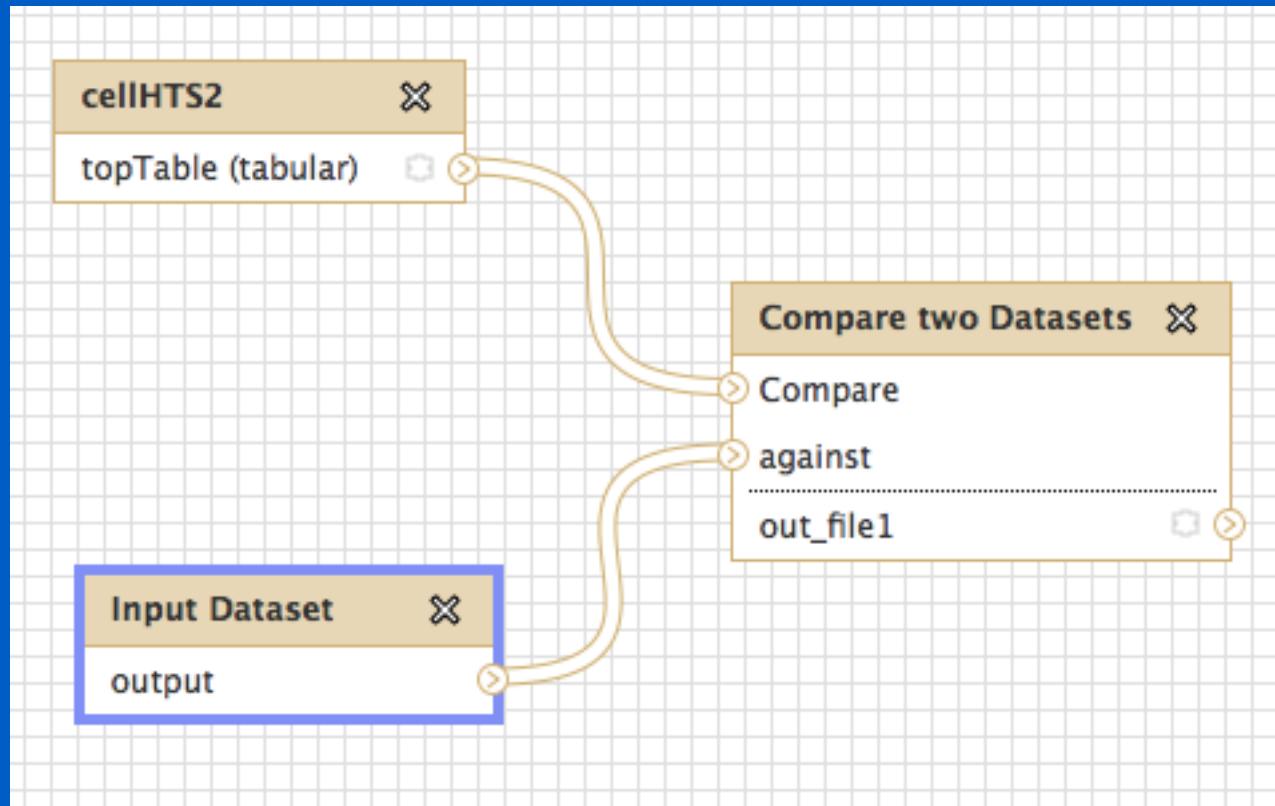
The screenshot shows the webCellHTS2 interface integrated with the Galaxy platform. On the left, a Galaxy tool panel lists various bioinformatics tools such as Get Data, Send Data, ENCODE Tools, Lift-Over, Text Manipulation, Filter and Sort, Join, Subtract and Group, Convert Formats, Extract Features, Fetch Sequences, Fetch Alignments, Get Genomic Scores, Operate on Genomic Intervals, Statistics, Wavelet Analysis, Graph/Display Data, Regional Variation, Multiple regression, Multivariate Analysis, Evolution, Motif Tools, Metagenomic analyses, FASTA manipulation, and NCBI BLAST+.

The main area displays a tabular dataset titled "Galaxy / B110". The columns represent experimental parameters: plate, position, well, score, wellAnno, finalWellAnno, raw_r1_ch1, raw_r2_ch1, raw_r1_ch2, and raw_r2_ch2. The data consists of four rows, each corresponding to a different sample (1, 2, 3, 4) with specific values for each column.

To the right of the main table is a "History" panel titled "Unnamed history" containing a single entry for "webCellHTS". This entry shows the same tabular data as the main table, indicating that the user has uploaded or processed this dataset using the webCellHTS tool.

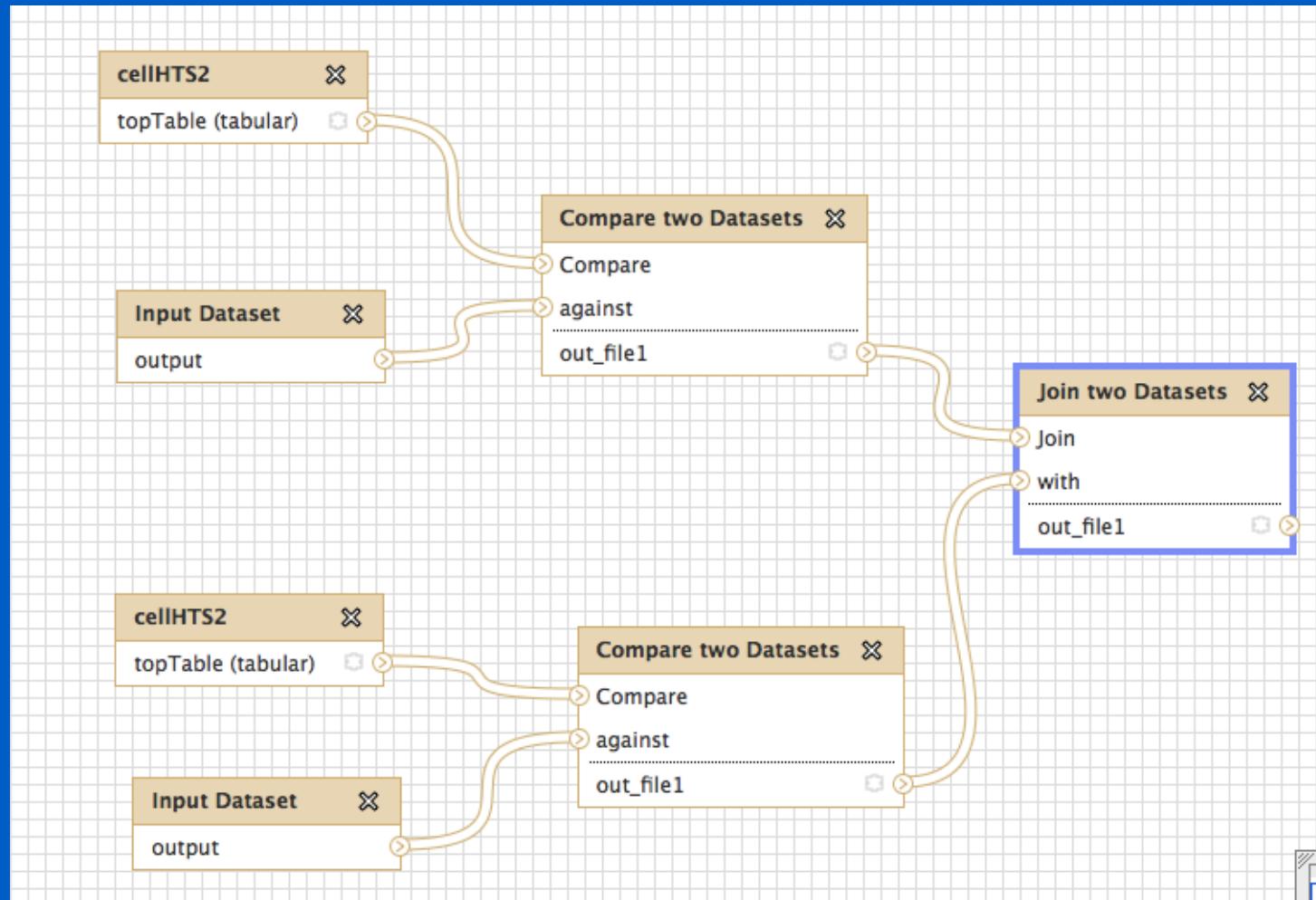
HTS Workflows

- Annotation Libraries storage



HTS Workflows

- Standardizing analysis



HTS Workflows

- Incorporation with other specific screening analysis tools e.g.
Redundant siRNA activity analysis (RSA)

RSA

Select the score dataset:
11: cellHTS2

The lower the score the better?:
lower

Name of gene ID Column (default = GeneID):
GeneID

Name of well ID Column (default = WellID):
WellID

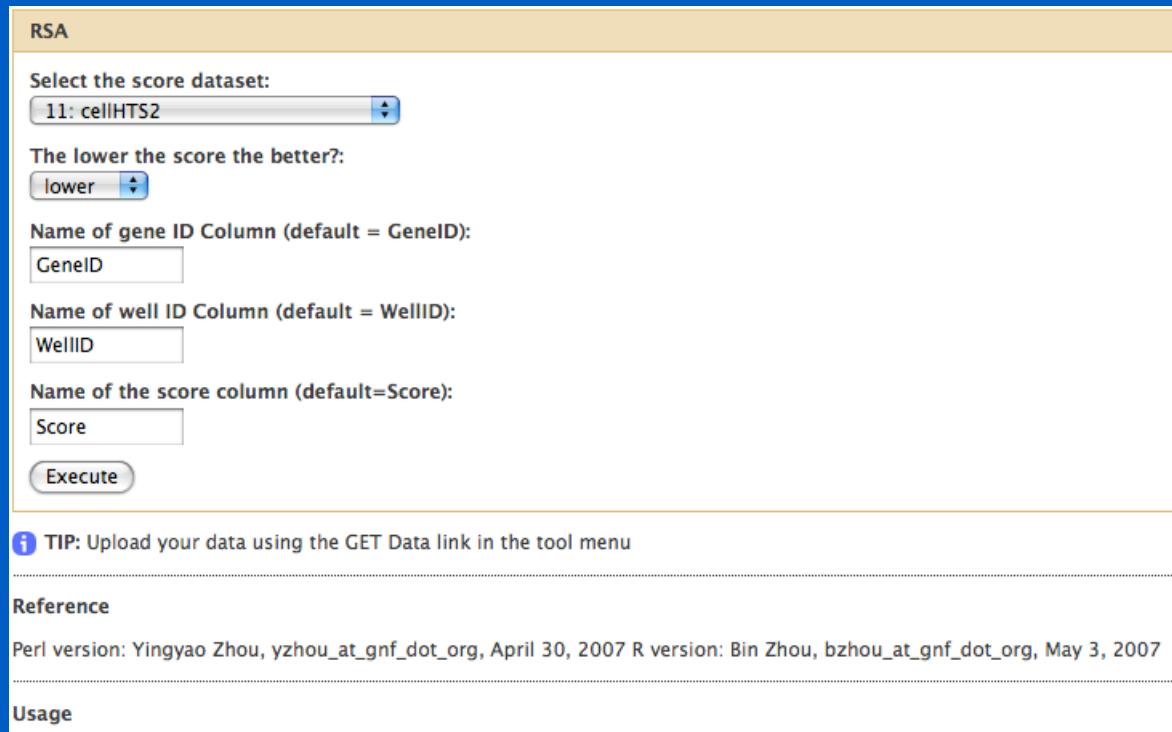
Name of the score column (default=Score):
Score

Execute

TIP: Upload your data using the GET Data link in the tool menu

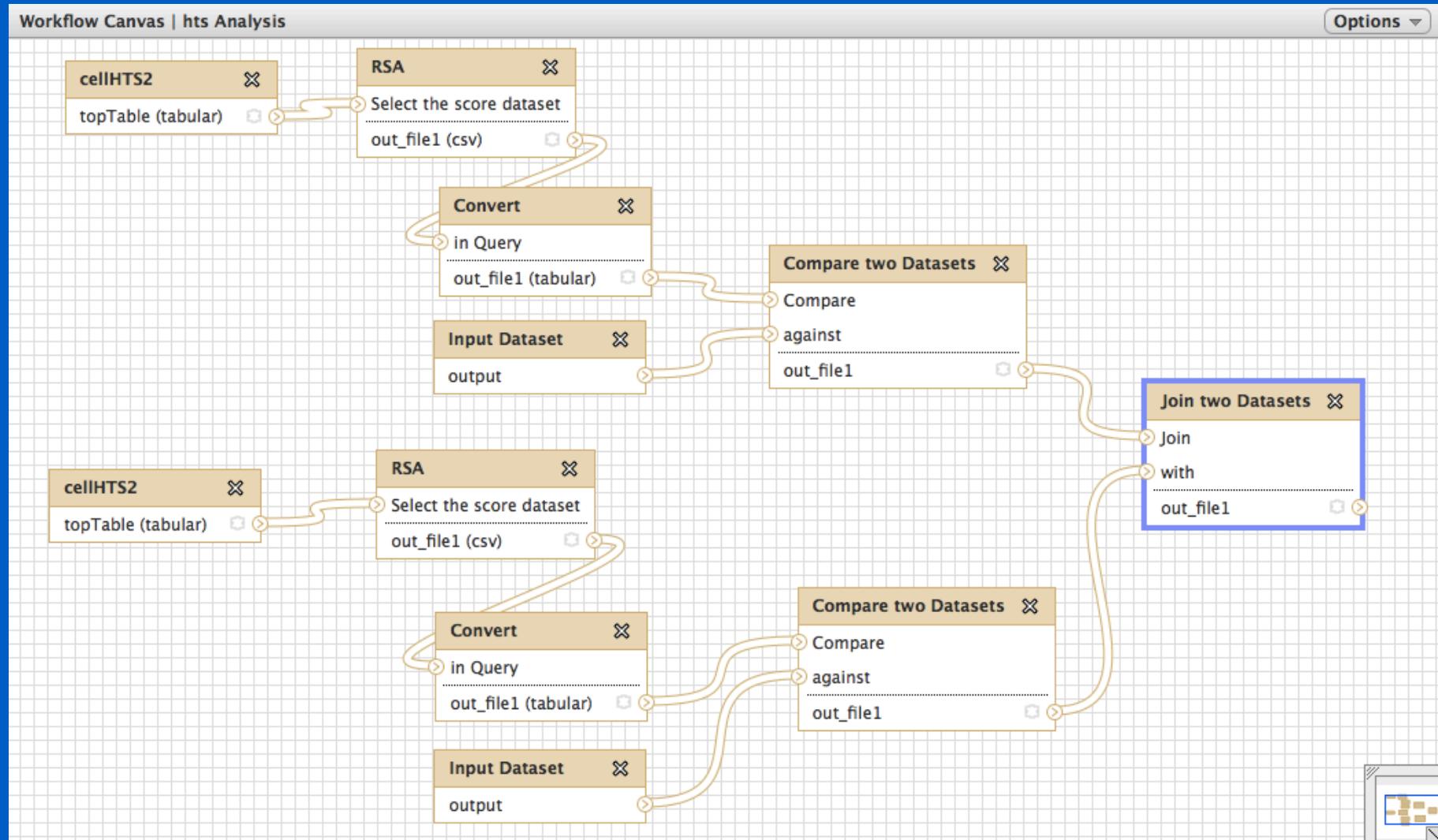
Reference
Perl version: Yingyao Zhou, yzhou_at_gnf_dot_org, April 30, 2007 R version: Bin Zhou, bzhou_at_gnf_dot_org, May 3, 2007

Usage



König et al. A probability based approach for the analysis of large-scale RNAi screens,
Nature Methods, 2007

HTS Workflows



HTS Workflows

Annotation: Find if human homologs exist for an input of selected KK lines

Step

Step 1: Input dataset

Input Dataset of Selected KK Lines
select at runtime

Annotation

Input your dataset of selected KK lines

Step 2: Input dataset

Input KK Library Human Homolog Dataset
select at runtime

Input the following file from the Shared Data Library In Vivo Drosophila Screens
KK_TriD_BKN_CG_FBgn_Symbol_Hom_Penninger_Eensembl_EensemblPot.txt

Step 3: Join two Datasets

Join
Output dataset 'output' from step 1

using column

with
Output dataset 'output' from step 2

and column

1 (value not yet validated)

Keep lines of first input that do not join with second input

Yes

Keep lines of first input that are incomplete

Yes

Fill empty columns

Yes

Only fill unjoined rows

Yes

Fill Columns by

Single fill value

Fill value

Please specify the transformant ID column (e.g. c1) for the joining

Outlook

- Continue to develop and improve tools
- Expand tools to deal with wider range of screen data e.g. double knockdowns
- Training courses to develop familiarity with other tools Galaxy has to offer



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- Michael Boutros
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