

Building the Genomics Virtual Lab

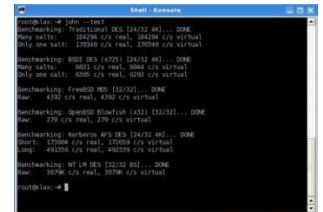
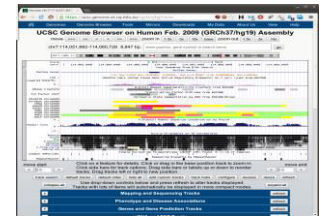
Ron Horst, Uni QLD



Community Resources



Analysis and visualisation platform



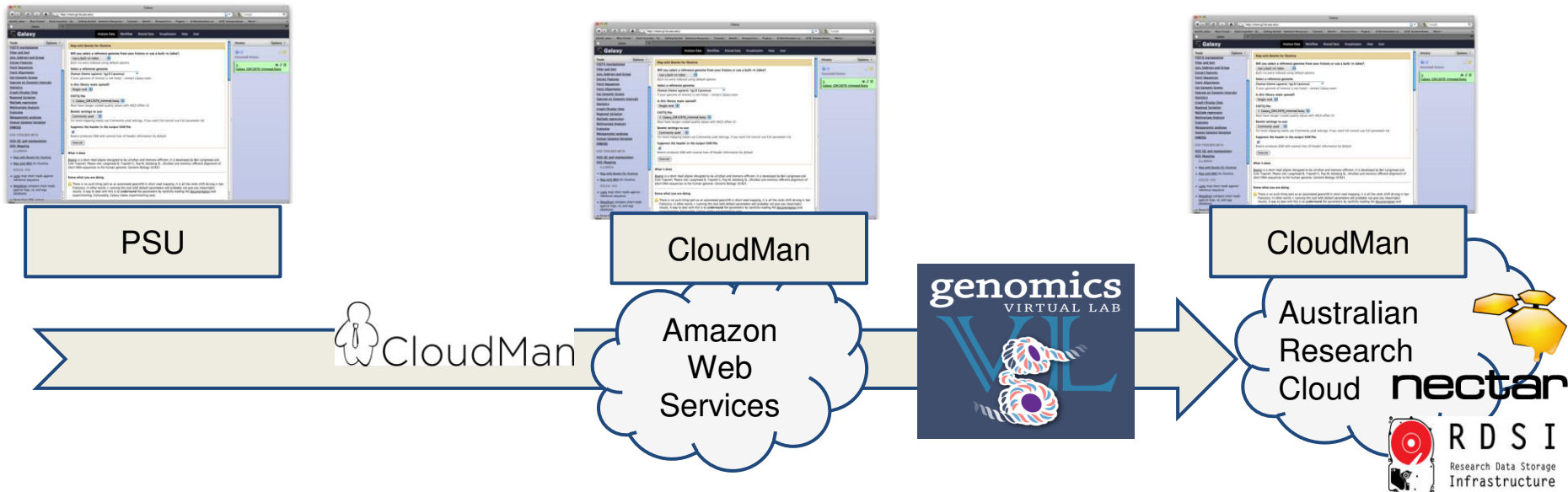
Australian Research Cloud



Agenda

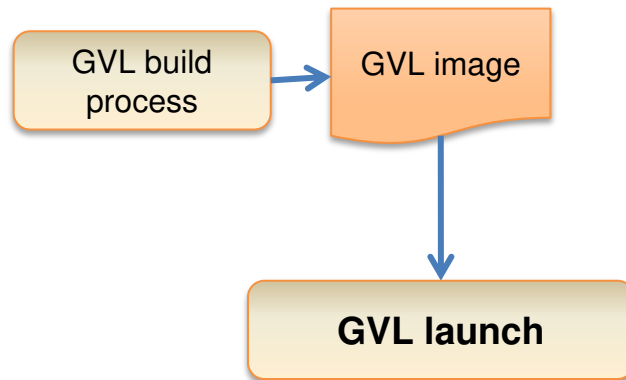
- GVL Objectives
 - Scalable, on demand → Launch
 - Latest tools, reproducible → Build Architecture
- Launch Challenges
- Build Challenges

GVL Project Objectives

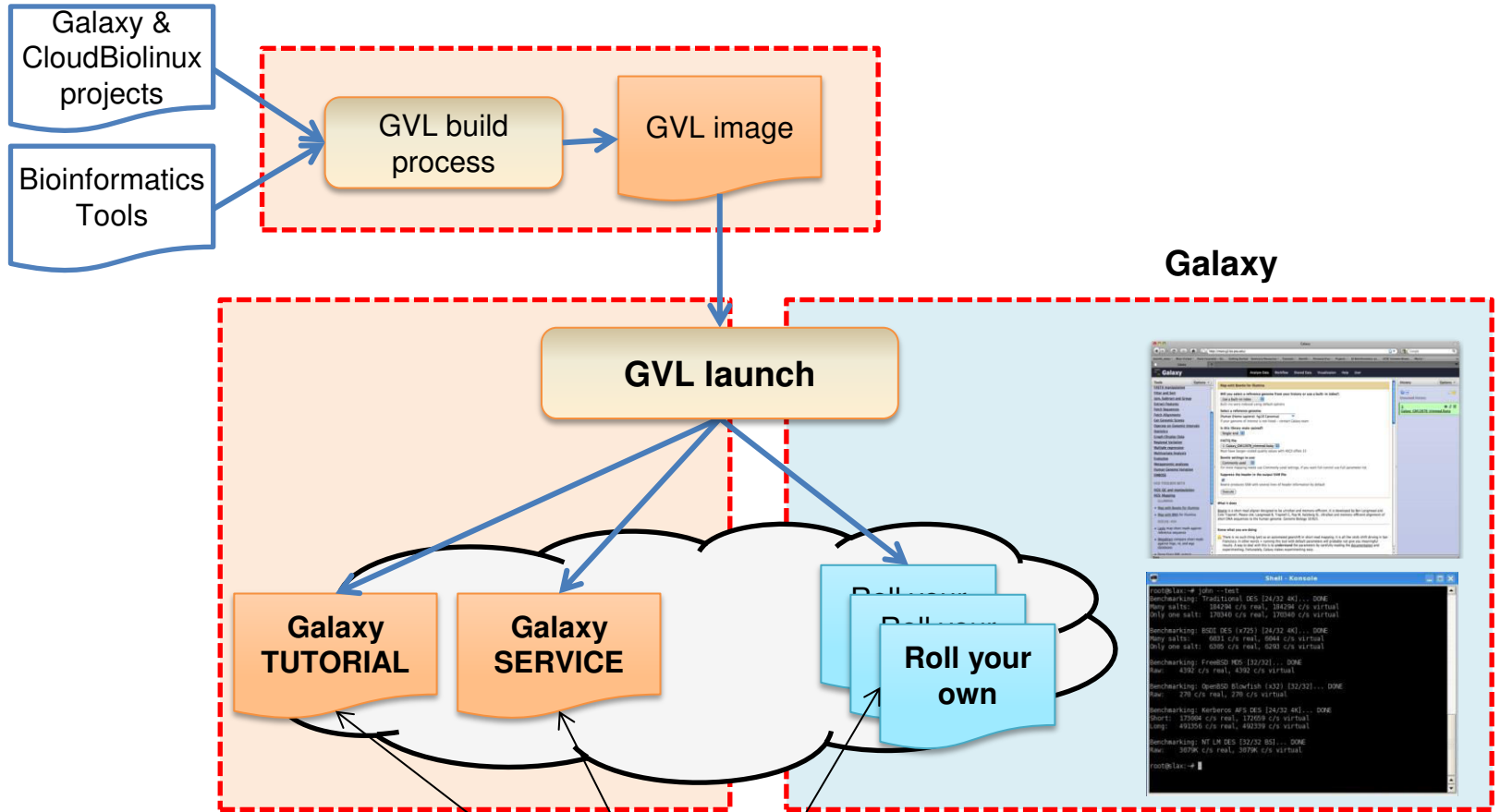


- Leverage Australian National Infrastructure
- On demand
- Scalable

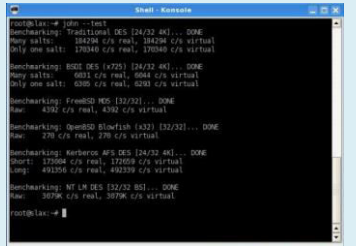
GVL LAUNCH



GVL LAUNCH



Galaxy

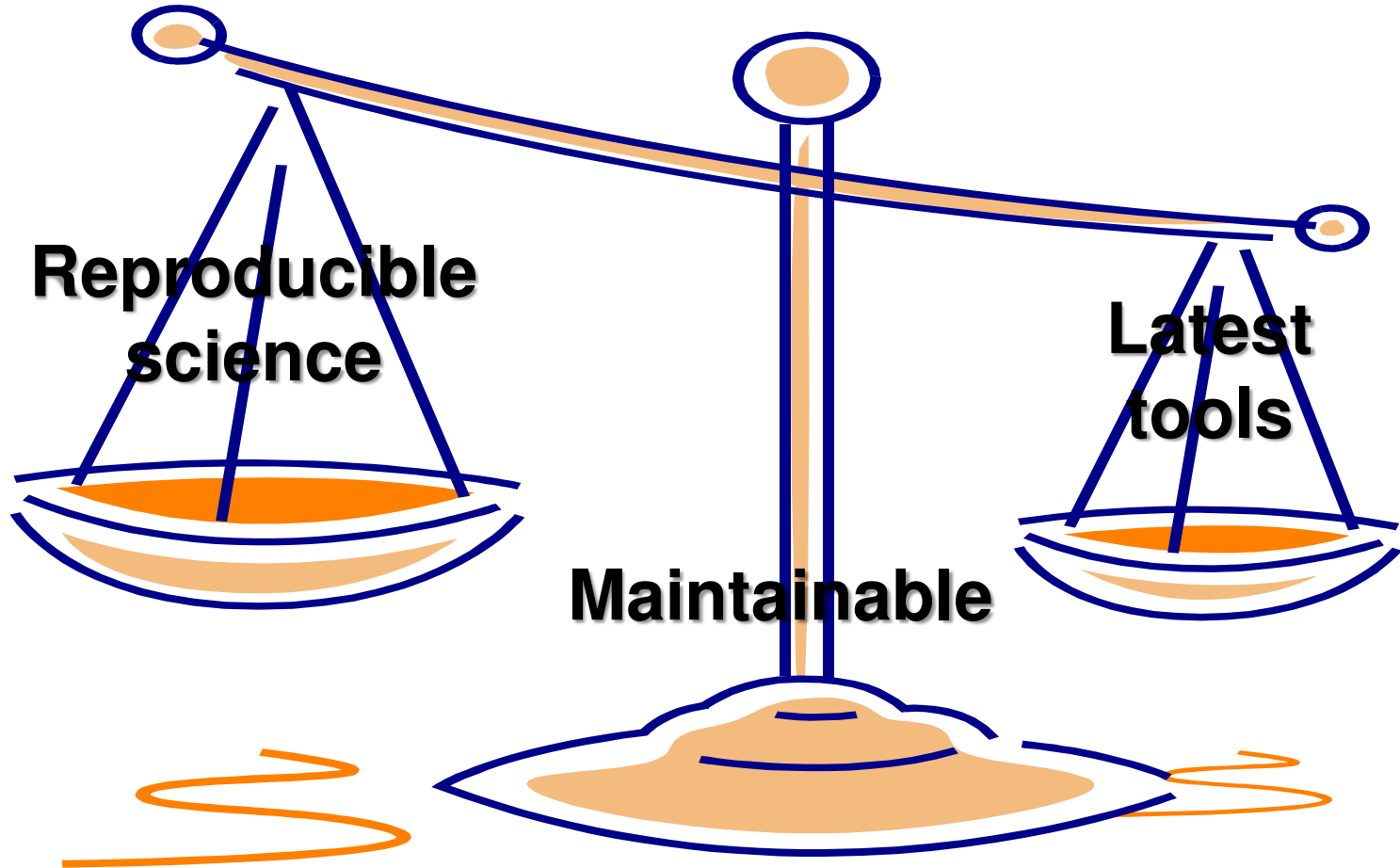


Biolinux cluster

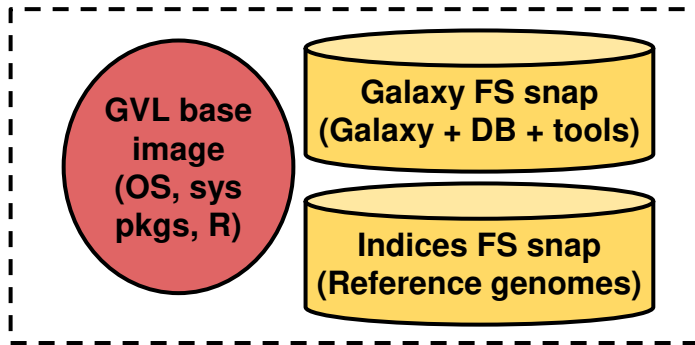
- ✓ Research Cloud
- ✓ On demand
- ✓ Scalable



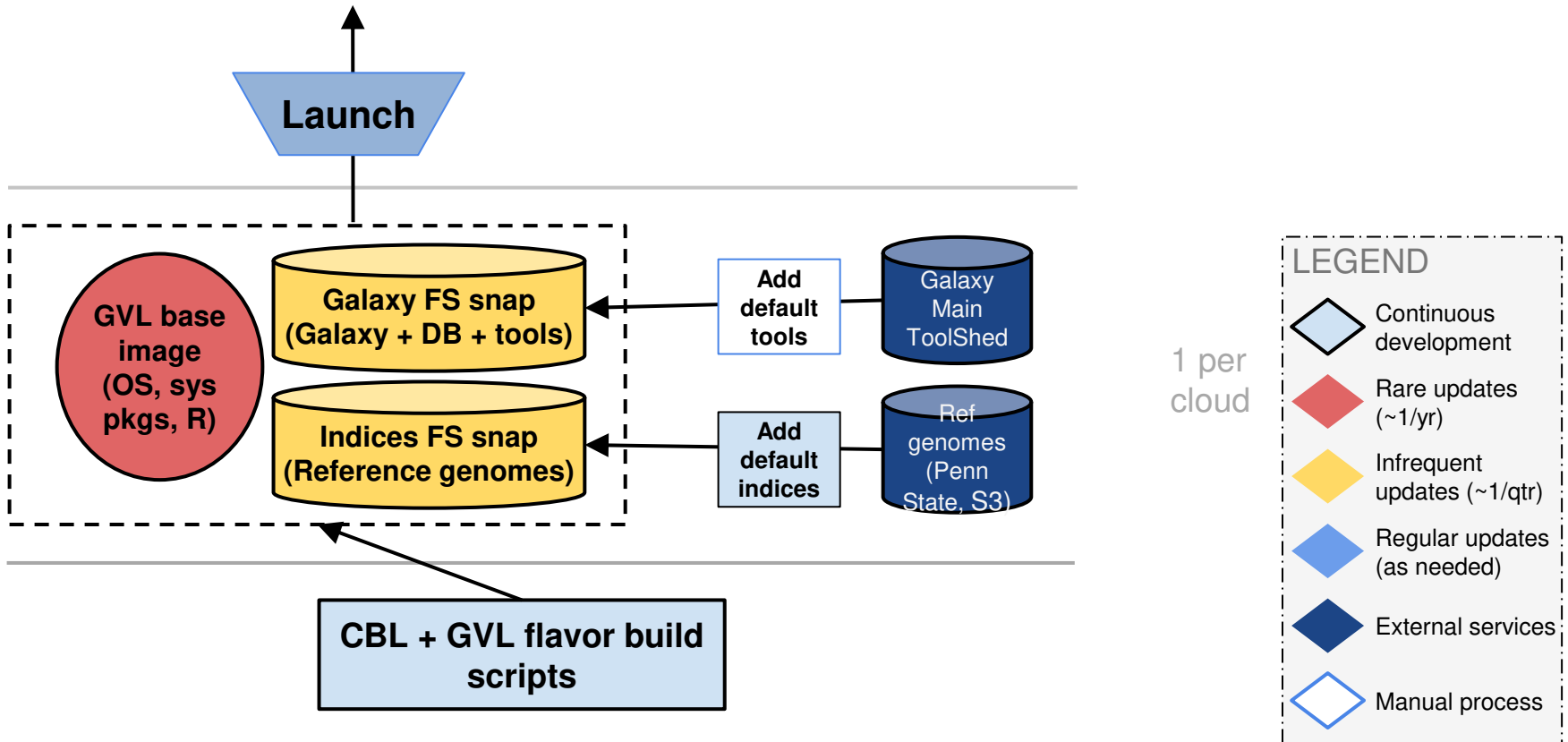
More GVL Objectives



GVL Architecture

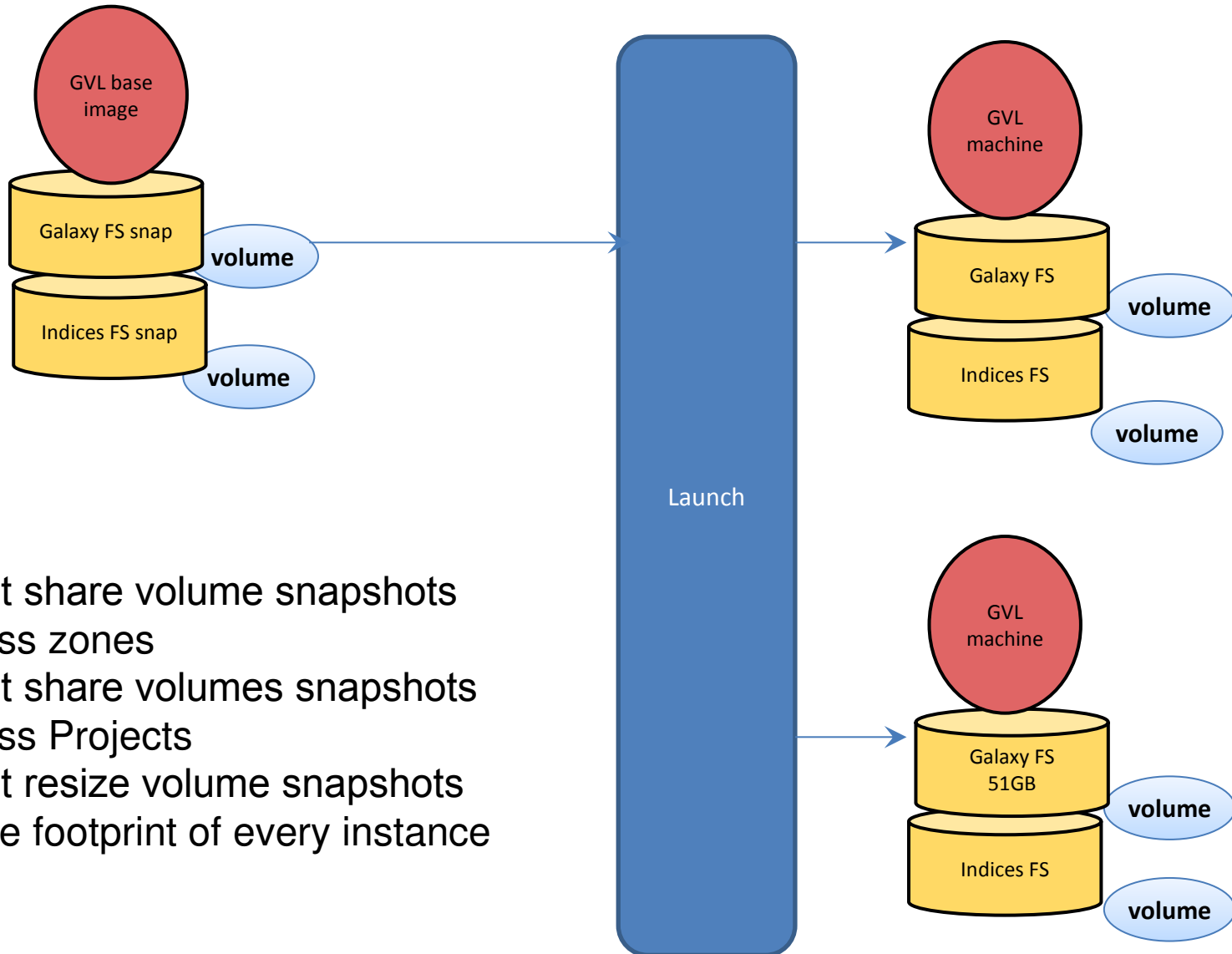


GVL Architecture



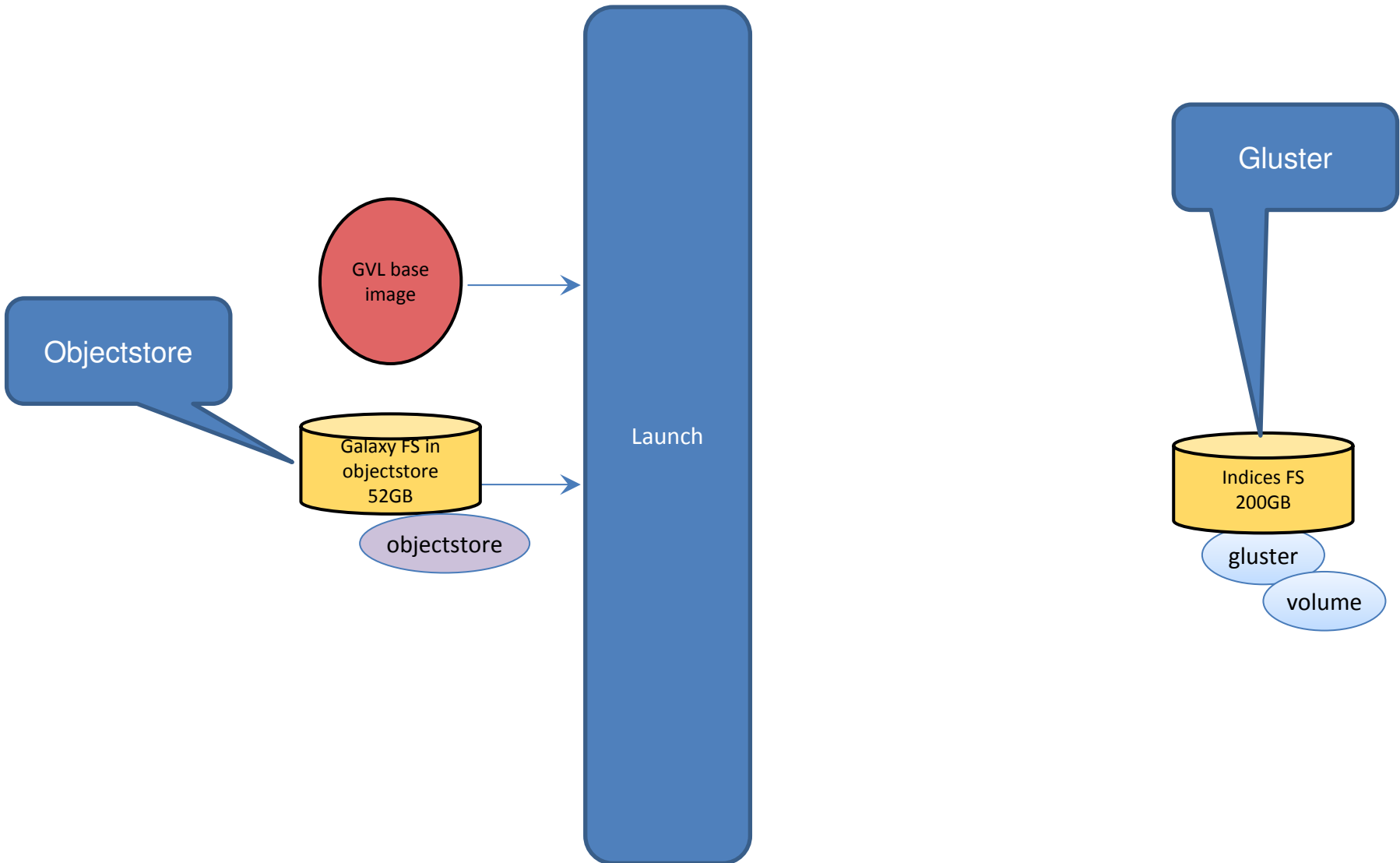
- ✓ Galaxy → Reproducible Science
- ✓ Toolshed → Latest Tools
- ✓ Architecture → Maintainable

GVL Launch process – v1

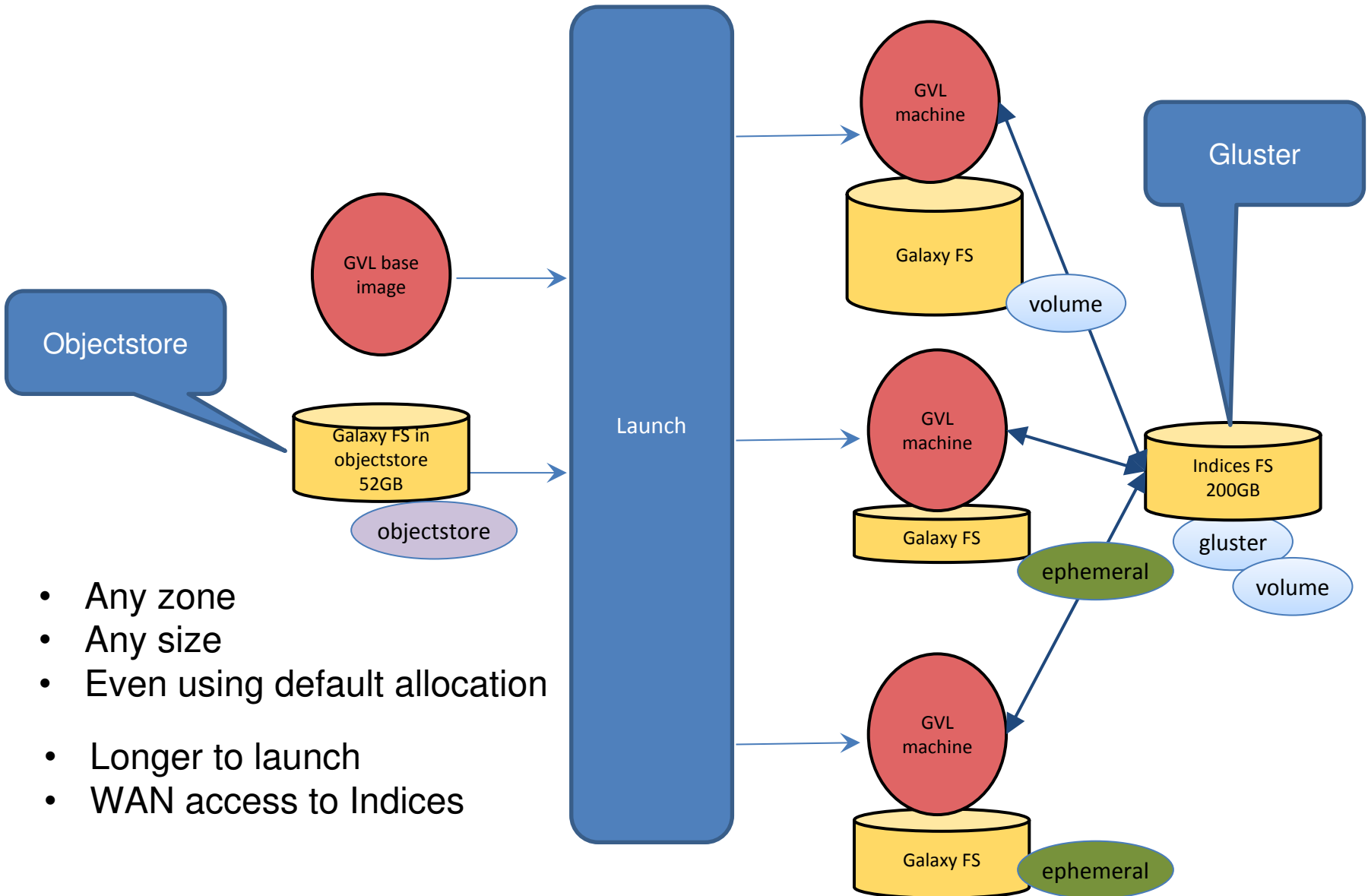


- Can't share volume snapshots across zones
- Can't share volumes snapshots across Projects
- Can't resize volume snapshots
- Large footprint of every instance

GVL Launch process – v2

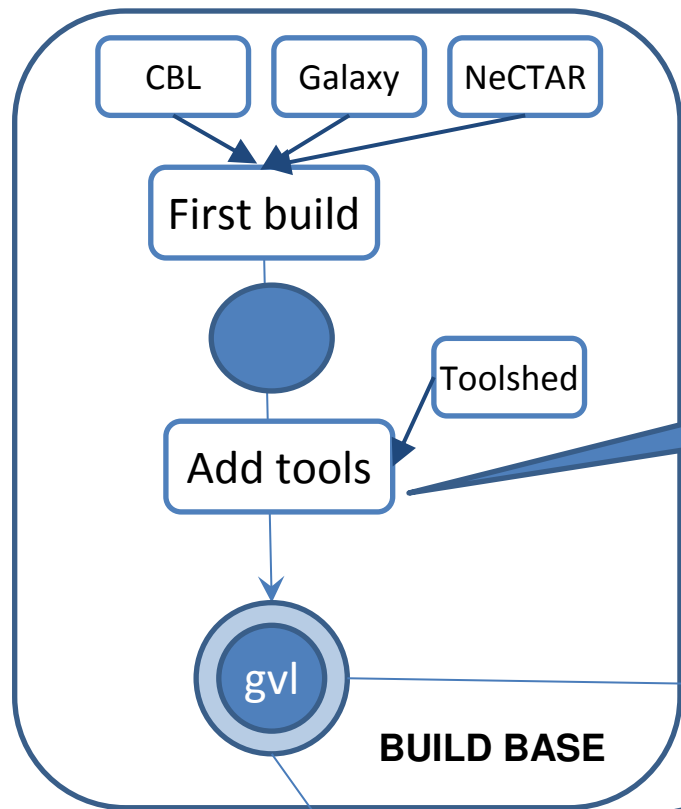


GVL Launch process – v2



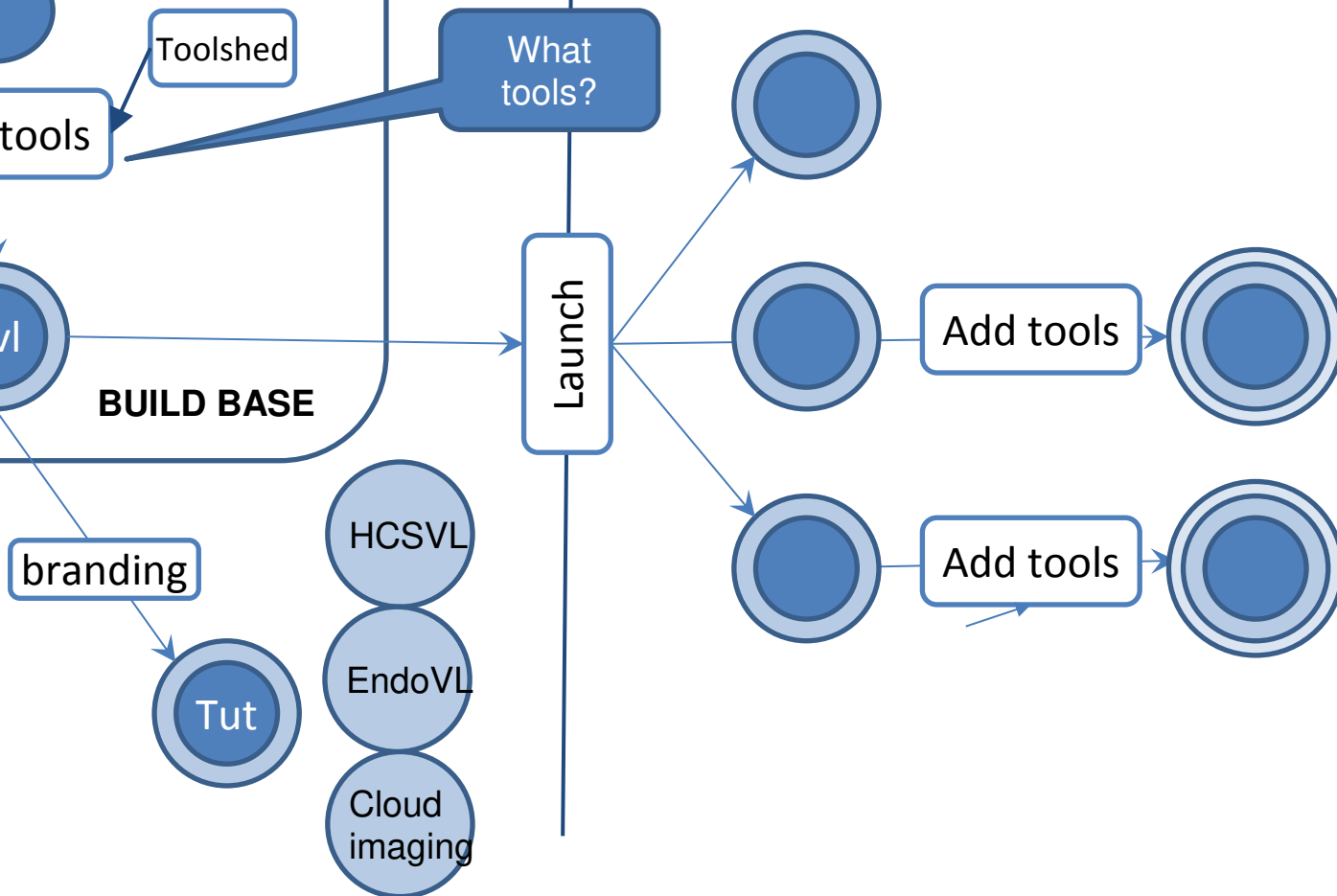
- Any zone
- Any size
- Even using default allocation
- Longer to launch
- WAN access to Indices

← GVL Systems Admin =>

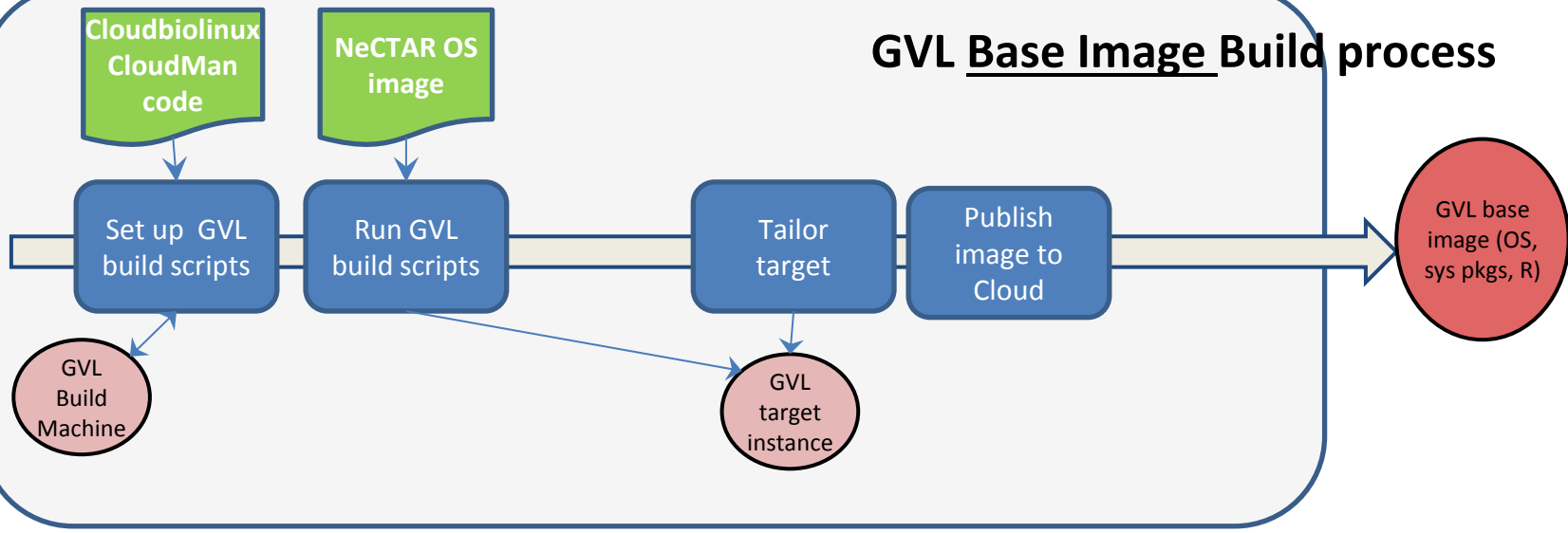


What is GVL Base?

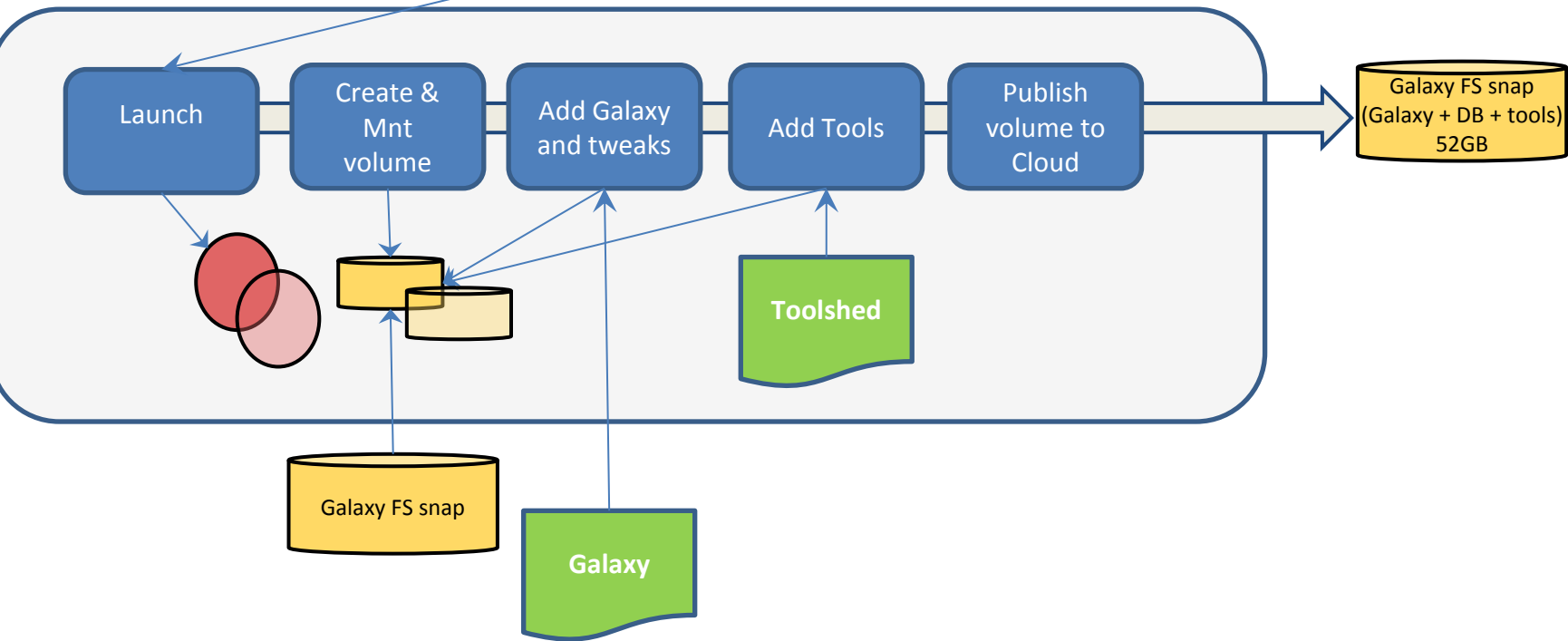
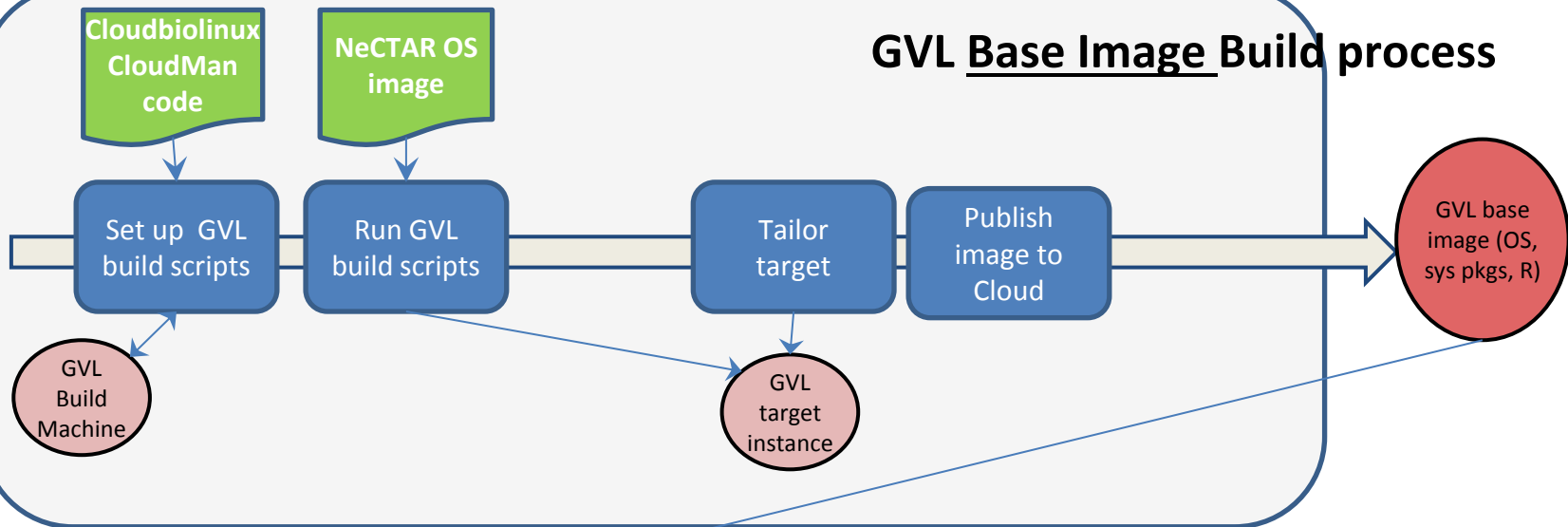
← GVL Users =>



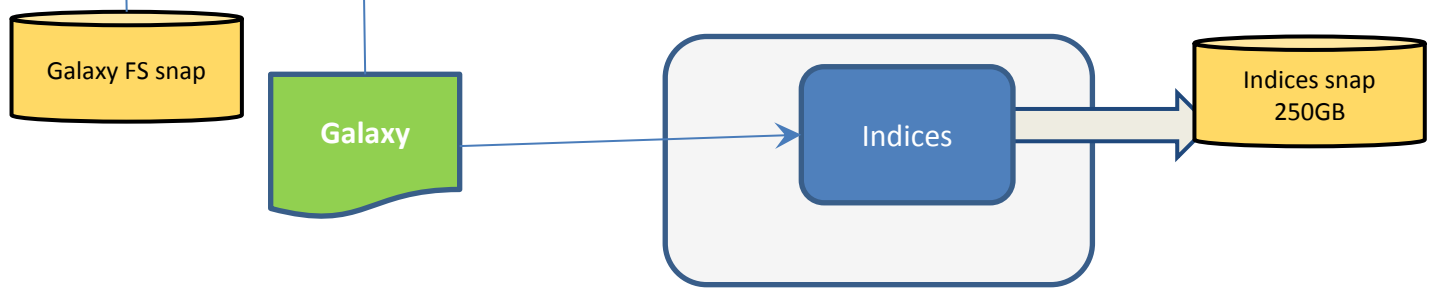
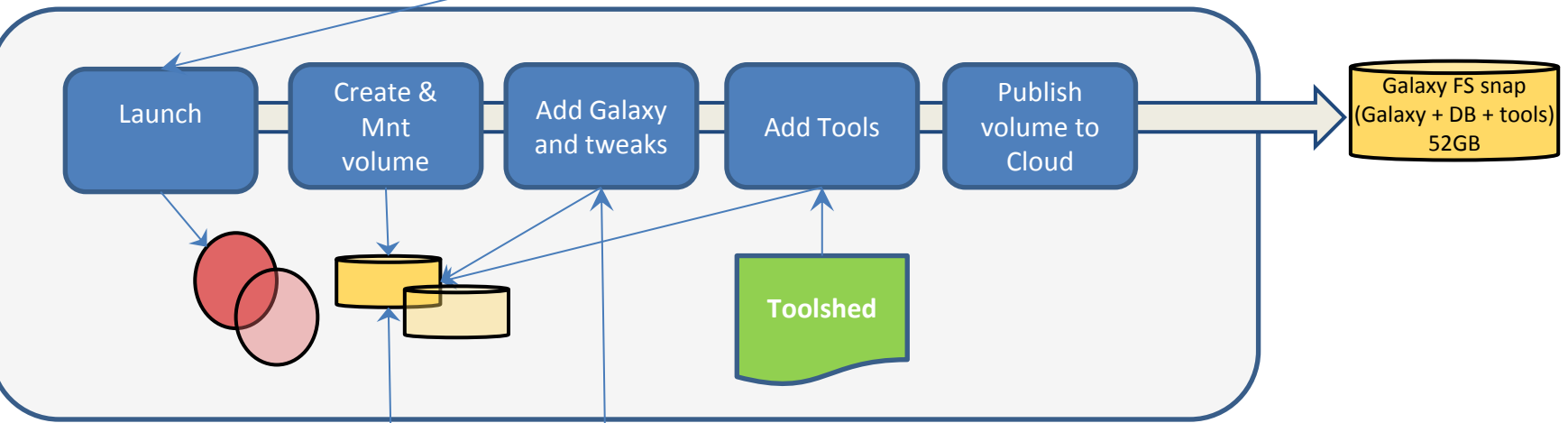
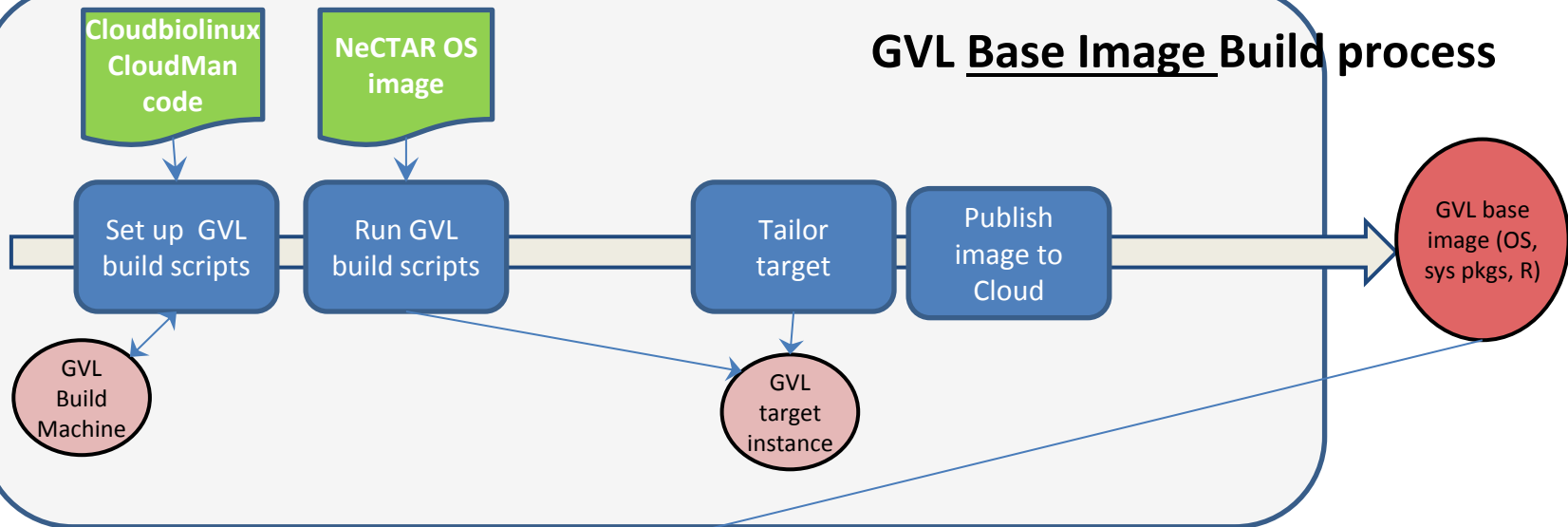
GVL Base Image Build process



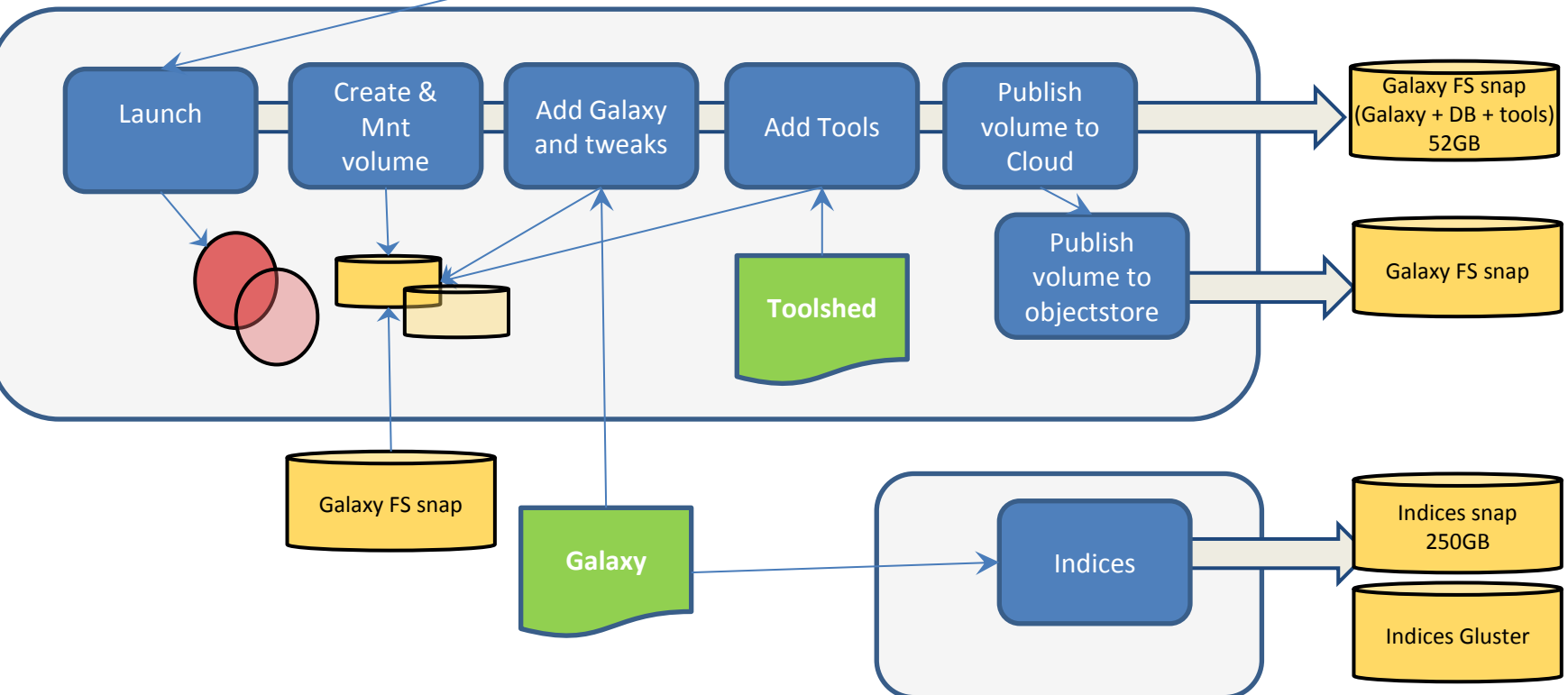
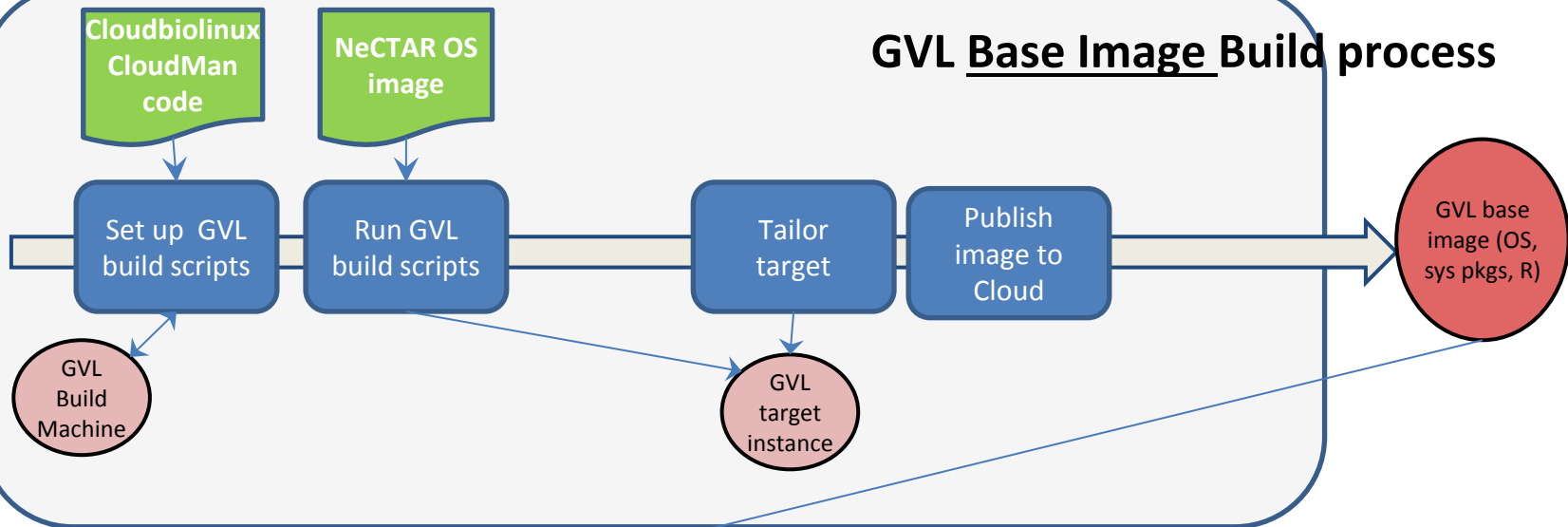
GVL Base Image Build process



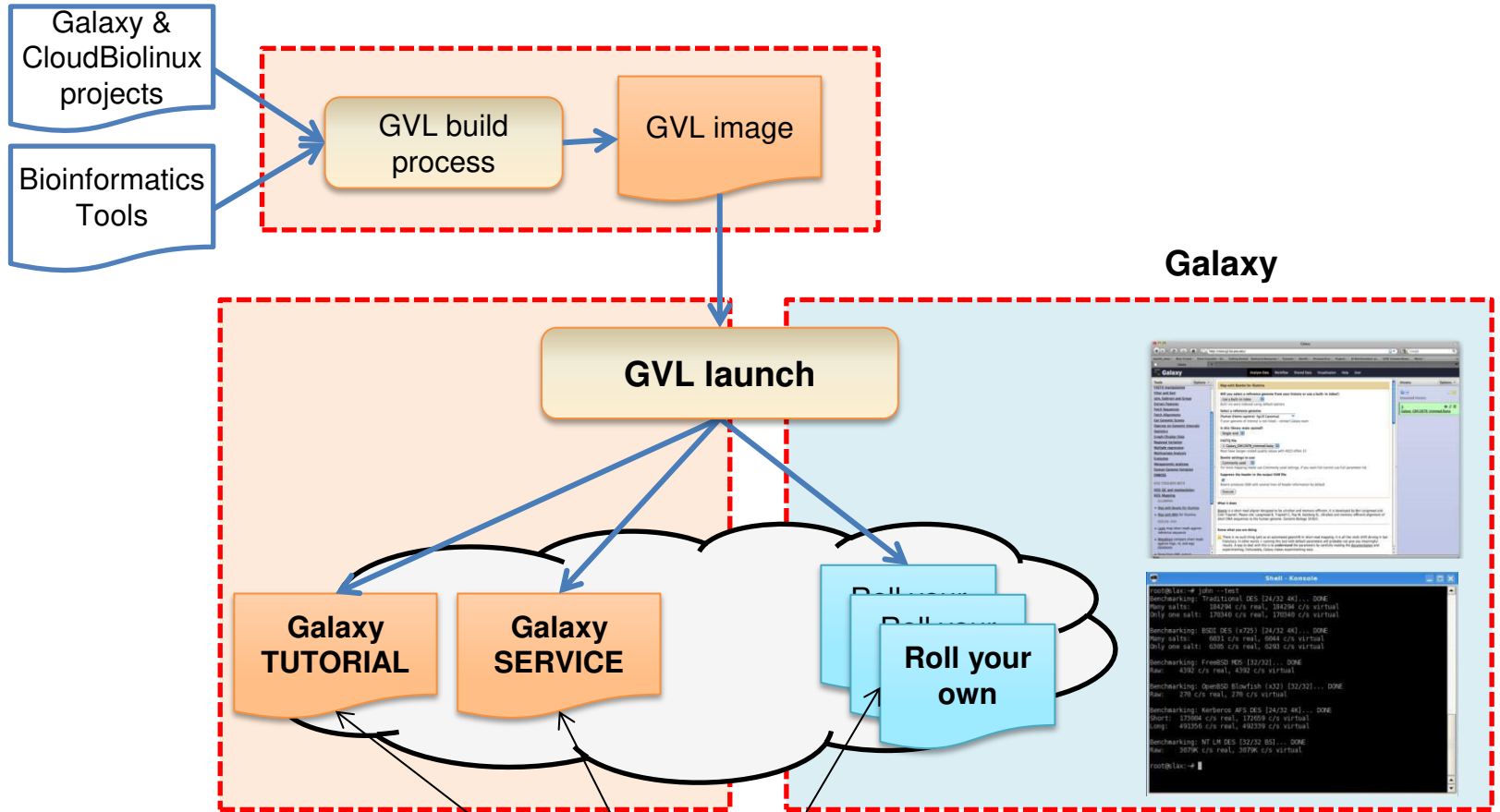
GVL Base Image Build process



GVL Base Image Build process



GVL LAUNCH

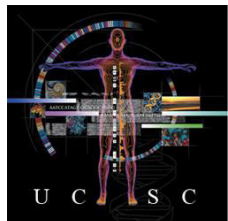


- ✓ Research Cloud
- ✓ On demand
- ✓ Scalable

- ✓ Reproducible Science
- ✓ Latest Tools
- ✓ Maintainable



Biolinux cluster

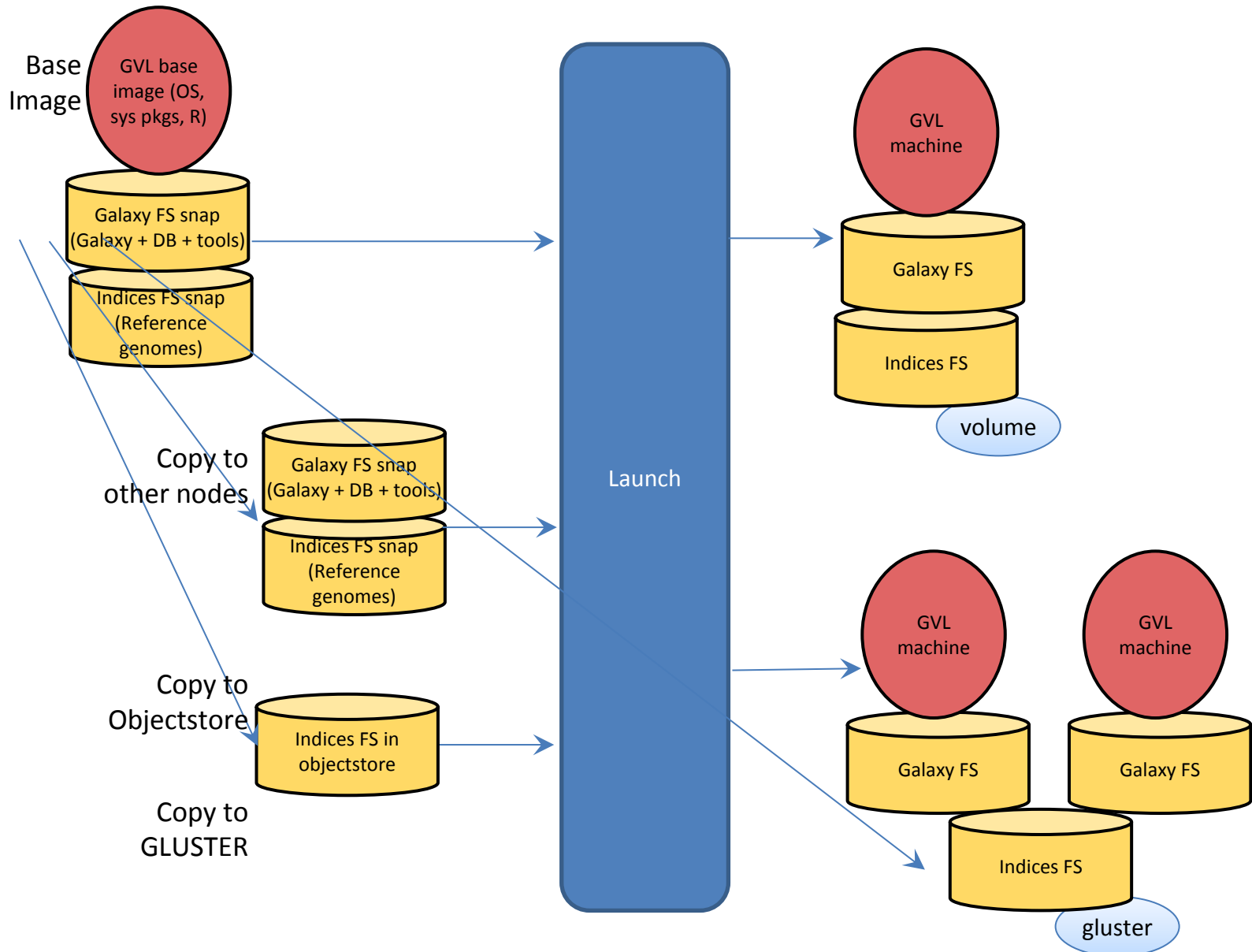


Thank you



The end

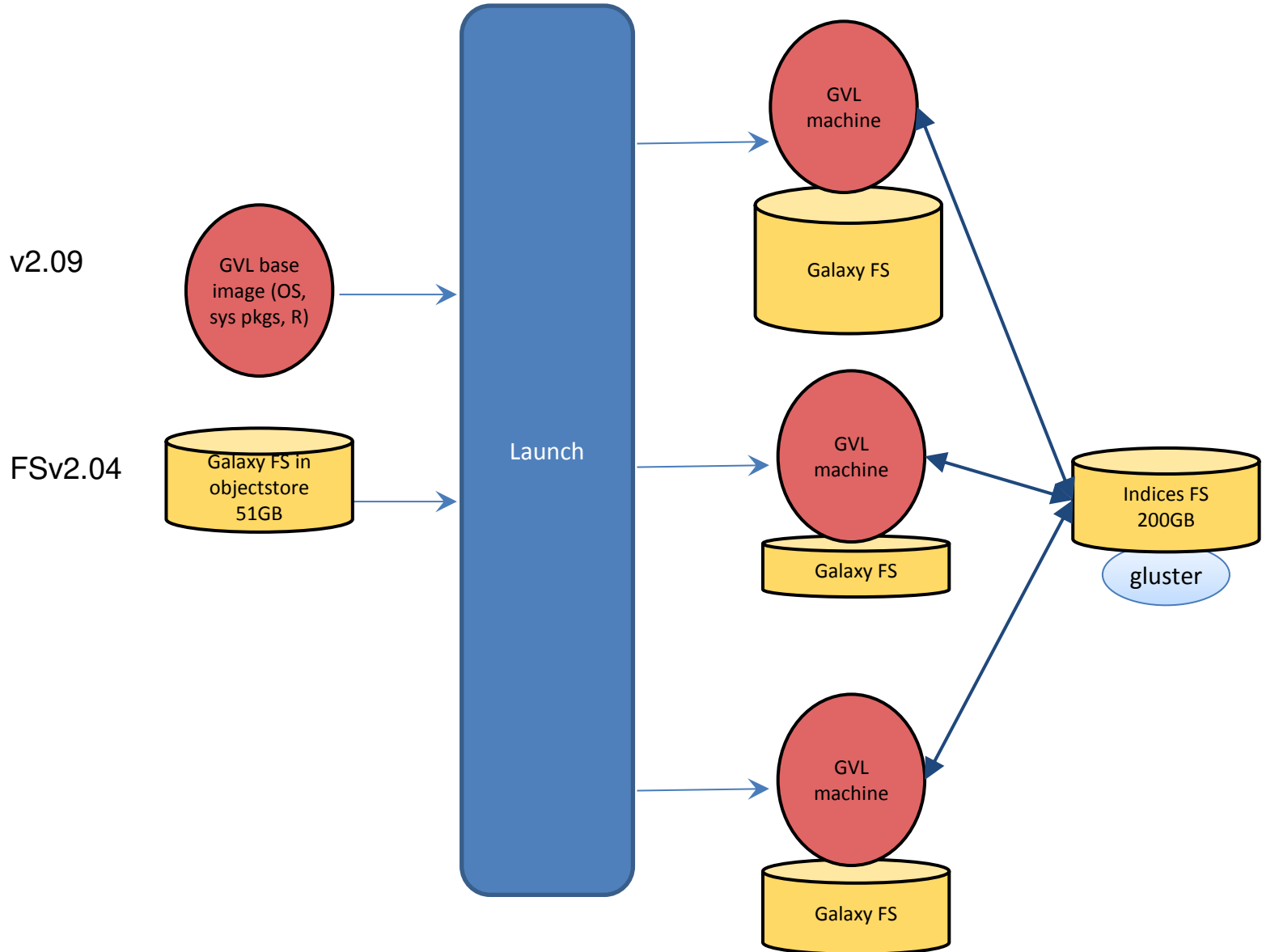
GVL Launch process



GVL Launch process - "NeCTAR (openstack)" option

Any NeCTAR project, any resizing of GalaxyFS

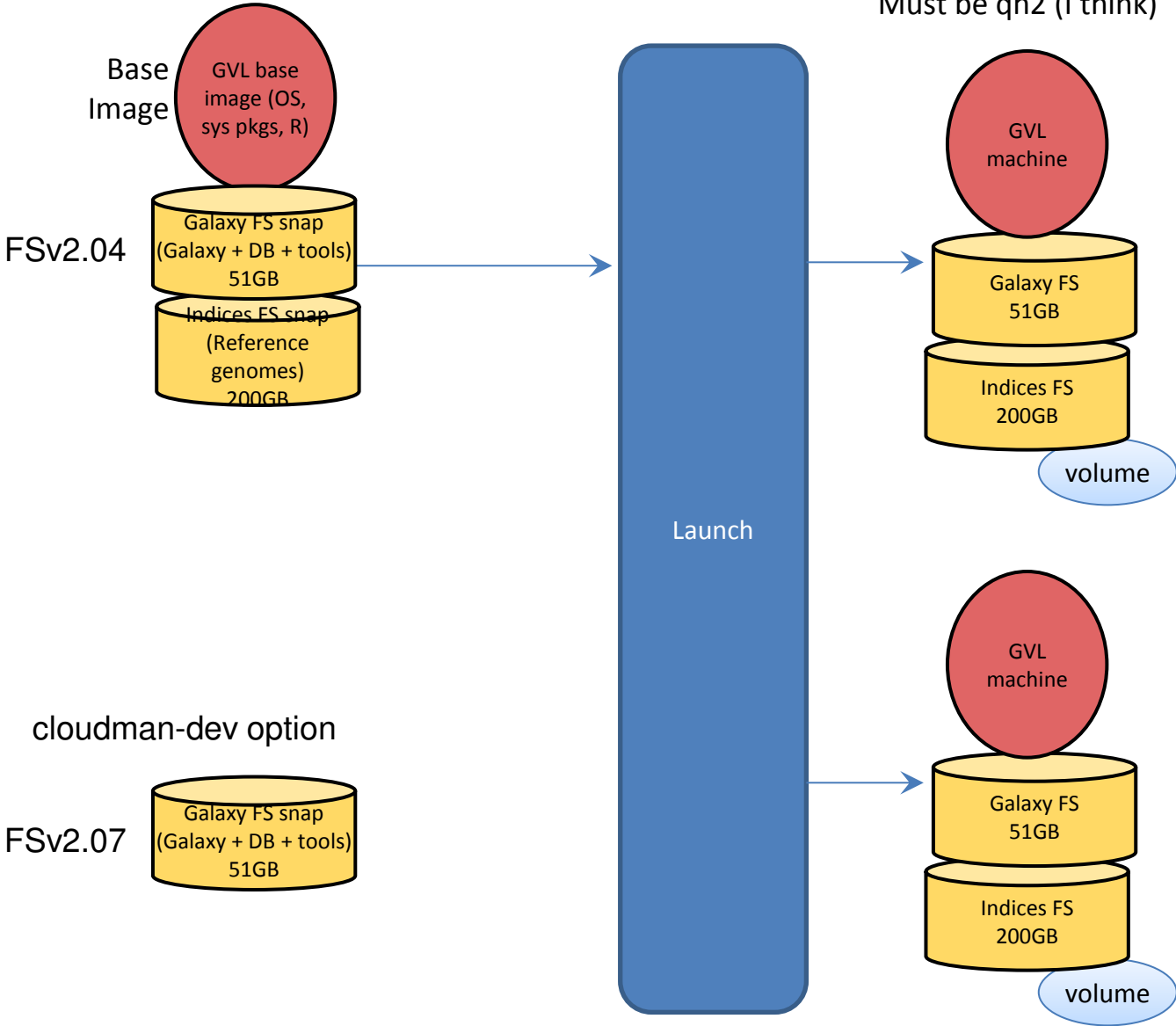
Any placement zone with Volumes

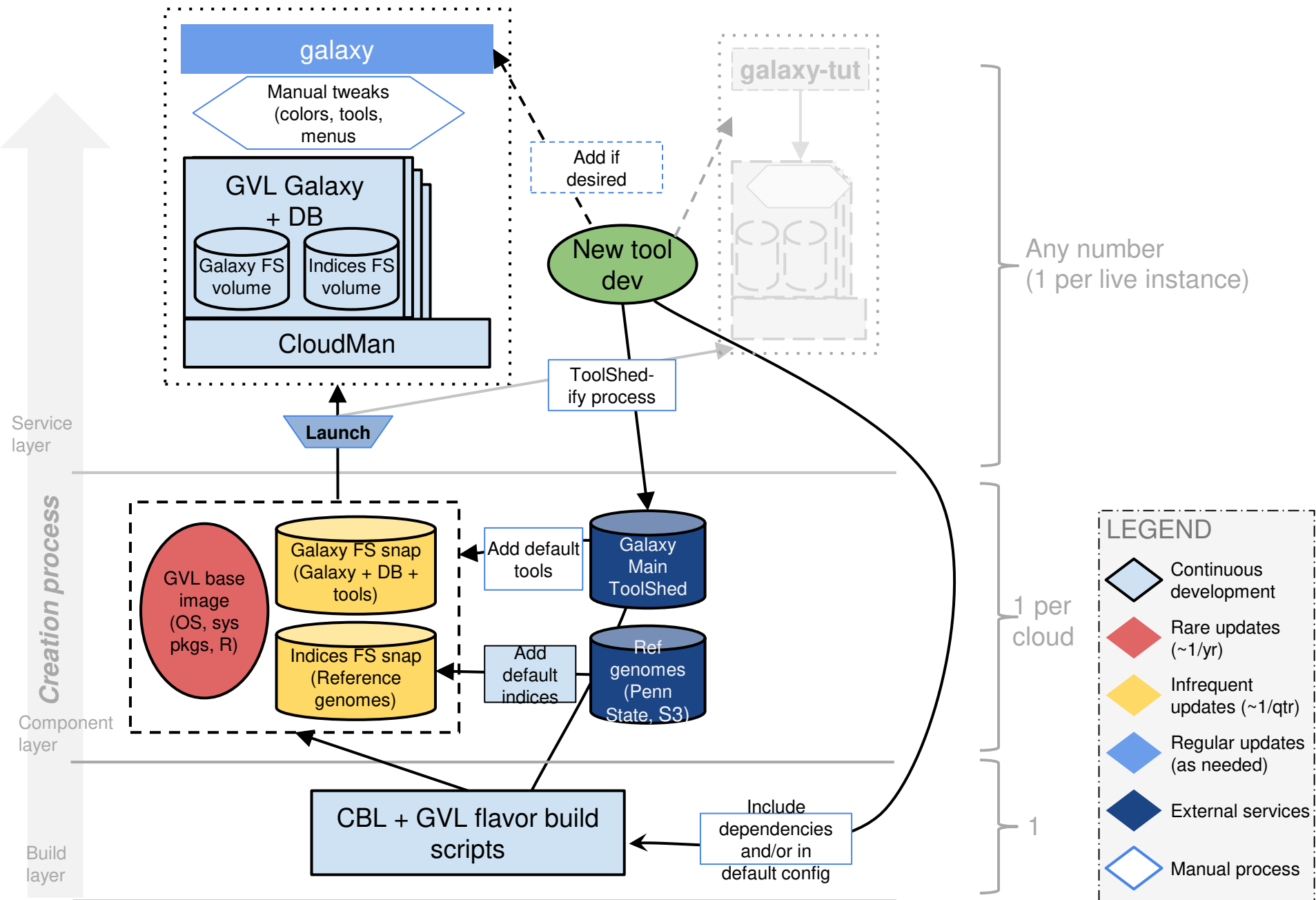


GVL Launch process - "NeCTAR melbourne dev" option

Must be GenomicsVL project, cannot resize GalaxyFS

Must be qh2 (I think)





- Tools**
- search tools
- Get Data**
- Text Manipulation**
- Filter and Sort**
- Operate on Genomic Intervals**
- NGS TOOLBOX**
- NGS: QC and manipulation**
- NGS: Mapping**
- ILLUMINA**
- Map with Bowtie for Illumina
 - Map with BWA for Illumina
- ROCHE-454**
- Lastz map short reads against reference sequence
- AB-SOLID**
- Map with Bowtie for SOLID
 - Map with BWA for SOLID
- NGS: Picard**
- NGS: Indel Analysis**
- NGS: RNA Analysis**
- NGS: SAM Tools**
- NGS: GATK Tools**
- NGS: Variant Detection**
- NGS: Peak Calling**
- ENSEMBL**
- VCF Tools**
- Workflows**
- All workflows

Map with BWA for Illumina (version 1.2.3)

Will you select a reference genome from your history or use a built-in index?:
 Use a built-in index

Select a reference genome:
 Human (hg19)

Is this library mate-paired?:
 Single-end

FASTQ file:
 1: NA12878.GAIIx.exo...76bp.fastq

FASTQ with either Sanger-scaled quality values (fastqsanger) or Illumina-scaled quality values (fastqillumina)

BWA settings to use:
 Commonly Used

For most mapping needs use Commonly Used settings. If you want full control use Full Parameter List

Suppress the header in the output SAM file:
 BWA produces SAM with several lines of header information

Execute

What it does

BWA is a fast light-weighted tool that aligns relatively short sequences (queries) to a sequence database (large), such as the human reference genome. It is developed by Heng Li at the Sanger Insitute. Li H. and Durbin R. (2009) Fast and accurate short read alignment with Burrows-Wheeler transform. Bioinformatics, 25, 1754-60.

Know what you are doing

⚠ There is no such thing (yet) as an automated gearshift in short read mapping. It is all like stick-shift driving in San Francisco. In other words = running this tool with default parameters will probably not give you meaningful results. A way to deal with this is to **understand** the parameters by carefully reading the [documentation](#) and experimenting. Fortunately, Galaxy makes experimenting easy.

History

Ps

8: Filter pileup on data 7

7: Generate pileup on data 5: converted pileup

6: flagstat on data 5

5: NA12878.chr22_exome.BWA_mapped.bam

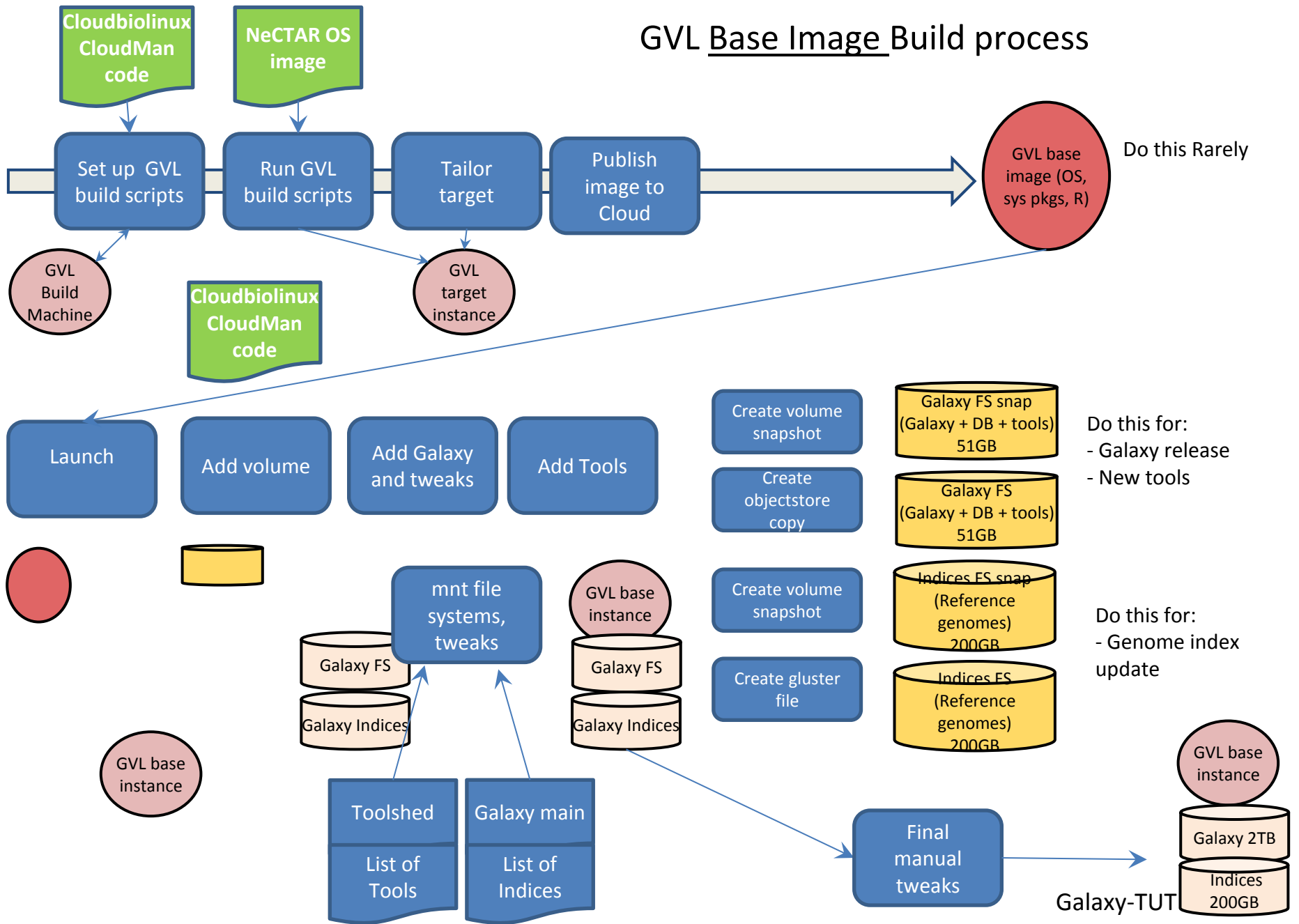
4: NA12878.chr22_exome.BWA_mapped.chr22_filtered

3: Map with BWA for Illumina on data 1: mapped reads
 ~1,000,000 lines, 94 comments
 format: sam, database: hg19
 Info: BWA Version: 0.5.9-r16
 BWA run on single-end data

1.QNAME	2.FLAG	3.RNAME	4.POS	5.MAPQ
@SQ		SN:chrM LN:16571		
@SQ		SN:chr1 LN:249250621		
@SQ		SN:chr2 LN:243199373		
@SQ		SN:chr3 LN:198022430		
@SQ		SN:chr4 LN:191154276		
@SQ		SN:chr5 LN:180915260		

2: FastQC NA12878.GAIIx.exome_chr22_156reads_76bp_fastq.ht

GVL Base Image Build process



What is GVL Base?

