Galaxy for SNP and Variant Data Analysis

Plant and Animal Genome XXIII San Diego, California, United States January 13, 2015

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Galaxy Team <u>http://bit.ly/gxyteam</u>







Outline

4:00 Introduction: The Galactic Landscape

- 4:10 Variant Analysis: A worked example
- 5:40 Variant Analysis: Other options
- 5:50 Galaxy: Resources and Community

6:10 Done

Slides at http://bit.ly/

Goals

Provide a basic introduction to using Galaxy for bioinformatic analysis using SNP calling as the driving example.

Demonstrate how Galaxy can help you explore and learn options, perform analysis, and then share, repeat, and reproduce your analyses.

Not Goals

This workshop will not cover

- details of how tools are implemented, or
- new algorithm designs, or
- which SNP caller or mapper or peak caller or ... is best for you.

While this workshop does cover Galaxy you won't become a Galaxy expert in the next two hours.

What is Galaxy?

Data integration and analysis platform that emphasizes accessibility, reproducibility, and transparency

A free (for everyone) web server

Open source software

These options result in several ways to use Galaxy

http://galaxyproject.org

Galaxy is available ...

As a free (for everyone) web server integrating a wealth of tools, compute resources, petabytes of reference data and permanent storage

http://usegalaxy.org



However, a centralized solution cannot support the different analysis needs of the entire world.



Leveraging the national cyberinfrastructure for biomedical research LeDuc, et al. J Am Med Inform Assoc doi:10.1136/amiajnl-2013-002059

Galaxy is available ...

 As a free (for everyone) web service http://usegalaxy.org

• As open source software

http://getgalaxy.org

It is installed in locations around the world

Galaxy is available ...









The Open Source Toolkit for Cloud Computing

http://aws.amazon.com/education http://globus.org/ http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/Cloud

We are using the cloud today.

Galaxy is available: With Commercial Support

A ready-to-use appliance (BioTeam)

Cloud-based solutions (ABgenomica, AIS, GenomeCloud)

Consulting & Customization (Arctix, BioTeam, Deena Bioinformatics)









Galaxy Project: Further reading & Resources

http://galaxyproject.org http://usegalaxy.org http://getgalaxy.org http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/Cloud http://bit.ly/gxychoices

Outline

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SNP Calling

Basic SNP Calling Exercise Tutorial created by Dan Bolser of EMBL-EBI



Datasets from Institute of Population Genetics, University of Veterinary Medicine, Vienna (Vetmeduni Vienna)



Variant Calling: A General Plan

- Get to Galaxy
- Get data to look for variation in
- Get some reference
- Align reads to reference
- Call variants

Get started with Galaxy



Variant Calling: A General Plan

- Get to Galaxy
- Get data to look for variants in
- Align reads to reference
- Call variants



NGS: BAM Tools

NGS: Picard



Tools
Search tools

1

8

<u>Get Data</u>

Venn Diagram from lists

Upload File from your computer

UCSC Main table browser

UCSC Test table browser

UCSC Archaea table browser

EBI SRA ENA SRA

Get Microbial Data

BioMart Central server

Get Some Data (but don't) Using ENA read set ERR358492

| <mark></mark> Galaxy | Analyze Data | Workflow | Shared Data - | | Cloud - | Help - | User - | | C | Using 0% |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Tools | EMBL-EBI | ٠ | | | | | Services | Research | Training | About us |
| search tools | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| <u>Get Data</u> <u>Venn Diagram</u> from lists | Europe | | EN/ | | E | Examples: BNC | 000065, histone | | Adva Seq | earch anced uence |
| Upload File from your computer | Luiopee | | | | | | | | | |
| UCSC Main table browser | Home Sea | arch & Brow | vse Submit | & Update Al | bout EN | A Suppo | ort | | | |
| UCSC Test table browser | | | | | | i | | | | |
| UCSC Archaea table browser | O Pleas | e subscribe to | o ena-announce | mailing list her | e:listserv | er.ebi.ac.ul | k/mailman/lis | tin to rece | ive alerts a | bout ENA |
| EBI SRA ENA SRA | servio | ces. | | | | | | | | |
| Get Microbial Data | _ | | | | | | | | | |



SNP Calling: Get some data

ENA read set ERR358492

Wolbachia endosymbiont of Drosophila melanogaster; wol.F15ColdReplicate d(7) Illumina HiSeq 2000 paired end sequencing http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/ERR358492 http://bit.ly/ERR358492



Wolbachia endosymbiont of Drosophila melanogaster; wol.F15ColdReplicate d(7)

Illumina HiSeq 2000 paired end sequencing

Illumina HiSeq 2000 paired end sequencing

| View: XML | | h | ttp:/ | /bit | t.ly/EF | R358 | 492 | | Download: | <u>ck</u> ⊠ XML |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Submitting Centre Institute of Populati Genetics, University Veterinary Medicine Vienna (Vetmeduni | e Run Date on of , Vienna) | | Platform ILLUMINA | | Model Illumina H | liSeq 2000 | Read Count 522,080 | Base 103,6 | Count 558,531 | |
| Library Layout PAIRED | Library Stra WGS | tegy | Library Sou GENOMIC | rce | Library S RANDOM | election PCR | Library Nam unspecified | e | | |
| Navigation | Read Files | | | | | | | | | |
| This table contains t | he files for run ERR35 | 8492 | | | | | | | | |
| Download files | | | | | Fastq | Fastq | Su | bmitted | Submitte | d |
| View: TEXT | | | | | files | files | file | es (ftp) | files | |
| <u>Select columns</u> | | | | | (ftp) | (galax | y) | - (| (galaxy) | |
| Showing results 1 | - 1 of 1 results | | | | | | | | | |
| Study Secon accession study | dary Sample accession | Secondary sample | Experiment accession | Run accessi | File 1 | <u>File 1</u> | BA | M File 1 | BAM File 1 | |
| | | EDS262605 | EDV221264 | EDD259 | File 2 | File 2 | | | | |
| | 5555 SAMEA2242009 | LINS502005 | | LINKSSO | File 3 | File 3 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

But we'll just cheat.

Create new history

(cog) → Create New, name it Import:

Shared Data → Data Libraries

- → Wolbachia Example
 - → Reference (select all)
 - → Reads (select all)

Import to current history \rightarrow Go

http://bit.ly/SRR488253

NGS Data Quality Control

- FASTQ format
- Examine quality
- Trim/filter as we see fit

Quality Control is not sexy. It is vital.

What is **FASTQ**?

Specifies sequence (FASTA) and quality scores (PHRED)

@SEQ_ID

GATTTGGGGGTTCAAAGCAGTATCGATCAAATAGTAAATCCATTTGTTCAACTCACAGTTT +

!''*((((***+))%%%++)(%%%%).1***-+*''))**55CCF>>>>CCCCCC65

FASTQ is such a cool standard, there are 3 (or 5) of them!

| SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS | SSSSSSSSSS | SSSS | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | ***** | ***** | |
| | | IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII | | |
| | J JJJ | | IJJJJJJJJJJJJJJ | |
| LLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLL | LLLLLLLLL | LLLL | | |
| !"#\$%&'()*+,/0123456789:; | <=>?@ABCDE | FGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ | [\]^_`abcdefghijklmnop | qrstuvwxyz{ }~ |
| | | | | |
| 33 59 | 64 | 73 | 104 | 126 |
| 0 | | 40 | | |
| -5 | | 9 | 40 | |
| | 0 | 9 | 40 | |
| | 3 | 9 | 40 | |
| 0.2 | | 41 | | |
| | | | | |
| S - Sanger Phred+33, | raw reads | typically (0, 40) | | |
| X - Solexa Solexa+64, | raw reads | typically (-5, 40) | | |
| <pre>I - Illumina 1.3+ Phred+64,</pre> | raw reads | typically (0, 40) | | |
| J - Illumina 1.5+ Phred+64, | raw reads | typically (3, 40) | | |
| with 0=unused, 1=unused, | 2=Read Se | gment Quality Control | Indicator (bold) | |
| (Note: See discussion ab | ove). | | | |
| L - Illumina 1.8+ Phred+33, | raw reads | typically (0, 41) | | |

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FASTQ_format

FastQC: NGS Data Quality Assessment

NGS QC and Manipulation → FastQC

Gives you a lot of information but little control over how it is calculated or presented.

http://bit.ly/FastQCBoxPlot

FASTQ Groomer: FASTQ Translation

NGS QC and Manipulation → FASTQ Groomer

→ Input FASTQ: Illumina 1.3 - 1.7

→ Execute

Variant Calling: A General Plan

- Get to Galaxy
- Get data to look for SNPs in
- Align reads to reference
- Call Variants

Mapping

Two most (?) common choices: BWA and Bowtie(2) Both supported by many Galaxy instances I'll use Bowtie2

| - | Galaxy | |
|------------------|--|---|
| Т | ools | 1 |
| $\left(\right)$ | bowtie | 8 |
| N | GS: Mapping | |
| | <u>Bowtie2</u> is a short-read aligner | |
| | Map with Bowtie for Illumina | |
| | | |

Workflows

<u>All workflows</u>

But first a word about naming ...

... and tediousness

Chromosome?

chr?

ENA AE017196 AE017196.1 ???

GFF3: Chromosome \rightarrow chr

Text manipulation → Add column

Text manipulation → Cut

ENA AE017196 AE017196.1 ???

Reference: ENA AE017196 AE017196.1 \rightarrow chr

Get data \rightarrow Upload File \rightarrow Paste/Fetch data

Paste:

chr ENA|AE017196|AE017196.1 Wolbachia
endosymbiont of Drosophila melanogaster, complete
genome

Reference: ENA AE017196 AE017196.1 \rightarrow chr

Text manipulation

- Line/Word/Character count Count number of lines in sequence
- → Select last
 - Select the last *n*-1 lines.
- → Concatenate datasets
 - Concatenate the pasted sequence name with
 - the last n-1 lines of the reference sequence
- → Give the dataset a meaningful name

Bowtie2

From FASTQC Reads are 50-100 bp

From the SRA Sample Accession: average fragment size is ...? Is this library mate paired? \rightarrow Paired-end Minimum insert size $\rightarrow 0$ Maximum insert size \rightarrow 5000 ? **Reference Genome?** \rightarrow Use one from the history

Remove PCR duplicates

NGS: SAM Tools → rmdup

Find variation

NGS: Variant Analysis → Naive Variant Caller

Source for the reference list \rightarrow History Minimum number of reads to consider a REF/ALT

→ 20

Minimum base quality $\rightarrow 20$ Minimum mapping quality $\rightarrow 20$

Find variation

NGS: Variant Analysis → Naive Variant Caller

•••

 $\mathsf{Ploidy} \to \mathsf{1}$

Only write out positions with alternate alleles

Report counts by strand

Additional Filtering: VCFfilter

NGS: VCF Manipulation → VCFfilter

Which ones have enough evidence to be called? **Try several tests:** -f "DP > 20" Read depth is more than 20 -f "QUAL > 30" Phred score likelihood of variant -f "QUAL > 30" -f "DP > 20"

Filter on quality and read depth

VCF Filtering and Annotation w/ features

NGS: VCF Manipulation

VCFannotate

Add information about overlapping features

VCF-BEDintersect

Filter out variation that does not overlap with

a genomic feature.

Some Galaxy Terminology

Dataset:

Any input, output or intermediate set of data + metadata History:

A series of inputs, analysis steps, intermediate datasets, and outputs

Workflow:

A series of analysis steps Can be repeated with different data Wolbachia Variation *History* → Reusable *Workflow?*

If we are running 20 or 50 or 2000 of these experiments, we can create a workflow to rerun this entire analysis on each of those datasets.

Create a Workflow from a History

Extract Workflow from history

Create a workflow from this history. Edit it to make some things clearer.

 $(cog) \rightarrow Extract Workflow$

Run / test it Rerun with same inputs Did that work? When might this not work?

| History | C 0 | - |
|----------------------------------|---|----------|
| impc 33.3 | HISTORY LISTS Saved Histories Histories Shared with Me | IL COLOR |
| 22: C data FPKN | CURRENT HISTORY Create New Copy History | |
| 21: C data diffe | Copy Datasets Share or Publish Extract Workflow | |
| <u>20: C</u> data track | Dataset Security Resume Paused Jobs Collapse Expanded Datasets | |
| <u>19: C</u> data diffe | Include Deleted Datasets Include Hidden Datasets Unhide Hidden Datasets | |
| <u>18: C</u> data FPKN | Purge Deleted Datasets Show Structure Export to File | |
| <u>17: C</u> data diffe | Delete Delete Permanently OTHER ACTIONS | |
| <u>16: C</u> data tracking | Import from File | |

More Galaxy Terminology

Share:

Make something available to someone else Publish:

Make something available to everyone

Galaxy Page:

Analysis documentation within Galaxy; easy to embed any Galaxy object

Let's all share...

Sharing & Publishing enables Reproducibility

Reproducibility: Everybody talks about it, but ...

Galaxy aims to push the goal of reproducibility from the bench to the bioinformatics realm

All analysis in Galaxy is recorded without any extra effort from the user.

Histories, workflows, visualizations and *pages* can be shared with others or published to the world.

Sharing & Publishing enables Reproducibility

Go



Footnotes

[Supplemental material is available online at http://www.genome.org. All data and tools described in this manuscript can be downloaded or used directly at http://galaxyproject.org. Exact analyses and workflows used in this paper are available at http://usegalaxy.org/u/aun1/p/windshield-splatter.] 🗧 Galaxy

⊕ ♥

Using

Published Pages | aun1 | Windshield Splatter

Windshield splatter analysis with the Galaxy metagenomic pipeline: A live supplement

SERGEI KOSAKOVSKY POND^{1,2,*}, SAMIR WADHAWAN^{3,6*}, FRANCESCA CHIAROMONTE⁴, GURUPRASAD ANANDA^{1,3}, WEN-YU CHUNG^{1,3,7}, JAMES TAYLOR^{1,5}, ANTON NEKRUTENKO^{1,3} and THE GALAXY TEAM^{1*}

Correspondence should addressed to SKP, JT, or AN.

How to use this document

This document is a live copy of supplementary materials for <u>the manuscript</u>. It provides access to the **exact** analyses and workflows discussed in the paper, so you can play with them by re-running, changing parameters, or even applying them to your own data. Specifically, we provide the two histories and one workflow found below. You can view these items by clicking on their name to expand them. You can also import these items into your Galaxy workspace and start using them; click on the green plus to import an item. To import workflows you must <u>create a Galaxy account</u> (unless you already have one) – a hassle-free procedure where you are only asked for a username and password.

This is the Galaxy history detailing the comparison of our pipeline to MEGAN:



This is the Galaxy history showing a generic analysis of metagenomic data. (This corresponds to the "A complete metagenomic pipeline" section of the manuscript and Figure 3A):



Galaxy History | metagenomic analysis



Galaxy Workflow | metagenomic analysis
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.
 Generic workflow for performing a metagenomic analysis on NGS data.

Accessing the Data

Windshield Splatter datasets analyzed in this manuscript can be accessed through this Galaxy Library. From

http://usegalaxy.org/u/aun1/p/windshield-splatter





aun1

User 🕶

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All published pages Published pages by aun1

Rating

Community (6 ratings, 5.0 average)





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Outline

4:00 Introduction: The Galactic Landscape

- 4:10 Variant Analysis: A worked example
- 5:40 Variant Analysis: Other options
- 5:50 Galaxy: Resources and Community

6:10 Done

| 💳 Galaxy | 💳 Galaxy | 🔁 Galaxy | 💳 Galaxy |
|---|---|--|---|
| Tools | Tools | Tools | Tools |
| NGS: Variant Analysis BamLeftAlign indels in BAM datasets FreeBayes - Bayesian genetic variant detector Slice VCF to get data from selected regions MAF boxplot Minor Allele Frequency Boxplot Phylorelatives Relatedness of minor alelle sequences in NJ tree CloudMap: in silico complementation analysis on multiple tabular snpEff output files CloudMap: Variant Discovery | CloudMap: EMS Variant Density Mapping Map a mutation by linkage to regions of high mutation density using WGS dataVariant Annotator process variant countsVariant Annotator process variant countsFASTA from allele counts Generate major and minor allele sequences from alleles tableNaive Variant Caller – tabulate variable sites from BAM datasetsAnnotate a VCF dataset with custom filtersVarscan for variant detectionANNOVAR Annotate VCF with functional information using ANNOVAR | VcfAllelicPrimitives: Split alleleic primitives (gaps or mismatches) into multiple VCF lines VCFfilter: filter VCF data in a variety of attributes VCFrandomSample: Randomly sample sites from VCF dataset VCFgenotype-to-haplotype: Convert genotype-based phased alleles into haplotype alleles VCFcommonSamples: Output records belonging to samples commong between two datasets VCFselectsamples: Select samples from a VCF dataset VCFleftAlign: Left-align indels and complex variants in VCF | VCFannotateGenotypes: Annotate genotypes in a VCF dataset using genotypes from another VCF dataset VCFcheck: Verify that the reference allele matches the reference genome VCFsort: Sort VCF dataset by coordinate VCFgenotypes: Convert numerical representation of genotypes to allelic VCFhetHomAlleles: Count the number of heterozygotes and alleles, compute het/hom ratio VCF-BEDintersect: Intersect VCF and BED datasets |
| Mapping with WGS data Map a mutation using in silico bulk segregant linkage analysis using variants that are already present in the mutant strain of interest (rather than those introduced by a cross to a polymorphic strain). <u>CloudMap: Hawaiian Variant</u> <u>Mapping with WGS data</u> Map a mutation by plotting recombination frequencies resulting from crossing to a highly polymorphic strain | NGS: VCF Manipulation VCFfixup: Count the allele frequencies across alleles present in each record in the VCF file VCFprimers: Extract flanking sequences for each VCF record VCFcombine: Combine multiple VCF datasets VCFbreakCreateMulti: Break multiple alleles into multiple records, or combine overallpoing | VCFtoTab-delimited: VCF data into TAB-delimited formatVCF data into TAB-delimited formatVCFaddinfo: Adds info fields from the second dataset which are not present in the first datasetVCFannotate: VCFannotate: Intersect VCF records with BED annotationsVCF-VCFintersect: VCF datasets | VCFdistance: Calculate distance to the nearest variant snpEff CloudMap: Check snpEff Candidates Marks up a snpEff output file with matches to a gene candidate list. SnpSift Filter Filter variants using arbitrary expressions SnpEff Variant effect and annotation BEDTools |

VCFannotateGenotypes:

EMPOSS

alleles into a single record

CloudMap: EMS Variant Density

← → C ↑ https://toolshed.g2.bx.psu.edu

Galaxy Tool Shed

Repositories Help - User -

©,☆ / () f? <u>P</u> ≡

2857 valid tools on Dec 16, 2014

Search

- Search for valid tools
- <u>Search for workflows</u>

Valid Galaxy Utilities

- Tools
- <u>Custom datatypes</u>
- <u>Repository depend</u>
- Tool dependency
- **All Repositories**
- Browse by categor
- Available Actions
- Login to create a

<

Repositories by Category

search repository name, description

| rkflow | <u>vs</u> | <u>Name</u> | Description | | Repositories |
|---------------|----------------------|--|--|--------|--------------|
| ilities | | Assembly | Tools for working with assemblie | S | 36 |
| <u>ypes</u> | | <u>ChIP-seq</u> | Tools for analyzing and manipula ChIP-seq data. | ating | 10 |
| penc ncy (| Transcriptomics | Tools for use Transcriptom | in the study of ics. | 6 | |
| egor | Variant Analysis | Tools for single nucleotide polymorphism data such as WGA | | | 20 |
| ns :e a r | <u>Visualization</u> | Tools for visu | ualizing data | 39 | 38 5 |
| | | | | | |
| | | <u>Data Source</u> | Tools for retrieving data from ext data sources | ternal | 17 |
| | | Fasta Manipulation | Tools for manipulating fasta data | L | 42 |

Getting help on Variant Calling

- http://biostars.org/
- http://seqanswers.com/
- http://galaxyproject.org/search





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Galaxy Community Resources: Galaxy Biostar Tens of thousands of users leads to a lot of questions. Absolutely have to encourage community support. Project traditionally used mailing list Moved the user support list to Galaxy Biostar, an online forum, that uses the Biostar platform

> Want help? Get answers.



https://biostar.usegalaxy.org/

Galaxy Community Resources: Mailing Lists http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/MailingLists Galaxy-Dev

Questions about developing for and deploying Galaxy High volume (5200 posts in 2013, 900+ members) (3246 posts in 2014, 1000+ members)

Galaxy-Announce

Project announcements, low volume, moderated
Low volume (47 posts in 2013, 3400+ members)
(34 posts in 2014, 4400+ members)

Galaxy-User (discontinued 2014/05)

Questions about using Galaxy and usegalaxy.org High volume (1328 posts in 2013, 2600+ members) (358 posts in 2014, 2600+ members)

Unified Search: http://galaxyproject.org/search

💳 Galaxy Web Search

Google[™] Custom Search

Search

Search the entire set of Galaxy web sites and mailing lists using Google.

Run this search at Google.com (useful for bookmarking)

Want a different search?

Project home



http://wiki.galaxyproject.org

DaveClements Settings Logout |

FrontPage

💳 Galaxy Wiki



Galaxy is an open, web-based platform for *accessible*, *reproducible*, and *transparent* computational biomedical research.

- Accessible: Users without programming experience can easily specify parameters and run tools and workflows.
- Reproducible: Galaxy captures information so that any user can repeat and understand a complete computational analysis.
- Transparent: Users share and publish analyses via the web and create Pages, interactive, web-based documents that describe a complete analysis.

This is the Galaxy Community Wiki. It describes all things Galaxy.

Use Galaxy

Galaxy's public web server usegalaxy.org makes analysis tools, genomic data, tutorial demonstrations, persistent workspaces, and publication services available to any scientist. Extensive user documentation applicable to any public or local Galaxy instance is available.

-usegalaxy.org

Deploy Galaxy

Galaxy is a free and open source project available to all. Local Galaxy servers can be set up by downloading the Galaxy application.

- Admin
- Cloud

=getgalaxy.org

Community & Project

Galaxy has a large and active user community and many ways to get involved.

Community

Contribute

 Users: Share your histories, workflows, visualizations, data libraries, and Galaxy Pages, enabling others to use and learn from them.



Edit History Actions

Use Galaxy

Servers • Learn Share • Search

Communicate

Support • Biostar Events • Mailing Lists News S • Twitter

Deploy Galaxy

Get Galaxy • Cloud Admin • Tool Config Tool Shed • Search

Contribute

Develop • Tools **Issues & Requests** Logs • Deployments Teach

Galaxy Project

Home • About • Cite Community **Big Picture**

Events

News

| - Gala | xy Wiki | DaveClo | ements Settings Logout Search: Titles Text | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Events | | | Edit History Actions | | | | | |
| Galaxy Event Horizon | | | News Items Opening at McMaster University | | | | | |
| Events with | Galaxy-related content are listed here. | | | | | | | |
| Also Gala | see the Galaxy Events Google Calendar axy Community. This is also available as | for a listing of events and deadlines that are an RSS feed 🔊. | The McArthur Lab in the McMaster University Department of Biochemistry & Biomedical Sciences is seeking a Systems Administrator / Information Technologist to help establish a new bioinformatics laboratory at McMaster, plus develop the next generation of the Comprehensive Antibiotic Resistance Database (CARD). | ster | | | | |
| If you know send it to | of any event that should be added to thi outreach@glaxyproject.org. | s page and/or to the Galaxy Event Calendar, | From the job announcement on EvolDir: | 10 | | | | |
| For events prior to this year, see the Events Archive . | | | The candidate will configure BLADE and other hardware for general bioinformatics analysis, development of a GIT version control system construction of an in house Galaxy server (usegalaxy.org), and development of a new interface, stand-alone tools, APIs, and algor for the CARD (based on Chado). | n, orithms | | | | |
| VIRGINIA STATE Sup Agr | | Montpe | See the full announcement for details. Posted to the Galaxy News on 2014-12-05 | | | | | |
| T ENER. | | | December 2014 Galaxy Newsletter | | | | | |
| Date | Topic/Event | Venue/Location | As always there's a lot going on in the Galaxy this month. "Like what?" you say. Well, read the dang December Galaxy Newsletter we say! Highlights include: Galaxy Day! In Paris! This Wednesday! Near Richmond, Virginia? There's a Galaxy Workshop at Virginia State U on December 12. GCC2015 needs sponsors! | | | | | |
| December 12 | Introduction to Galaxy Workshop | Virginia State University, Petersburg, Virgin | | | | | | |
| December 16-19 | RNA-Seq and ChIP-Seq Analysis with Galaxy | UC Davis, California, United States | | | | | | |
| | | 2015 | Other upcoming events on two continents | | | | | |
| January 10-14 | Galaxy for SNP and Variant Data Analysis | Plant and Animal Genome XXIII (PAG2014), States | 96 new papers, including 6 highlighted papers, referencing, using, extending, and implementing Galaxy. Job openings at 7+ organizations A new mailing list: Galaxy-Training | | | | | |
| January 19-20 | NGS pipelines with Galaxy | e-Infrastructures for Massively Parallel Sequ Sweden | 15 new ToolShed repositories from 10 contributors And, 10 other juicy (well maybe not <i>juicy</i>, but certainly not <i>crunchy</i>) bits of news | | | | | |
| February 9-13 | Analyse bioinformatique de séquences sous Galaxy | Montpellier, France | Dave Clements and the crisp Galaxy Team | | | | | |
| | Accessible and Reproducible Large- Scale Analysis with Galaxy | Genome and Transcriptome Analysis, pa Conference, San Francisco, Cali | Posted to the Galaxy News on 2014-12-01 | | | | | |
| February 16-18 | Large-Scale NGS data Analysis on Amazon Web Services Using Globus Genomic | Genomics & Sequencing Data Integration, of Molecular Medicine Tri-Conference, Sa | Bioinformaticians, Freiburg | | | | | |
| | iPeport: An Integrative "omics" | States | Max Planck Institute of Immunobiology and Epigenetics in Freiburg, Germany has an opening for a Bioinformatician Max-Planck | Institute | | | | |
| | | | for an initial period of two years. The successful candidate will work at the interface between an in-house deep- sequencing facility (HiSeg-2500) and the various research groups at the institute. Main responsibilities include and Epigene | iology | | | | |





A Galaxy Server dedicated to ChIP-* analysis



ballaxy

Powered by the **Biochemical** Algorithms Library Project





deepTools









Processing Pipeline



More information can be found on the NeCTAR webite, and the project blog.





Welcome to the Metabiome Portal @ GMU

bit.ly/gxyServers

Community can create, vote and comment on issues



http://bit.ly/gxytrello



BALTIMORE, MD | JUNE 30 - JULY 2, 2014

Slides, posters & videos now online http://bit.ly/gcc2014







Galaxy Community Conference

6-8th July 2015

The Sainsbury Laboratory Norwich, UK

galaxyproject.org

Galaxy Australasia • • 20 1 Workshop • 4

We also support community organized efforts and events.



Galaxy Resources & Community: Videos



"How to" screencasts on using and deploying Galaxy

Talks from previous meetings.

http://vimeo.com/galaxyproject

Galaxy Resources & Community: CiteULike Group

Over

2000

papers

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Scaling the Project: Training



Galaxy Training Network launched In October. bit.ly/gxygtn

The Galaxy Team



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Galaxy is hiring post-docs and software engineers



Please help. http://wiki.galaxyproject.org/GalaxyIsHiring

Thanks



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