

# Introduction to Galaxy

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November 17, 2016

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<http://galaxyproject.org/>



#usegalaxy @galaxyproject

# Slides URL

[bit.ly/gxybmi6030slides](http://bit.ly/gxybmi6030slides)

# Goals

Provide an introduction to using Galaxy for bioinformatic analysis. Demonstrate how Galaxy can help you explore and learn options, perform analysis, and then share, repeat, and reproduce your analyses.

# What is Galaxy?

Keith Bradnam's definition:

"A web-based platform that provides a simplified interface to many popular bioinformatics tools."

From

"13 Questions You May Have About Galaxy"

<http://bit.ly/13questions>

**Galaxy is available several ways ...**

<http://galaxyproject.org>

# As a free for everyone service on the web: [usegalaxy.org](http://usegalaxy.org)


The screenshot displays the Galaxy web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with categories like 'Get Data', 'Text Manipulation', and 'NGS: DeepTools'. The main content area features a text block about Galaxy's open-source nature and a 'GAME 2017 Melbourne 3-9 February' event announcement with a red globe logo and the text 'Talk abstracts due 30 November'. Below the event announcement are logos for Penn State, Johns Hopkins, TACC, and Cyverse. On the right, there is a 'Tweets by @galaxyproject' section showing two tweets: one retweeted by Pratik Jagtap and one from the Galaxy Project about an analysis workshop in Bordeaux.

**Galaxy** Analyze Data Workflow Shared Data Visualization Help User Using 0%

Tools search tools

[Get Data](#)  
[Lift-Over](#)  
[Text Manipulation](#)  
[Datamash](#)  
[Convert Formats](#)  
[Filter and Sort](#)  
[Join, Subtract and Group](#)  
[Fetch Alignments/Sequences](#)  
[NGS: QC and manipulation](#)  
[NGS: DeepTools](#)  
[NGS: Mapping](#)  
[NGS: RNA Analysis](#)  
[NGS: SAMtools](#)  
[NGS: BamTools](#)  
[NGS: Picard](#)  
[NGS: VCF Manipulation](#)  
[NGS: Peak Calling](#)  
[NGS: Variant Analysis](#)  
[NGS: RNA Structure](#)  
[NGS: Du Novo](#)  
[NGS: Gemini](#)  
[NGS: Assembly](#)  
[Operate on Genomic Intervals](#)  
[Statistics](#)  
[Graph/Display Data](#)  
[Phenotype Association](#)

Galaxy is an open source, web-based platform for data intensive biomedical research. If you are new to Galaxy [start here](#) or consult our [help resources](#). You can install your own Galaxy by following the [tutorial](#) and choose from thousands of tools from the [Tool Shed](#).


 **GAME**  
**2017**  
Melbourne  
3-9 February

**Talk abstracts due 30 November**

PENNSSTATE  
JOHNS HOPKINS  
TACC  
CYVERSE

Tweets by @galaxyproject

Galaxy Project Retweeted

 **Pratik Jagtap** @pratikomics  
z.umn.edu/hayahym 'How are you - and How's your Microbiome?' an article in @tAnaSci Issue#1116 #microbiome #metaproteomics #usegalaxyp

Galaxy Project @galaxyproject  
28-30 Nov: Analyse avancée de séquences, Bordeaux  
cnrsformation.cnrs.fr/stage-16148-An...  
#usegalaxy @cgfbordeaux

**Galaxy is available as Open Source Software**

**Galaxy is installed in locations around the world.**

**<http://getgalaxy.org>**




Explore the Galaxy with  
**RNA-Rocket**



**PATHOGENPORTAL**  
THE BIOINFORMATICS RESOURCE CENTERS PORTAL

Galaxy / Metabiome Portal



The Microbiome Analysis Center  
Life on a Smaller Scale

Welcome to the Metabiome Portal @ GMU

We have developed the MAC Metabiome Portal, a flexible and extensible web browser, with the ability to display, compare, store, and analyze the results of microbiome analysis. The portal is a community-driven platform for sharing and analyzing microbiome data. It includes a variety of tools for data management, analysis, and visualization, as well as a user-friendly interface for data exploration and reporting.



香港中文大學 - 華大基因跨組學創新研究院  
CUHK-BGI Innovation Institute of Trans-Omics



(GIGA)<sup>n</sup> Galaxy  
by CBIIT

Integrated publishing of workflows from (GIGA)<sup>n</sup> SCIENCE

**Cistrome**



A Galaxy Server dedicated to ChIP-\* analysis




**Public Galaxy Servers**  
and *still* counting



The Genomic HyperBrowser

**Powered by Galaxy**

**SCDE** STEM CELL DISCOVERY ENGINE



**Experiments Connected**



Whale Shark Galaxy! 

**South Green**  
bioinformatics platform

**Genomic analysis tools for southern and Mediterranean plants**

[bit.ly/gxyServers](http://bit.ly/gxyServers)



# Galaxy is available on the Cloud



**We are using this today**

<http://aws.amazon.com/education>

<http://globus.org/>

<http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/Cloud>

# Galaxy on the Cloud: Galaxy CloudMan

<http://usegalaxy.org/cloud>

- Start with a **fully configured and populated** (tools and data) Galaxy instance.
- Allows you to scale up and down your compute assets as needed.
- Someone else manages the data center



CLOUDMAN

# Galaxy on the Cloud: CloudLaunch

<https://launch.usegalaxy.org/>

- Directly launch a Galaxy instance on AWS or Jetstream
- Uses CloudMan

## Galaxy Cloud Launch

Easily launch your own cloud servers for use with Galaxy and CloudMan. See [this page](#) for detailed instructions on how to get started.

Cloud

-----  
Amazon - Tokyo (AWS EC2)  
✓ Amazon - Virginia (AWS EC2)  
Amazon - Ireland (AWS EC2)  
Jetstream (development) (OpenStack)

Provide details below that must match (ie, exist on) the chosen cloud.

Access key

Your cloud account API access key. For the Amazon cloud, available from the [security credentials page](#).

Secret key

Your cloud account API secret key. For the Amazon cloud, also available from the [security credentials page](#).

Cluster name

or

Name of your cluster used for identification and restarting. If creating a new cluster, type any name you like.

Password

Your choice of password, for the CloudMan web interface and accessing the server via ssh.

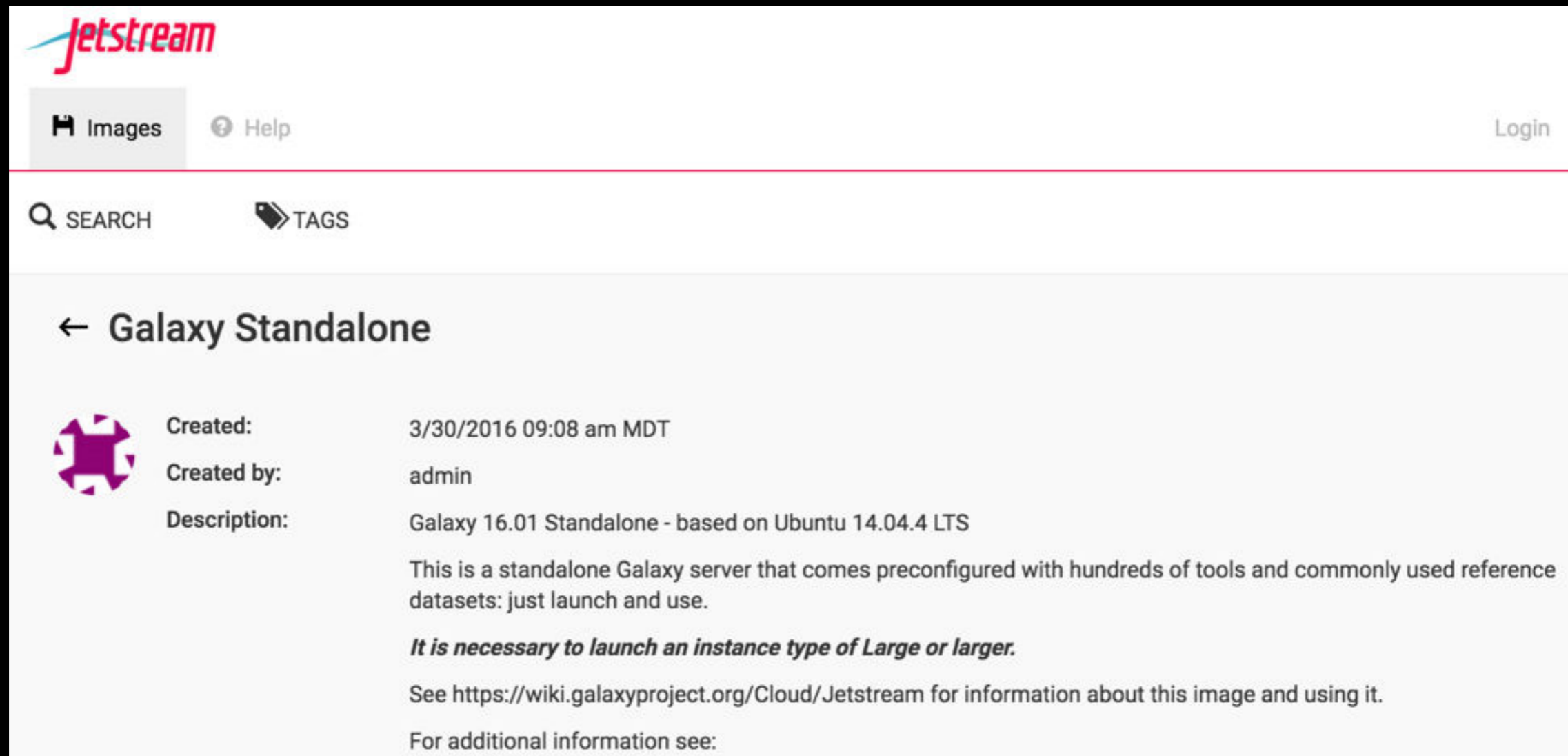
Instance type

Compute Optimized large (c3.large) (2 vCPU / 3.75GB R ▾)

Type (ie, virtual hardware configuration) of the server to start.

# Galaxy on the Cloud: Jetstream

<https://wiki.galaxyproject.org/Cloud/Jetstream>




**Jetstream**

Images Help Login

SEARCH TAGS

← Galaxy Standalone

 Created: 3/30/2016 09:08 am MDT  
Created by: admin  
Description: Galaxy 16.01 Standalone - based on Ubuntu 14.04.4 LTS

This is a standalone Galaxy server that comes preconfigured with hundreds of tools and commonly used reference datasets: just launch and use.

*It is necessary to launch an instance type of Large or larger.*

See <https://wiki.galaxyproject.org/Cloud/Jetstream> for information about this image and using it.

For additional information see:

US based researchers can request an XSEDE allocation and then run Galaxy on Jetstream

U XSEDE Champion: Anita Orendt

# Basic Analysis

Which exons have most overlapping  
Repeats?

Use Human, HG38, GENCODE v24,  
Chromosome 22

[bit.ly/gxybmi6030](https://bit.ly/gxybmi6030)

# Exons & Repeats: A General Plan

- Get some data
  - **Get Data** → **UCSC Table Browser**
- Identify which exons have Repeats
- Count Repeats per exon
- Visualize, save, download, ... exons with most Repeats

(~ <http://usegalaxy.org/galaxy101> )



## Table Browser

Use this program to retrieve the data associated with a track in text format, to calculate intersections, to retrieve the DNA sequence covered by a track. For help in using this application see [Using the Table Browser](#), this form, the [User's Guide](#) for general information and sample queries, and the OpenHelix Table Browser presentation of the software features and usage. For more complex queries, you may want to use [Table Browser](#). To examine the biological function of your set through annotation enrichments, send the data to [Table Browser](#) for use with diverse computational tools. Refer to the [Credits](#) page for the list of contributors and for these data. All tables can be downloaded in their entirety from the [Sequence and Annotation Download](#)

**clade:**  **genome:**  **assembly:**

**group:**  **track:**

**table:**

**region:**  genome  position

**identifiers (names/accessions):**

**filter:**

**intersection:**

**correlation:**

**output format:**  Send output to  [Galaxy](#)  [GREAT](#)

**output file:**  (leave blank to keep output in browser)

**file type returned:**  plain text  gzip compressed



## Output knownGene as BED

Include [custom track](#) header:

name=

description=

visibility=

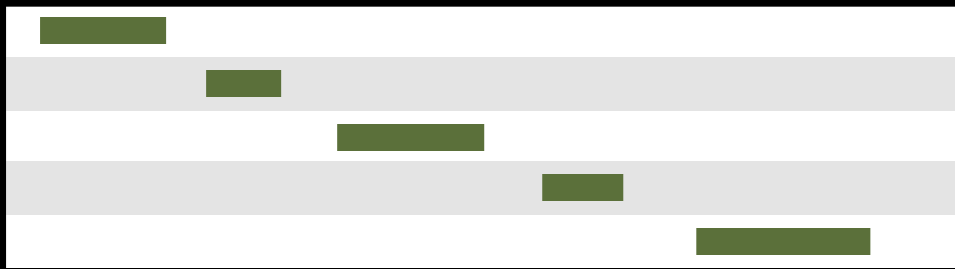
url=

### Create one BED record per:

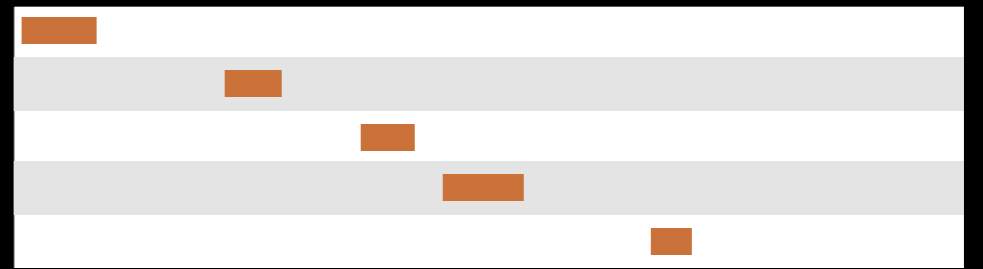
- Whole Gene
- Upstream by  bases
- Exons plus  bases at each end
- Introns plus  bases at each end
- 5' UTR Exons
- Coding Exons
- 3' UTR Exons
- Downstream by  bases

Note: if a feature is close to the beginning or end of a chromosome and upstream/downstream in order to avoid extending past the edge of the chromosome.



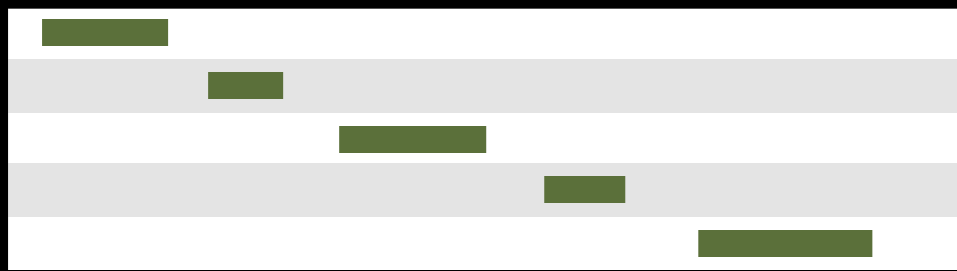


Exons

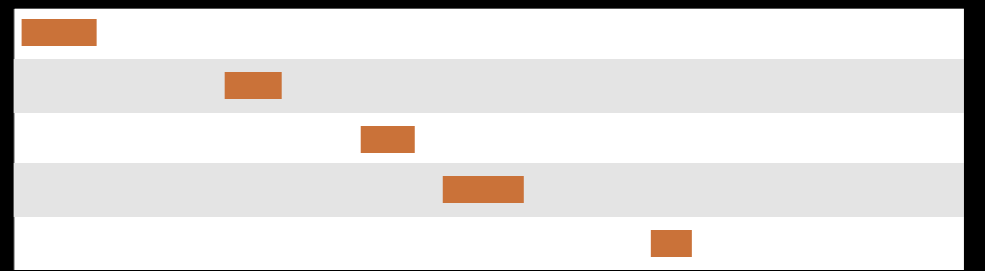


Repeats

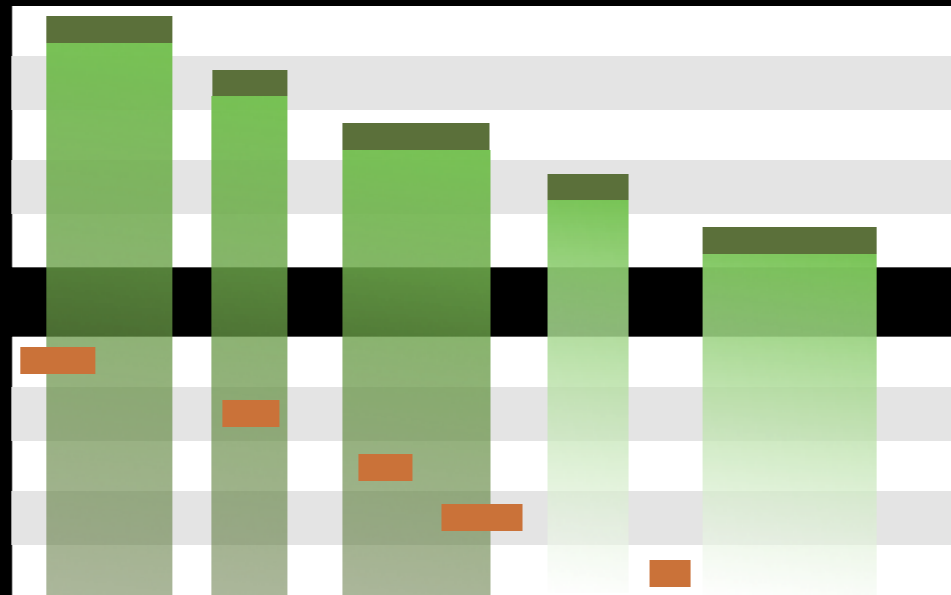
(Identify which exons have Repeats)



Exons



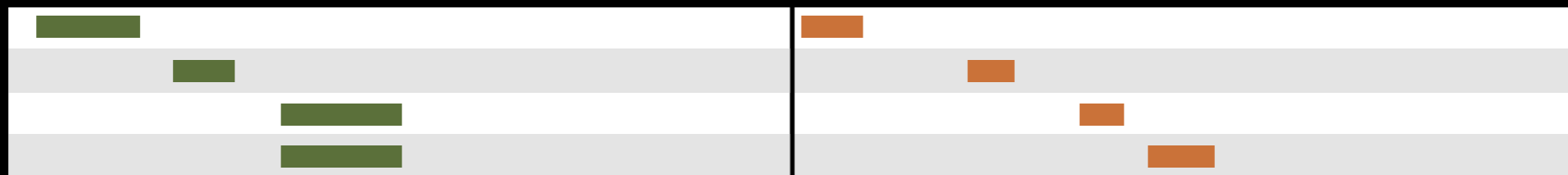
Repeats



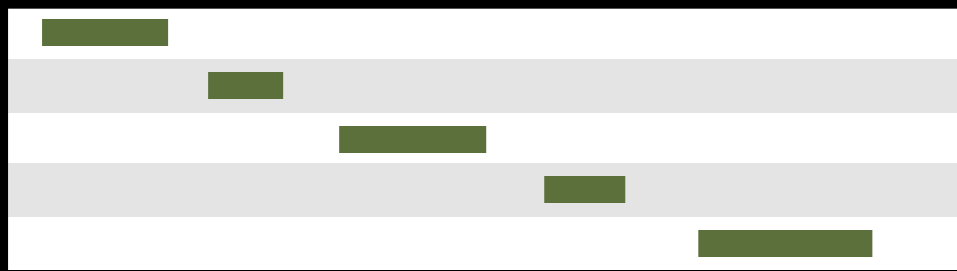
Exons

Repeats

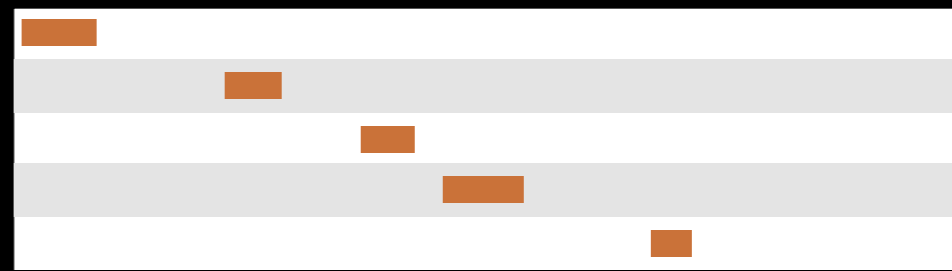
Overlap pairings



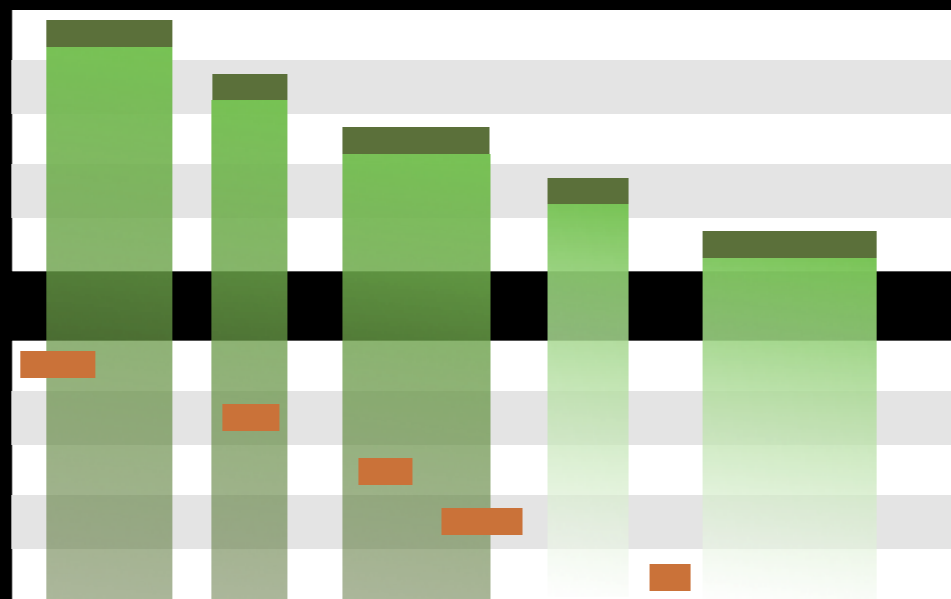
Operate on Genomic Intervals → Join  
 (Identify which exons have Repeats)



Exons



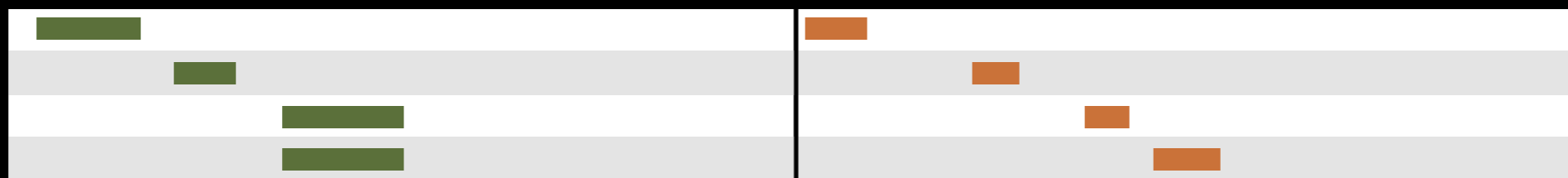
Repeats



Exons

Repeats

Overlap pairings



(Count Repeats per exon)

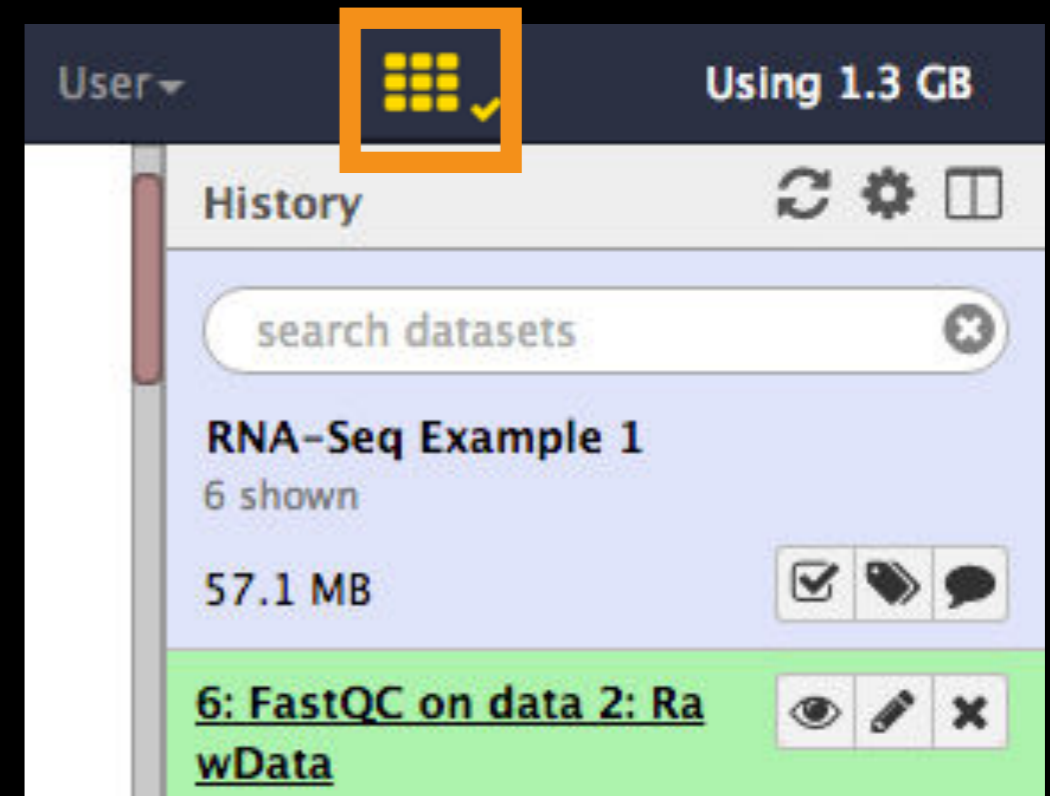
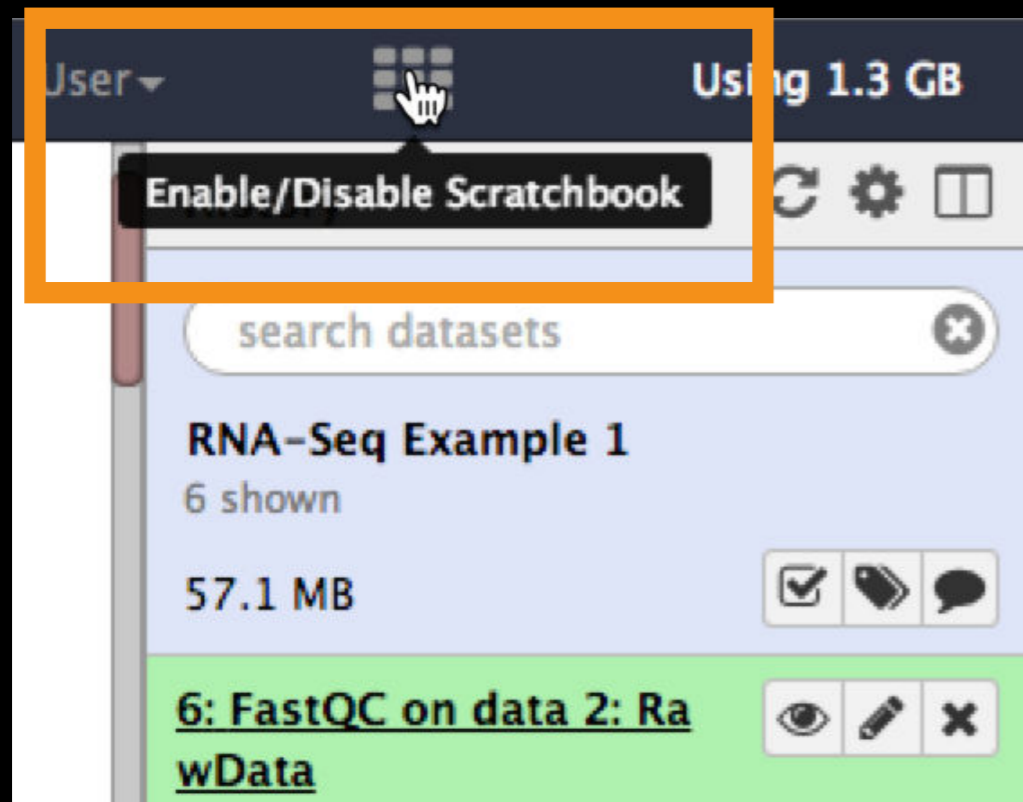


Exon overlap counts

Join, Subtract, and Group → Group

Published History: Exons with overlapping repeats, basic

# Scratchbook: View multiple datasets



And the icon turns **yellow**!

Poke a dataset in the eye, and then poke another dataset in the eye.

Yay!

We have exon names and counts!

We are now going to extend that work.

Let's **create a copy** of this history that we will extend.

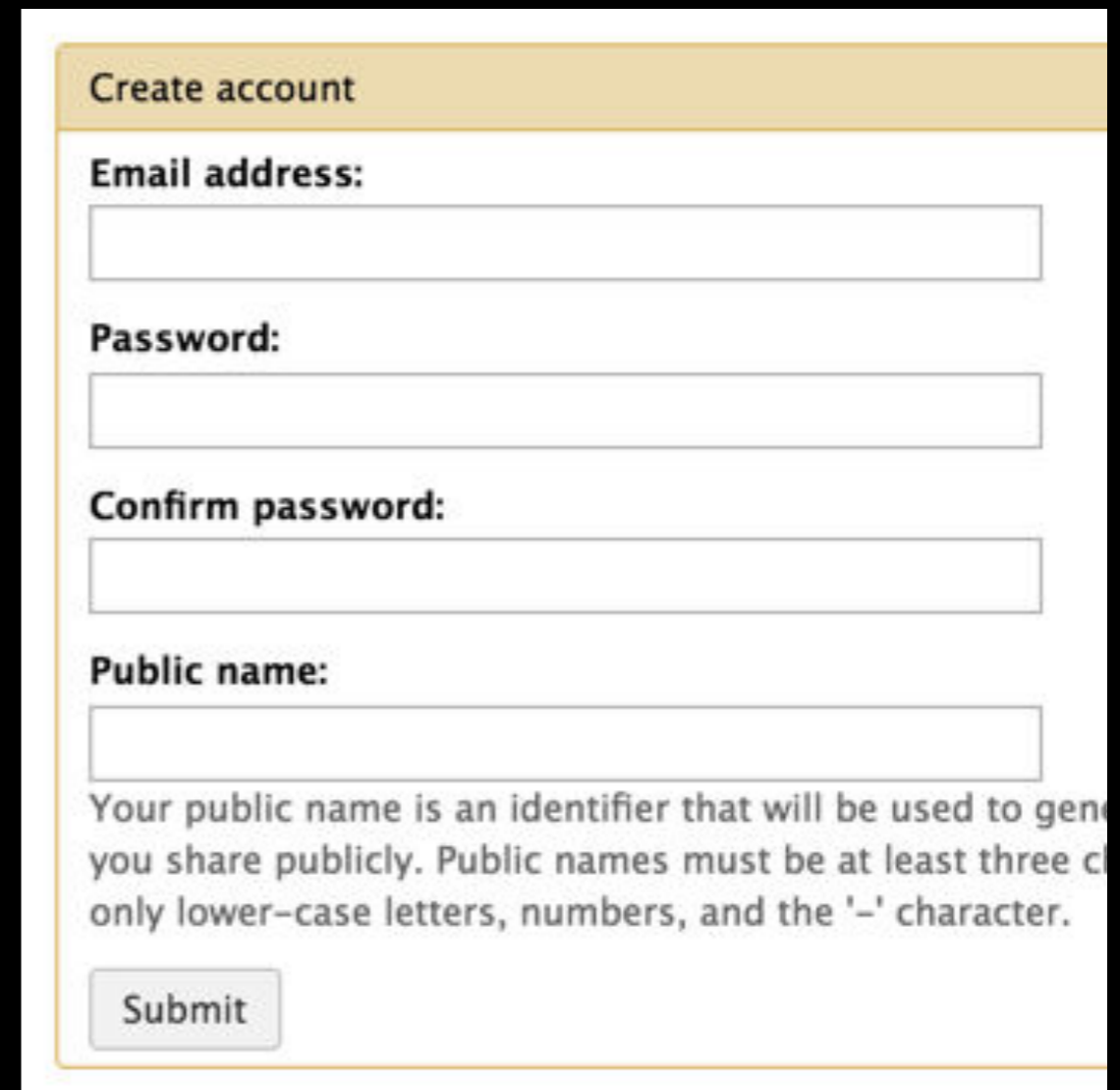
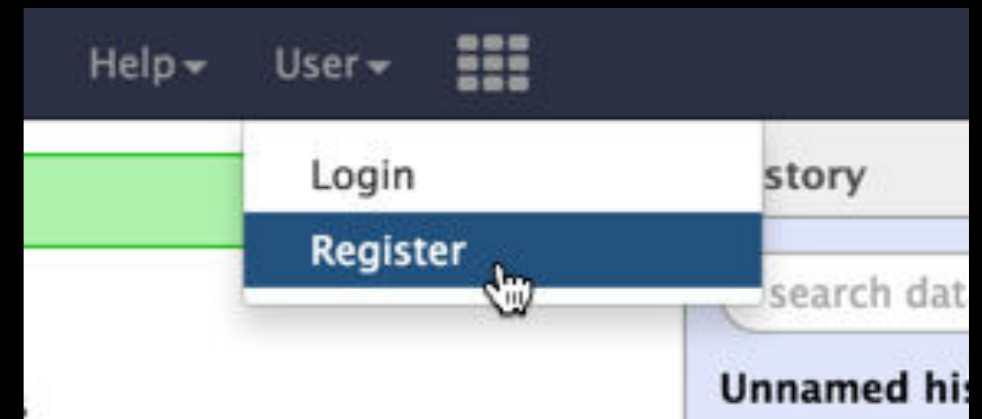
# But first, create a login

Don't need to login to use Galaxy, but do need one to use all its features

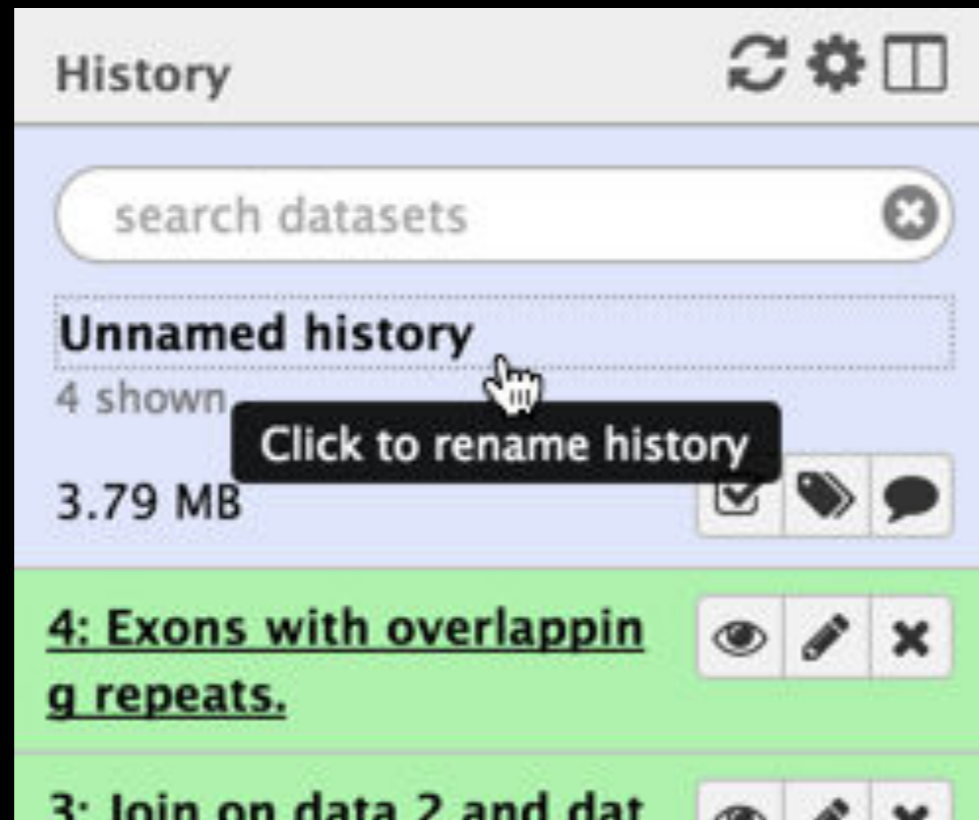
Use an email address you can remember.

Use a low security password.

This account will go away after class.

A screenshot of a 'Create account' form. The form has a yellow header with the text 'Create account'. Below the header are four input fields: 'Email address:', 'Password:', 'Confirm password:', and 'Public name:'. Below the 'Public name:' field is a paragraph of text: 'Your public name is an identifier that will be used to generate your public profile. Public names must be at least three characters long and can only contain lower-case letters, numbers, and the '-' character.' At the bottom of the form is a 'Submit' button.

# Second, name your existing history



Give your existing history a meaningful name.

# 3rd, make a copy of your history



(cog) → Copy History

Name the copy based on the exercise you pick

Becomes your new current history.

The screenshot shows a software interface with a 'History' menu open. The menu is organized into several sections: 'HISTORY LISTS' (Saved Histories, Histories Shared with Me), 'HISTORY ACTIONS' (Create New, Copy History, Share or Publish, Show Structure, Extract Workflow, Delete, Delete Permanently), 'DATASET ACTIONS' (Copy Datasets, Dataset Security, Resume Paused Jobs, Collapse Expanded Datasets, Unhide Hidden Datasets, Delete Hidden Datasets, Purge Deleted Datasets), 'DOWNLOADS' (Export Tool Citations, Export History to File), and 'OTHER ACTIONS' (Import from File). The 'Copy History' option is highlighted with a blue background and a mouse cursor icon. The background of the interface shows a list of exercises with titles like '4: Ex...', '3: Joi...', '2: Re...', and '1: Ex...'.



# Exons & Repeats: Convert our list to BED format

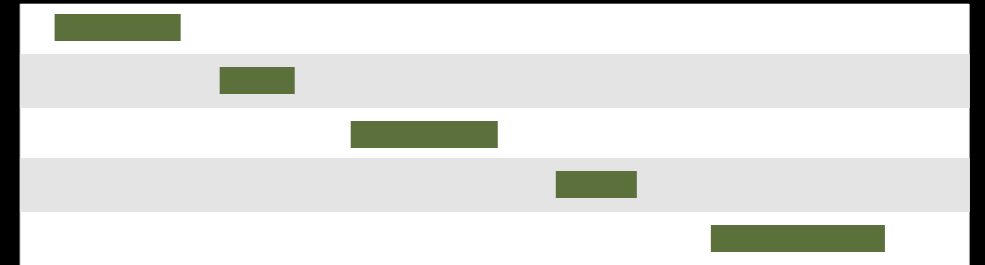
Create the **list of exons** with overlapping repeats, **in 6-column BED format**. Set the score column to be the number of overlapping repeats that exon has.

Everything you need will be in these toolboxes

- Text manipulation (**cut is particularly useful**)
- Join, subtract and group
- Filter and sort
- Operate on genomic intervals

	1
	1
	2

Exon overlap counts



Exons

	1		0
	1		0
	2		0

Join on exon name

Join, Subtract, and Group → Join

(Incorporate the overlap count with rest of Exon information)



# List of exons with overlaps, in BED format

Edit attributes step at the end:

The screenshot displays the Galaxy web interface. On the left, the 'Datatype' step is active, showing a dropdown menu with 'bed' selected. Below the dropdown, a text box explains that changing the datatype will not modify the dataset's contents. A 'Save' button is visible at the bottom of this section. On the right, the 'History' panel shows a list of datasets. The dataset '6: Exons with overlapping repeats, in BED' is highlighted in green, and its 'edit' icon (a pencil) is circled in orange. The history entry includes details such as '792 regions', 'format: interval, database: hg38', and a description of the score column. A table header is partially visible at the bottom of the history panel, showing columns for '1. Chrom', '2. Start', '3. End', and '4. Name'.

Published History: Exons with overlapping repeats, in BED

# Some Galaxy Terminology

## **Dataset:**

Any input, output or intermediate set of data + metadata

## **History:**

A series of inputs, analysis steps, intermediate datasets, and outputs

## **Workflow:**

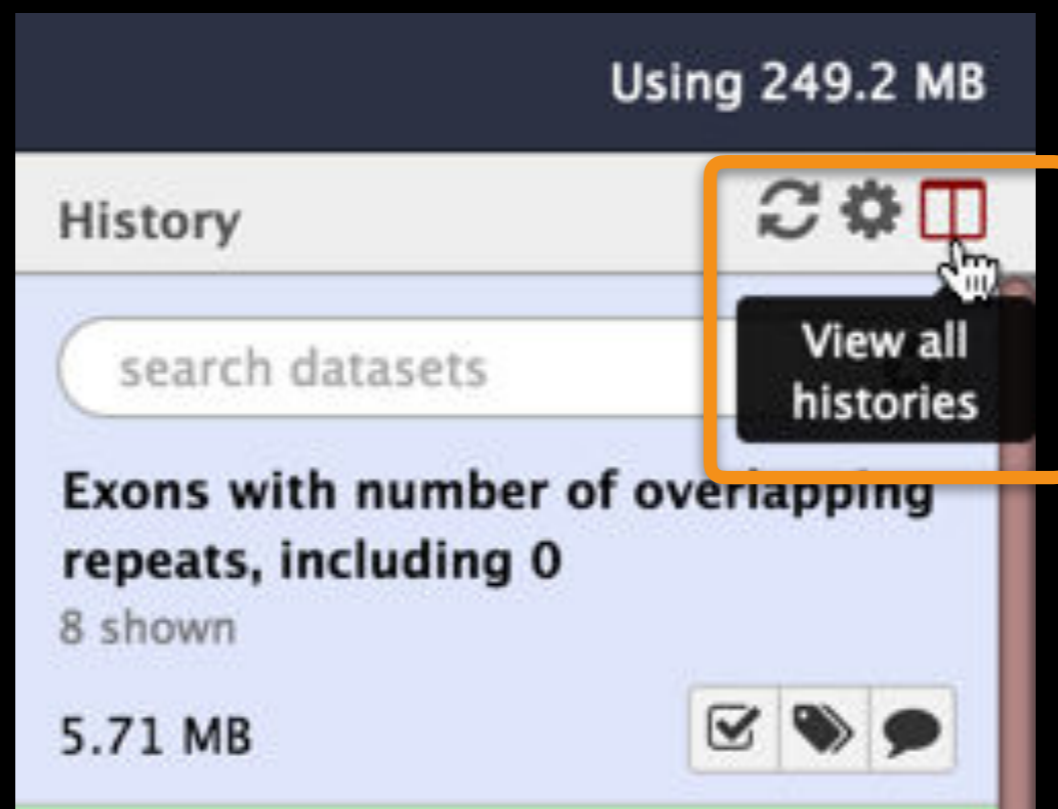
A series of analysis steps

Can be repeated with different data

# Exons and Repeats *History* → Reusable *Workflow*?

- The analysis we just finished was about
  - Human chr22
  - Overlap between exons and repeats
  - And then rolling that up to genes
- But, ...
  - is there anything inherent in the analysis **about humans, exons or repeats?**

# Get back to the original history



# Get back to the original history

The screenshot displays the Galaxy web interface with three history panels. The top navigation bar includes 'Galaxy', 'Analyze Data', 'Workflow', 'Shared Data', 'Visualization', 'Help', and 'User'. The top right corner shows 'Using 2.1 MB'. The interface is divided into three main sections, each with a 'Switch to' button highlighted in orange and numbered '1'. The leftmost section is titled 'Current History' and contains a 'Done' button highlighted in orange and numbered '2'. Below the 'Done' button is a search bar for 'histories'. The middle section is titled 'Exons with number of overlapping repeats, including 0' and contains a search bar for 'all datasets'. The rightmost section is titled 'Exon Repeat Counts, chr22' and contains a search bar for 'all datasets'. Each section displays a list of data analysis steps and their outputs. The leftmost section shows '6: Exons w # overlapping repeats, BED format' and '5: Join two Datasets on data 4 and data 1'. The middle section shows '7: Exons with # of overlapping repeats, including those with 0 overlaps'. The rightmost section shows '4: Exons with number of overlapping repeats', '3: Join on data 2 and data 1', '2: Repeats, chr22', and '1: Exons, chr22'. The interface also includes a 'Loading histories...' indicator on the right side.



# Create a Workflow from a History

## Extract Workflow from history

Create a workflow from this history.  
Edit it to make some things clearer.



(cog) → Extract Workflow

The screenshot shows a 'History' window with a search bar and a list of history items. A context menu is open over the list, showing various actions. The 'Extract Workflow' option is highlighted with an orange border. The menu is organized into several sections:

- HISTORY LISTS**
  - Saved Histories
  - Histories Shared with Me
- HISTORY ACTIONS**
  - Create New
  - Copy History
  - Share or Publish
  - Show Structure
  - Extract Workflow** (highlighted)
  - Delete
  - Delete Permanently
- DATASET ACTIONS**
  - Copy Datasets
  - Dataset Security
  - Resume Paused Jobs
  - Collapse Expanded Datasets
  - Unhide Hidden Datasets
  - Delete Hidden Datasets
  - Purge Deleted Datasets
- DOWNLOADS**
  - Export Tool Citations
  - Export History to File
- OTHER ACTIONS**
  - Import from File

# Create a Workflow from a History: ...

The following list contains each tool that was run to create the datasets in your current history. Please select those that you wish to include in the workflow.

Tools which cannot be run interactively and thus cannot be incorporated into a workflow will be shown in gray.

## Workflow name

Workflow constructed from history 'Exons with overlapping repeats, basic'

Create Workflow

Check all

Uncheck all

## Tool

## History items created

UCSC Main

*This tool cannot be used in workflows*



1: Exons, chr22

Treat as input dataset

UCSC Main

*This tool cannot be used in workflows*



2: Repeats, chr22

Treat as input dataset

Join

Include "Join" in workflow



3: Join on data 2 and data 1

Group

Include "Group" in workflow



4: Exons with overlapping repeat  
s.

# Workflow editor

The screenshot displays a workflow editor interface with three main sections: Tools, Workflow Canvas, and Details.

- Tools:** A sidebar on the left containing a search bar and a list of tool categories such as Inputs, Get Data, Send Data, Lift-Over, Text Manipulation, Filter and Sort, NGS: QC and manipulation, NGS: DeepTools, NGS: Mapping, NGS: RNA Analysis, NGS: SAM Tools, NGS: BAM Tools, NGS: Picard, NGS: Variant Analysis, NGS: VCF Manipulation, NGS: ChIP-seq, Join, Subtract and Group, Operate on Genomic Intervals, BEDtools, Convert Formats, FASTA manipulation, Extract Features, Fetch Sequences, and Fetch Alignments.
- Workflow Canvas:** The central workspace titled "Workflow Canvas | count overlapping features" shows a workflow on a grid background. It consists of three main steps: two "Input dataset" blocks, a "Join" block, and a "Group" block. The "Join" block is connected to both "Input dataset" blocks. The "Group" block is connected to the "Join" block. The "Group" block has an output field labeled "out\_file1 (tabular)".
- Details:** A panel on the right titled "Details" for the selected workflow. It includes:
  - Edit Workflow Attributes:**
    - Name:** count overlapping features
    - Tags:** A tag icon and a text input field.
    - Annotation / Notes:** A text area with the text: "Describe or add notes to workflow. Add an annotation or notes to a workflow; annotations are available when a workflow is viewed."

Published Workflow: Count Overlaps Between Feature Sets

# Workflow editor: save your changes

The screenshot displays a workflow editor interface. On the left, a sidebar lists tool categories: Inputs, Get Data, Send Data, Lift-Over, Text Manipulation, Filter and Sort, NGS: QC and manipulation, NGS: DeepTools, NGS: Mapping, NGS: RNA Analysis, NGS: SAM Tools, NGS: BAM Tools, NGS: Picard, NGS: Variant Analysis, NGS: VCF Manipulation, NGS: CHIP-seq, Join, Subtract and Group, Operate on Genomic Intervals, BEDtools, Convert Formats, FASTA manipulation, Extract Features, Fetch Sequences, and Fetch Alignments. The main canvas, titled 'Workflow Canvas | count overlapping features', shows a workflow with two 'Input dataset' tools connected to a 'Join' tool. The 'Join' tool has a context menu open over it, with options: Save, Run, Edit Attributes, Auto Re-layout, and Close. The 'Save' option is highlighted. The top right corner shows a 'Details' panel with 'Edit Workflow Attributes' and 'Workflow Attributes' sections. A small preview window at the bottom right shows a grid of colored rectangles representing overlapping features.

Published Workflow: Feature Overlap Counting

# Workflow Testing

Guided: rerun with same inputs

Workflow → Run

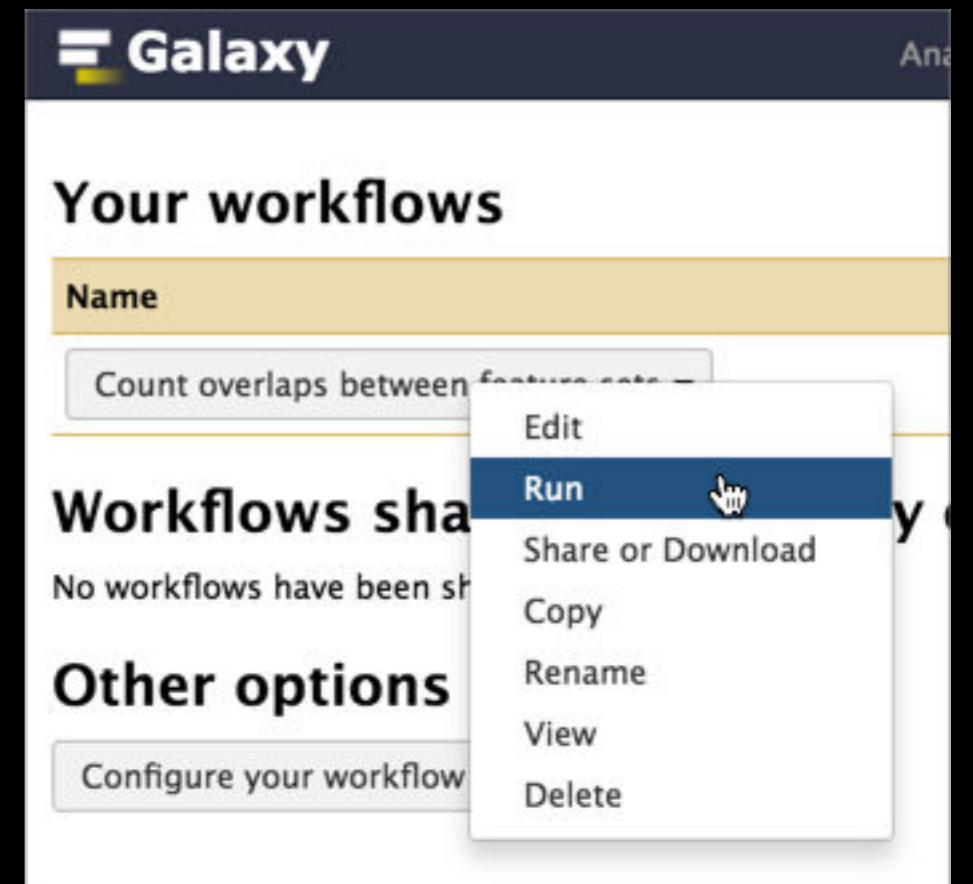
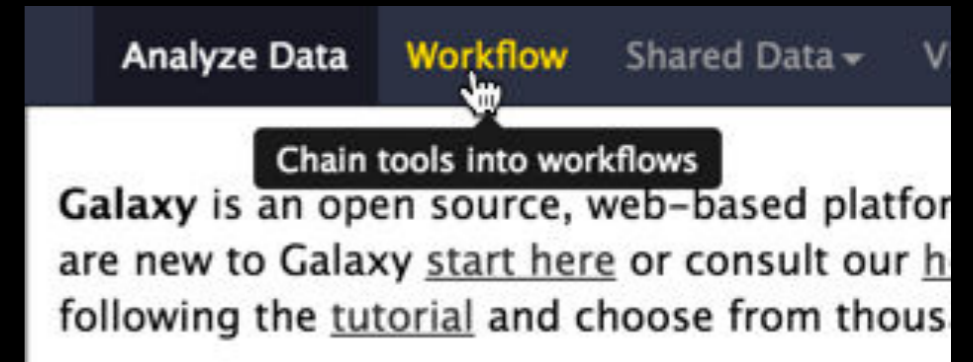
Did that work?

On your own:

Count # of exons overlapping each  
repeat

Did that work? *Why not?*

Edit workflow: doc assumptions



Published Workflow: Count overlaps between feature sets

# Workflows: Sweet spots

**Short, well-defined tasks**, with well-defined inputs and outputs.

**Analysis pipelines for large experiments** with many samples where sample and data preparation protocols are the same throughout.

# Dataset collections!

**Dataset Collections** give Galaxy **semantic knowledge about dataset relationships.**

Tools can then take advantage of this knowledge.

# Dataset collections

History ↻ ⚙️ 📄

search datasets ✕

Unnamed history  
7 shown

88.63 MB ☑️ 📄 🗨️

**7: chr12.gene... sic.annotation.gtf**

**6: R3G REP3 Mapped Filtered** 👁️ ✎️ ✕

**5: R3G REP2 Mapped Filtered** 👁️ ✎️ ✕

**4: R3G REP1 Mapped Filtered** 👁️ ✎️ ✕

**3: MeOH REP3 Mapped Filtered** 👁️ ✎️ ✕

**2: MeOH REP2 Mapped Filtered** 👁️ ✎️ ✕

**1: MeOH REP1 Mapped Filtered** 👁️ ✎️ ✕

Operations on multiple datasets

History ↻ ⚙️ 📄

search datasets ✕

Unnamed history  
7 shown

88.63 MB ☑️ 📄 🗨️

All None For all selected...

- Hide datasets
- Unhide datasets
- Delete datasets
- Undelete datasets
- Permanently delete datasets
- Build Dataset List**
- Build Dataset Pair
- Build List of Dataset Pairs

**2: MeOH REP2 Mapped Filtered**

**1: MeOH REP1 Mapped Filtered**



# Dataset collections

## Create a collection from a list of datasets

Collections of datasets are permanent, ordered lists of datasets that can be passed to tools and workflows in ... [More help](#)

[Start over](#)

[MeOH\\_REP3 Mapped Filtered](#)

Discard

[MeOH\\_REP2 Mapped Filtered](#)

Discard

[MeOH\\_REP1 Mapped Filtered](#)

Discard

Name:

Cancel

Create list

Thank you for using Galaxy.

# Dataset collections



History   

search datasets 

Unnamed history  
9 shown







88.63 MB   

- 9: R3G   
a list of datasets
- 8: MeOH   
a list of datasets
- 7: chr12.gencode.v25.bas  
sic.annotation.gtf   
- 6: R3G REP3 Mapped Filte  
red   
- 5: R3G REP2 Mapped Filte  
red   
- 4: R3G REP1 Mapped Filte  
red   
- 3: MeOH REP3 Mapped F  
iltered   
- 2: MeOH REP2 Mapped F  
iltered   
- 1: MeOH REP1 Mapped F  
iltered   

History   

< [Back to Unnamed history](#)

MeOH  
a list of datasets

- MeOH REP3 Mapped Filtere  
d  
- MeOH REP2 Mapped Filtere  
d  
- MeOH REP1 Mapped Filtere  
d  

# How to better understand bioinformatics & Galaxy

- **Experiment.** (You are already used to the idea and) Galaxy makes it easy
- **Read** tool documentation and tool and method review papers
- **Get Help!**
  - <http://biostars.org/>
  - <http://seqanswers.com/>
  - <https://biostar.usegalaxy.org/>
  - <http://galaxyproject.org/search>





26 - 30 June France

# GCC 2017 Montpellier



Le Corum  
Conference centre

[gcc2017.sciencesconf.org](http://gcc2017.sciencesconf.org)

# Galaxy Community Resources: Galaxy **Biostar**

**Tens of thousands of users** leads to a lot of questions.

Absolutely have to **encourage community support.**

Project traditionally used mailing list

Moved the **user support list** to **Galaxy Biostar**, an online **forum**, that uses the Biostar platform



<https://biostar.usegalaxy.org/>

# Scaling Training

## Galaxy Training Network: Trainer Locations

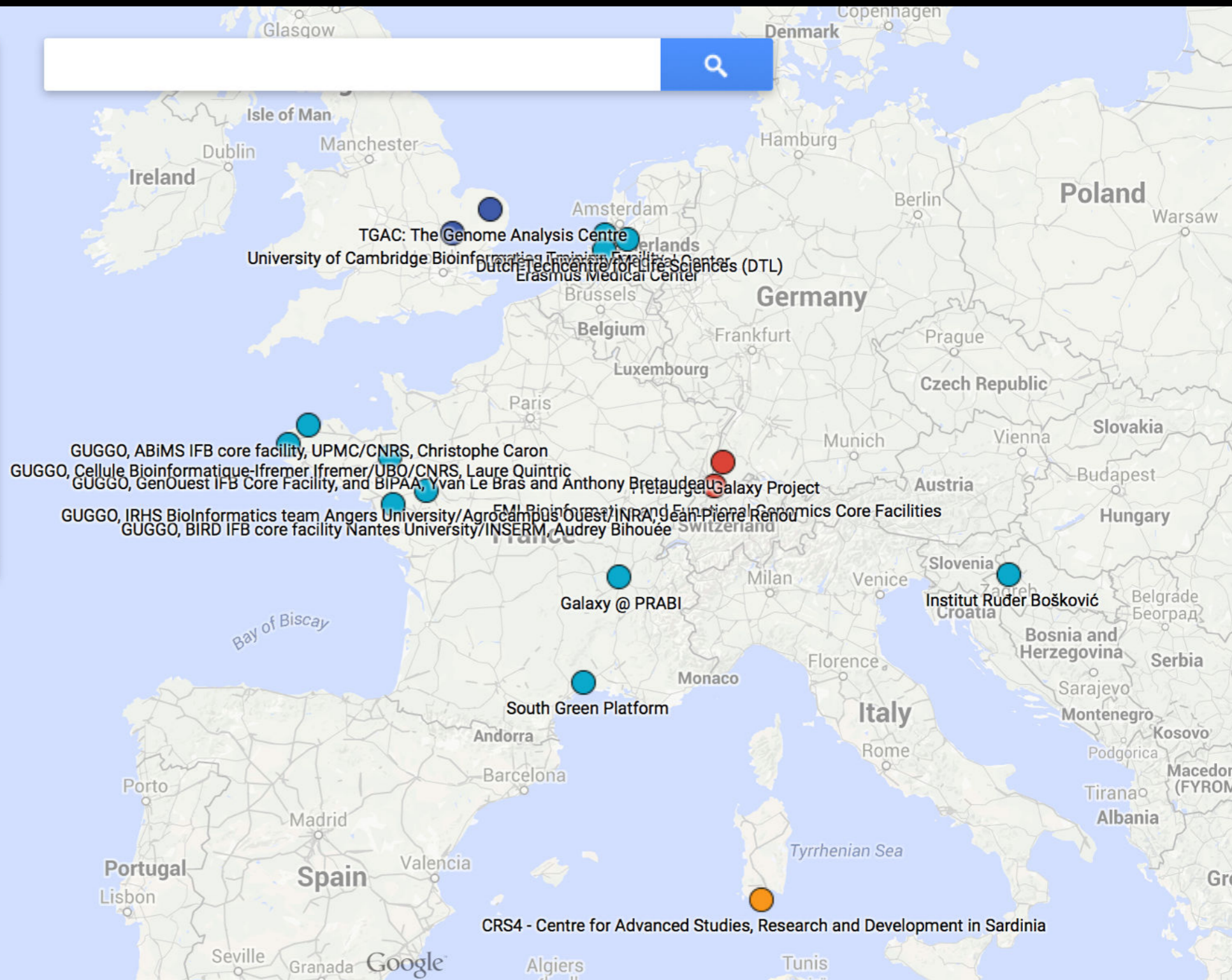
The Galaxy Training Network  
(<https://wiki.galaxyproject.org/Teach/GTN>)



Made with Google My Maps

### Trainers

- Global
- Regional
- Local
- Continental
- Institution



Galaxy Training Network

[bit.ly/gxygtn](https://bit.ly/gxygtn)



# Galaxy Community Resources: Mailing Lists

<http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/MailingLists>

## Galaxy-Dev

Questions about developing for and deploying Galaxy  
High volume (2336 posts in 2015, 1000+ members)

## Galaxy-Announce

Project announcements, low volume, moderated  
Low volume ( 36 posts in 2015, 6500+ members)

Also **Galaxy-UK, -France, -Proteomics, -Training, ...**



# Unified Search: <http://galaxyproject.org/search>

**Galaxy Web Search**

Google™ Custom Search   x

Search the entire set of Galaxy web sites and mailing lists using Google.

[Run this search at Google.com \(useful for bookmarking\)](#)

Want a [different search?](#)

[Project home](#)

**Galaxy Web Search**

chip-seq

All Tools Email Source code Shared Documentation Abstracts Requests

About 444 results (0.06 seconds)

Galaxy | Accessible Page | ChIP-seq exercise

- Find**
- Everything on ...
  - Tools for ...
  - Email about ...
  - Source code for ...
  - Published Histories, Pages, Workflows, about ...
  - Documentation on ...
  - Papers using Galaxy for ...
  - Related feature requests



**Galaxy** is an open, web-based platform for *accessible, reproducible, and transparent* computational biomedical research.

- **Accessible:** Users without programming experience can easily specify parameters and run tools and workflows.
- **Reproducible:** Galaxy captures information so that any user can repeat and understand a complete computational analysis.
- **Transparent:** Users share and publish analyses via the web and create Pages, interactive, web-based documents that describe a complete analysis.

This is the Galaxy Community Wiki. It describes all things Galaxy.

## Use Galaxy

Galaxy's public web server [usegalaxy.org](http://usegalaxy.org) makes analysis tools, genomic data, tutorial demonstrations, persistent workspaces, and publication services available to any scientist. Extensive [user documentation](#) applicable to any [public](#) or local Galaxy instance is available.



## Community & Project

Galaxy has a large and active user community and many ways to get involved.

- [Community](#)

## Deploy Galaxy

Galaxy is a free and open source project available to all. Local Galaxy servers can be set up by [downloading](#) the Galaxy application.

- [Admin](#)
- [Cloud](#)




## Contribute

- **Users:** [Share](#) your histories, workflows, visualizations, data libraries, and [Galaxy Pages](#), enabling others to use and learn from them.

## Use Galaxy

- [Servers](#) • [Learn](#)
- [Main](#) • [Choices](#)
- [Share](#) • [Search](#)

## Communicate

- [Support](#) • [Biostar](#)
- [Events](#) • [Mailing Lists](#)
- [News](#)  • [Twitter](#)

## Deploy Galaxy

- [Get Galaxy](#) • [Cloud](#)
- [Admin](#) • [Tool Config](#)
- [Tool Shed](#) • [Search](#)

## Contribute

- [Develop](#) • [Tools](#)
- [Issues & Requests](#)
- [Logs](#) • [Deployments](#)
- [Teach](#)

## Galaxy Project

- [Home](#) • [About](#) • [Cite](#)
- [Community](#)
- [Big Picture](#)

# Events

# News

## Galaxy Event Horizon

Events with Galaxy-related content are listed here.

Also see the [Galaxy Events Google Calendar](#) for a listing of events and deadlines that are in the Galaxy Community. This is also available as an [RSS feed](#).

If you know of any event that should be added to this page and/or to the Galaxy Event Calendar, send it to [outreach@glaxyproject.org](mailto:outreach@glaxyproject.org).

For events prior to this year, see the [Events Archive](#).

## Upcoming Events



Date	Topic/Event	Venue/Location
December 12	<a href="#">Introduction to Galaxy Workshop</a>	Virginia State University, Petersburg, Virginia
December 16-19	<a href="#">RNA-Seq and ChIP-Seq Analysis with Galaxy</a>	UC Davis, California, United States
<b>2015</b>		
January 10-14	<a href="#">Galaxy for SNP and Variant Data Analysis</a>	Plant and Animal Genome XXIII (PAG2014), States
January 19-20	<a href="#">NGS pipelines with Galaxy</a>	e-Infrastructures for Massively Parallel Sequencing, Sweden
February 9-13	<a href="#">Analyse bioinformatique de séquences sous Galaxy</a>	Montpellier, France
February 16-18	<a href="#">Accessible and Reproducible Large-Scale Analysis with Galaxy</a>	Genome and Transcriptome Analysis, Plant and Animal Genome Conference, San Francisco, California
	<a href="#">Large-Scale NGS data Analysis on Amazon Web Services Using Globus Genomic iReport: An Integrative "omics"</a>	Genomics & Sequencing Data Integration, of Molecular Medicine Tri-Conference, San Francisco, California

## News Items

### Opening at McMaster University

The [McArthur Lab](#) in the [McMaster University Department of Biochemistry & Biomedical Sciences](#) is seeking a Systems Administrator / Information Technologist to help establish a new bioinformatics laboratory at McMaster, plus develop the next generation of the [Comprehensive Antibiotic Resistance Database \(CARD\)](#).



From the [job announcement on EvolDir](#):

The candidate will configure BLADE and other hardware for general bioinformatics analysis, development of a GIT version control system, **construction of an in house Galaxy server (usegalaxy.org)**, and development of a new interface, stand-alone tools, APIs, and algorithms for the CARD (based on [Chado](#)).

See the [full announcement](#) for details.

Posted to the [Galaxy News](#) on 2014-12-05

### December 2014 Galaxy Newsletter

As always there's a lot going on in the Galaxy this month. "Like what?" you say. Well, read the dang [December Galaxy Newsletter](#) we say! Highlights include:



- [Galaxy Day! In Paris! This Wednesday!](#)
- Near Richmond, Virginia? There's a [Galaxy Workshop at Virginia State U on December 12](#).
- [GCC2015 needs sponsors!](#)
- [Other upcoming events](#) on two continents
- **96 new papers**, including 6 highlighted papers, referencing, using, extending, and implementing Galaxy.
- [Job openings at 7+ organizations](#)
- A new mailing list: [Galaxy-Training](#)
- [15 new ToolShed repositories from 10 contributors](#)
- And, [10 other juicy](#) (well maybe not *juicy*, but certainly not *crunchy*) [bits of news](#)

Dave Clements and the *crisp* Galaxy Team

Posted to the [Galaxy News](#) on 2014-12-01

### Bioinformaticians, Freiburg

[Max Planck Institute of Immunobiology and Epigenetics](#) in Freiburg, Germany has an opening for a Bioinformatician for an initial period of two years. The successful candidate will work at the interface between an in-house deep-sequencing facility (HiSeq-2500) and the various research groups at the institute. Main responsibilities include



primary analysis of deep-sequencing data and quality controls

# Galaxy Resources & Community: Videos

The screenshot shows the Vimeo channel page for the Galaxy Project. At the top, the Vimeo logo is on the left, and navigation links for 'Me', 'Videos', 'Create', 'Watch', 'Tools', and 'Upload' are in the center. A search bar is on the right. Below the navigation, the channel name 'Galaxy Project' is displayed with a 'PLUS' badge and the text 'Joined 1 month ago'. A statistics bar shows 54 Videos, 0 Likes, 0 Following, 1 Group, 6 Channels, and 0 Albums. The 'Recently Uploaded' section features four video thumbnails:

- Using Galaxy protocol 3: Calling Peaks For CHIP-seq Data** (CPB Using Galaxy 3, 5 days ago)
- Using Galaxy protocol 2: Loading Data and Understanding Datatypes** (CPB Using Galaxy 2, 5 days ago)
- Using Galaxy protocol 1: Finding Human Coding Exons with Highest SNP Density** (CPB Using Galaxy 1, 5 days ago)
- FASTQ Prep - Illumina** (FASTQ Prep - Illumina, 1 week ago)

On the left side of the channel page, there is a 'Settings' button and a paragraph of text: 'Galaxy is an open, web-based platform for data intensive biomedical research. Whether on this free public server or your own instance, you can perform, reproduce, and share complete analyses. The Galaxy team is a part of BX at Penn State, and the Biology and Mathematics and Computer Science departments at Emory University. The Galaxy Project is supported in part by NSF, NHGRI, The Huck Institutes of the Life Sciences, The Institute for'.

“How to”  
screencasts on  
using and  
deploying  
Galaxy

Talks from  
previous  
meetings.

<http://vimeo.com/galaxyproject>

# Galaxy Resources & Community: CiteULike Group



CiteULike MyCiteULike Group: Galaxy Search Logged in as galaxyproject Log Out

## Group: Galaxy - library 3726 articles

You are an administrative member of this group.  
Invite [other CiteULike users](#) to join, or invite [people who don't use CiteULike yet](#).

Search Unwatch Copy Export Sort Hide Details

- Y-box protein 1 is required to sort microRNAs into exosomes in cells and in a**  
*eLife*, Vol. 5 (25 August 2016), [doi:10.7554/elife.19276](https://doi.org/10.7554/elife.19276)  
by [Matthew J. Shurtleff](#), [Morayma M. Temoche-Diaz](#), [Kate V. Karfilis](#), [Sayaka Ri](#), [Randy Sch](#)  
posted to [methods](#) [usemain](#) by [galaxyproject](#) to the group [Galaxy](#) keyed Shurtleff2016Ybox  
■ Copy ■ My Copy
- Validation and characterization of thirteen microsatellite markers for queen con**  
*PeerJ Preprints*, Vol. 4 (October 2016), [doi:10.7287/peerj.preprints.2559v1](https://doi.org/10.7287/peerj.preprints.2559v1)  
by [Nathan K. Truelove](#), [Loong Fai Ho](#), [Richard F. Preziosi](#), [Stephen J. Box](#)  
posted to [methods](#) [uselocal](#) by [galaxyproject](#) to the group [Galaxy](#) keyed 10.7287/peerj.prep  
03:36:18 ★★/  
■ Abstract ■ Copy
- Transcriptomic analysis reveals how a lack of potassium ions increases Sulfo**  
**sensitivity to pH changes**  
*Microbiology*, Vol. 162, No. 8. (01 August 2016), pp. 1422-1434, [doi:10.1099/mic.0.000314](https://doi.org/10.1099/mic.0.000314)  
by [Antoine Buetti-Dinh](#), [Ran Friedman](#), [Olga Dethlefsen](#), [Mark Dopson](#)  
posted to [methods](#) by [galaxyproject](#) to the group [Galaxy](#) keyed BuettiDinh2016Transcripto  
■ Copy ■ My Copy

### Group Tags

All tags in the group Galaxy

Filter:

[\[Display as Cloud\]](#)

<a href="#">methods</a>	1864
<a href="#">workbench</a>	1030
<a href="#">usemain</a>	397
<a href="#">usepublic</a>	373
<a href="#">tools</a>	258
<a href="#">isgalaxy</a>	194
<a href="#">uselocal</a>	184
<a href="#">refpublic</a>	164
<a href="#">cloud</a>	144
<a href="#">other</a>	121
<a href="#">shared</a>	105
<a href="#">reproducibility</a>	97
<a href="#">unknown</a>	72
<a href="#">howto</a>	65
<a href="#">project</a>	54
<a href="#">visualization</a>	27
<a href="#">usecloud</a>	7

Now  
almost  
4000  
papers

<http://bit.ly/gxycul>

# The Galaxy Team



Enis Afgan



Dannon Baker



Dan Blankenberg



Dave Bouvier



Marten Cech



John Chilton



Dave Clements



Nate Coraor



Jeremy Goecks



Sam Guerler



Mo Heydarian



Jen Jackson



Vahid Jalili



Delphine Lariviere



Ross Lazarus



Anton Nekrutenko



Nick Stoler



James Taylor

<http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/GalaxyTeam>

# Acknowledgements

You  
Karen Eilbeck

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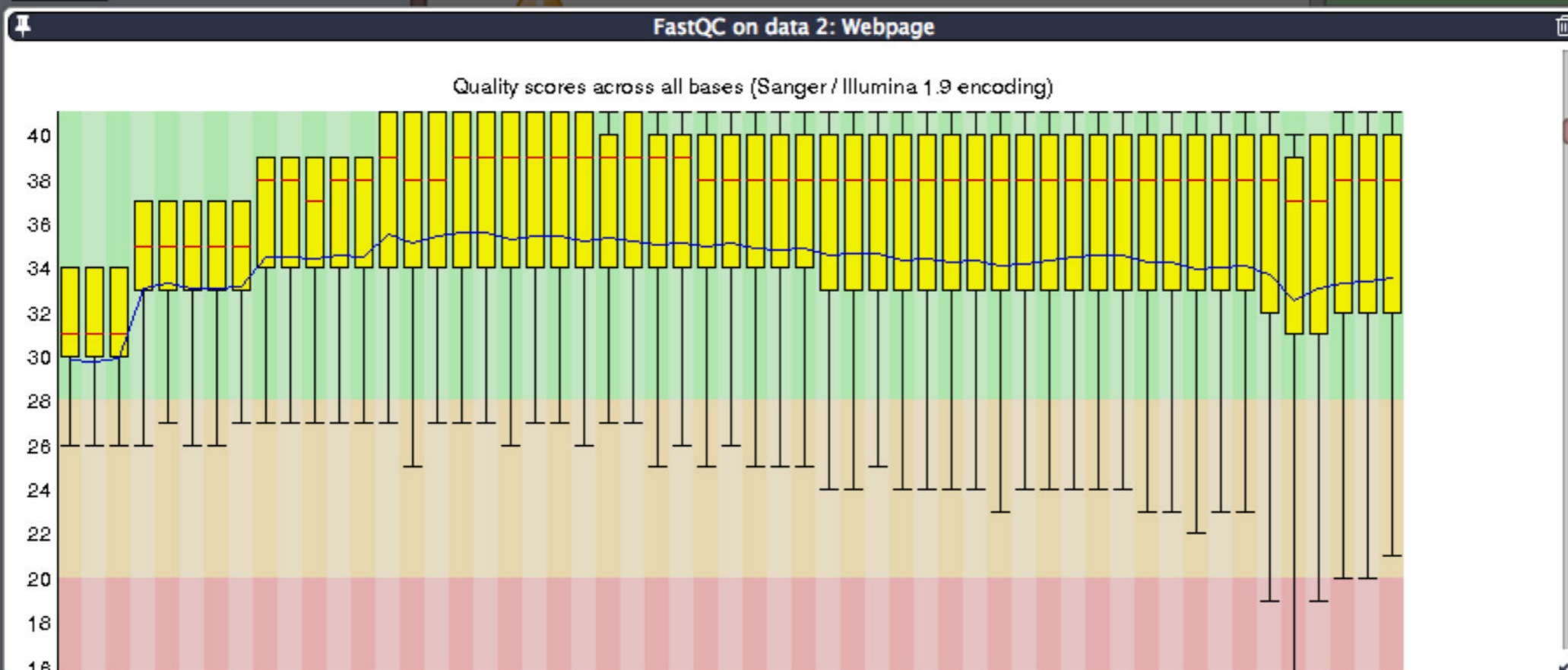
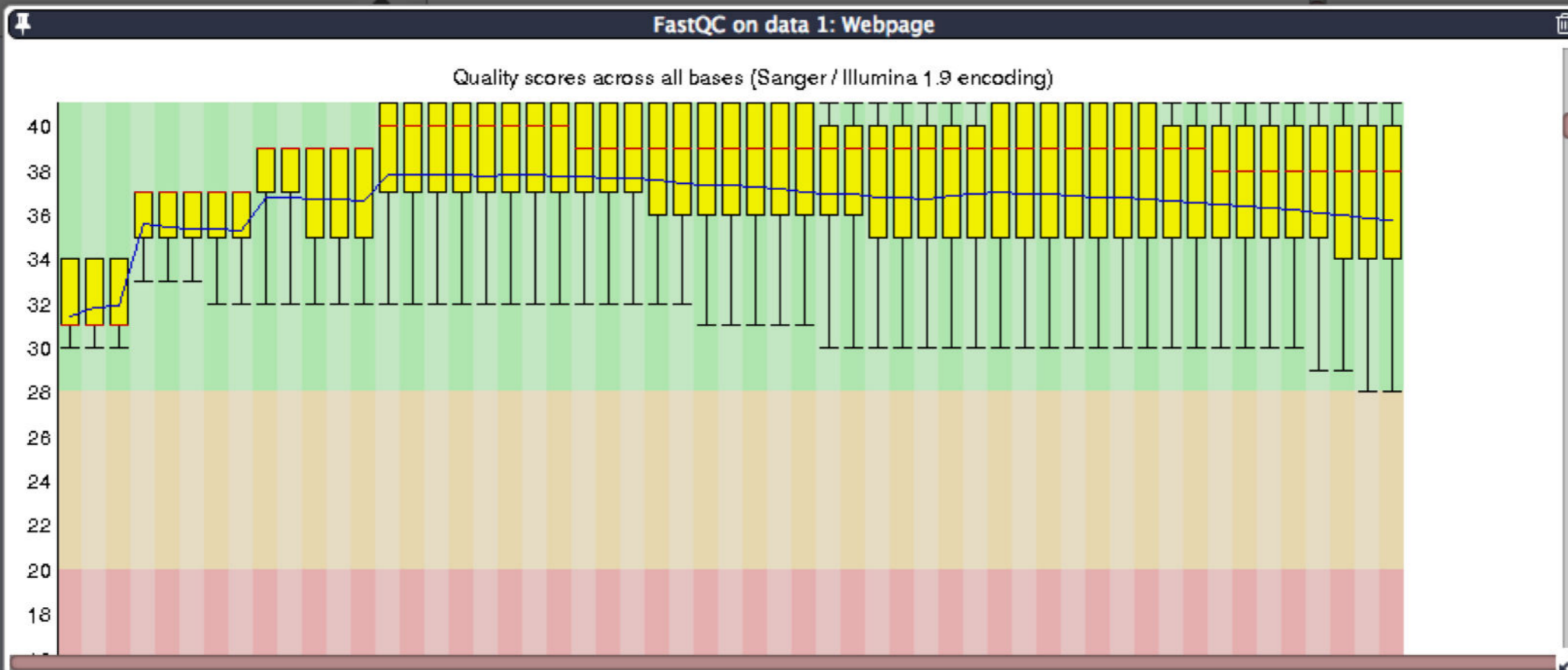
NIH  
XSEDE & Jetstream  
Johns Hopkins University  
Penn State University



Thanks







And after some resizing and scrolling you see this

# Your Friend: The Multiple datasets button

Trimmomatic flexible read trimming tool for Illumina NGS data (Galaxy

Options

Version 0.32.3)

Paired end data?

Yes

No

Input Type

Pair of datasets

Input FASTQ file (R1/first of pair)



1: MeOH\_REP1\_R1.fastq

**Multiple datasets** (R2/second of pair)



2: MeOH\_REP1\_R2.fastq

Perform initial ILLUMINACLIP step?

Yes

No

Cut adapter and other illumina-specific sequences from the read

Trimmomatic Operation

1: Trimmomatic Operation



Version 0.32.3)

## Paired end data?

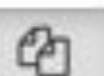
Yes

No

## Input Type

Pair of datasets

## Input FASTQ file (R1/first of pair)




11: R3G\_REP3\_R1.fastq

10: R3G\_REP2\_R2.fastq

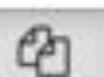
9: R3G\_REP2\_R1.fastq

8: R3G\_REP1\_R2.fastq

7: R3G\_REP1\_R1.fastq

 This is a batch mode input field. A separate job will be triggered for each dataset.

## Input FASTQ file (R2/second of pair)




12: R3G\_REP3\_R2.fastq

11: R3G\_REP3\_R1.fastq

10: R3G\_REP2\_R2.fastq

9: R3G\_REP2\_R1.fastq

8: R3G\_REP1\_R2.fastq

 This is a batch mode input field. A separate job will be triggered for each dataset.

## Perform initial ILLUMINACLIP step?

Yes

No